CITY OF KERRVILLE KERR COUNTY, TEXAS

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

AND

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

AIRPORT SEWER PROJECT 2004 (PHASE 3)

THIS DOCUMENT IS
RELEASED FOR THE
PURPOSE OF INTERIM
REVIEW UNDER THE
AUTHORITY OF CHARLES
P. HASTINGS, P.E. 87737
ON DECEMBER 7, 2004. IT IS
NOT TO BE USED FOR
BIDDING PURPOSES.

Charlie Hastings, P.E. City Engineer

Date: December 2004

Internet Copy

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

City of Kerrville Standard Specifications

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Section 060

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BID

Sealed bids for the **Airport Sewer Project 2004 (Phase 3)** will be received by the office of the city clerk, City Hall, 800 Junction Highway, Kerrville, Texas 78028 until 3:00 p.m. on **January 12, 2005** and will then be publicly opened and read aloud in Council Chambers at City Hall.

The date and time of opening the bids shall be clearly marked on the outside of the sealed envelope. No bids will be accepted after 3:00 p.m. on the date of bid opening.

The bidding documents, plans, specifications, etc. may be examined by all bidders at the engineering office at City Hall, 800 Junction Highway, Kerrville, Texas, 78028, 830-792-8312, or on the City's website www.kerrville.org and free copies (limit one per contractor) are available at the engineering office at City Hall.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check, cashier's check, or bid bond payable to the City of Kerrville, Texas, in the amount of ten percent (10%) of the amount bid as a guarantee that the contract and bond will be entered into within ten (10) days after the award is made.

A performance/payment bond in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the total contract price will be required.

No bidder may withdraw his bid within sixty (60) days after the actual date of the opening.

A non-mandatory pre-bid conference shall be held at 3:00 PM on January 5, 2005 in Meeting Room One at City Hall. All questions regarding this project shall be directed to the City Engineer.

Advertised: December 10, 2004

December 17, 2004

Pre-Bid Meeting: 3:00 PM, January 5, 2005

Bid Opening: 3:00 PM, January 12, 2005

Bid Award: January 19, 2005

Section 070

CITY OF KERRVILLE

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

This agreement made this day by and between the City of Kerrville, Texas, called "City," and the undersigned "Contractor" as follows:

1. THE WORK

The Contractor shall perform all the work as required by this contract for:

Construction of the **Airport Sewer Project 2004 (Phase 3)**, as detailed in Section 090 "Description of Work."

The following are incorporated herein:

- a. General Provisions
- b. Technical Specifications
- c. Addenda issued prior to receipt of Bid
- d Plans
- e. Instructions to Bidders
- f. Proposal

Some of such documents may not be physically attached hereto but are on file at City Hall, and copies may be obtained upon request.

2. TIME

Construction final completion shall be achieved no later than **June 30, 2005**. The project will not be considered complete until all improvements have been accepted and are operational and performing to its intended purpose. The Contractor's obligations to the project however, are not complete and retainage will not be released until all disturbed areas have been re-vegetated to the satisfaction of the city engineer.

3. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Liquidated damages are hereby established for work which is not substantially complete in the amount of <u>Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00)</u> per working day for each working day after the date established in the Notice to Proceed. The City may offset any such liquidated damages against any sums from time to time due by the City to Contractor.

The completion time assumes that fifteen percent of the working days are "bad weather days," days on which the work cannot proceed; therefore, the time for completion shall not be extended on account of bad weather until the said number of assumed "bad weather days" has been exceeded.

The time for completion shall not be extended except by written memorandum executed by the Contractor and the City Manager. Contractor shall make written application to the City not later than ten (10) days after the day, event, or cause claimed by Contractor to be a delay. Failure to make such written claim within such time shall result in a waiver by Contractor of an extension based on those particular days, events, or causes. If, for example, this contract assumes twenty (20) bad weather days and Contractor desired a one-day extension for the twenty-first day of rain, Contractor shall make a written claim not later than ten (10) days after the occurrence of such twenty-first day.

The said amount per day is not a penalty but an agreed amount of actual damages which are difficult to calculate. Such damages include loss of staff time, answering complaints by citizens who have been inconvenienced by the work, City Council time, loss of use, and other damages difficult to reasonably anticipate or calculate.

4. PAYMENTS

The City shall pay the Contractor ninety-five percent (95%) of the portion of Contract Sum properly allocable to labor, materials, and equipment incorporated in the Work and ninety-five percent (95%) of the portion of the Contract Sum properly allocable to materials and equipment suitably stored at the site or at some other location agreed upon in writing, less the aggregate of previous payments made by the City, and, upon substantial completion of the entire Work, a sum sufficient to increase the total payments to ninety-five percent (95%) of the Contract Sum. All retainages from progress payments shall be withheld without liability for interest. Upon acceptance, the City shall make payment to Contractor such that one hundred percent (100%) of the Contract Sum has been paid.

The City may choose to award a contract for the amount of the base bid plus no or any combination of additive alternates.

5. LIABILITY INDEMNITY

THE CONTRACTOR AGREES TO INDEMNIFY, DEFEND, AND HOLD HARMLESS THE CITY OF KERRVILLE, TEXAS, AND ALL OF THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICERS, AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES FROM ALL SUITS, ACTIONS, CLAIMS, DAMAGES, PERSONAL INJURIES, LOSSES, PROPERTY DAMAGES, AND EXPENSES OF ANY CHARACTER WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING ATTORNEY'S FEES BROUGHT FOR OR ON ACCOUNT OF ANY INJURIES OF DAMAGES RECEIVED OR SUSTAINED BY ANY PERSON OR PROPERTY ON ACCOUNT OF ANY NEGLIGENT ACT OF THE CONTRACTOR, THE CITY OF KERRVILLE, TEXAS, OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS. REPRESENTATIVES. OR SUBCONTRACTORS IN THE EXECUTION. SUPERVISION, AND OPERATIONS GROWING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF THIS AGREEMENT, WHETHER OR NOT THE ACT OR OMISSION OF THE CITY OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, OR AGENTS WAS THE SOLE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE INJURY OR DAMAGE OR A PROXIMATE CAUSE JOINTLY AND CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NEGLIGENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR OR ITS OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, CONTRACTORS, OR SUBCONTRACTORS, IN THE EXECUTION, SUPERVISION AND OPERATIONS GROWING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF THIS AGREEMENT

6. LIABILITY INSURANCE

TYPE OF INSURANCE

Prior to the commencement of any work and not later than fifteen (15) days following the execution of this contract, the Contractor shall furnish the City copies of paid-up policies (to the City Risk Manager/City Hall) providing Liability and Workman's Compensation Coverage as follows minimum limits):

	TITE OF HINDORGH VOE	DII.1112
a.	Workman's Compensation covering all	
	employees	Statutory
b.	Employer's Liability	\$ <u>100,000.00</u>
c.	Comprehensive General Liability	
	Bodily Injury & Property Damage (per occurrence)	<u>\$1,000,000.00</u>
	Aggregate	\$1,000,000.00
	(Premises/Operations Products/Completed Operations/Ind	ependent
	Contractors/Contractual Liability/Coverages may not be examplied if any exposure.	ccluded). XCU must be
d.	Business Automobile Liability covering owned vehicles, vehicles and employee non-ownership	rented and non-owned
	r - J	

Aggregate

Bodily Injury Property Damage (per occurrence)

\$<u>1,000,000.00</u> \$1,000,000.00

LIMITS

The Commercial General Liability and the Automobile Liability policies shall name the City of Kerrville, Texas, as additional insured and all policies shall provide for a waiver of subrogation in favor of the City of Kerrville. The policy and any renewal certificate shall provide that the City be notified thirty (30) days prior to cancellation or modification of any coverage. Language to the effect that the company will "Endeavor" or "Attempt" to so notify the City of Kerrville is not sufficient. Renewal certificates must be received by the City at least ten (10) days prior to any cancellation date. Policies will be in effect until final acceptance or cancellation of this contract, unless otherwise specified. The City may, at its sole option, terminate this agreement and file a claim on the Contractor's bid bond if the Contractor fails to deliver the required policies and certificates within 15 days after execution of this contract.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to insure that all Subcontractors comply with the same insurance requirements as the said Contractor.

7. CASUALTY INSURANCE

In the event the work includes structures or buildings susceptible to damage by fire, windstorm, or other casualty, then the Contractor before being authorized to begin work shall furnish the City a duplicate original of an insurance policy naming the City of Kerrville as an additionally insured. Such insurance shall insure both the City of Kerrville and Contractor, during the term of the work, against loss by fire, windstorm, vandalism, theft, or other casualty. Such policy shall be in the total amount of this contract.

8. QUALITY OF WORK

All work shall be of good workmanship. Contractor shall comply with all applicable City of Kerrville Codes as well as all applicable professional and technical standards. Materials shall be of first quality.

9. CHANGES AND EXTRAS

No change of this Contract, whether for additional work, additional compensation, or other, shall be effective unless prior thereto a written change order has been authorized by the City Council. Employees of the City do not have the authority to issue change orders.

10. ADDENDA

Contractor acknowledges the receipt of the following addenda:

1.	Dated:	Acknowledged by:
2.	Dated:	Acknowledged by:
3.	Dated:	Acknowledged by:
4.	Dated:	Acknowledged by:

11. CONTRACT SUM

Proposal: Contractor agrees to provide all labor, materials, and all incidentals necessary to complete "The Work" for the following Unit Prices:

ITEM NO.	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION OF ITEM	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1.	1	LS	Mobilization	\$	\$
2.	1	LS	Insurance and Bonds	\$	\$
3.	35	LF	8" PVC SDR-26 Sanitary Sewer 0-6' depth, complete in place	\$	\$
4.	1740	LF	8" PVC SDR-26 Sanitary Sewer 6-8' depth, complete in place	\$	\$
5.	180	LF	8" PVC SDR-26 Sanitary Sewer 8-10' depth, complete in place	\$	\$
6.	190	LF	8" PVC SDR-26 Sanitary Sewer 10- 12' depth, complete in place	\$	\$
7.	230	LF	8" PVC SDR-26 Sanitary Sewer 12-15' depth, complete in place	\$	\$
8.	7	EA	Fiberglass manhole per detail complete in place	\$	\$
9.	1	EA	Fiberglass manhole w/drop per detail complete in place	\$	\$
10.	3	EA	4" SCH 40 PVC sanitary sewer service w/2-way cleanout per detail, complete in place	\$	\$
11.	340	LF	280 ft of asphalt pavement repair per detail, 60 ft of concrete pavement repair, complete in place	\$	\$
12.	2375	LF	Trench Safety Systems	\$	\$
13.	1	LS	Erosion Control and Revegetation; contractor to provide erosion control plan, revegetation by drill seeding per spec book	\$	

ITEM NO.	APPROX. Quantity	UNIT	DESCRIPTION OF ITEM	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL AMOUNT
14.	1	LS	Laboratory and Field Testing per spec book	\$	\$
15.	1	LS	Construction contingency, to be used only as directed by City Engineer	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000
TOTA	AL BID		\$		
COMI	PLETED BY		DATE		

Sub-Contractors:

			WORK TO BE PERFORMED
1 2			
2			
(Attach additional she	ets if required)		
INSURANCE AGENTS			
NAME ADDRESS	PHONE	POLICY	
1			
2			
BONDING AGENTS			
NAME ADDRESS			
2.			
3			
Signed thisday of			
Attest:			Contractor
Secretary	BY:		
if bid by a Corporation)	Title		
SEAL	11116		
	Business Ad	ddress:	
	Phone:		
	Fax:		
	ACCEPTEI	O THIS	

	By:
	Ron Patterson, City Manager
	City of Kerrville, Texas.
ATTEST:	
Brenda G. Craig, City Clerk	
CITY SEAL	
	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
	City Attorney

Section 075

Payment Bond

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that
of
ofhereinafter called the CONTRACTOR (Principal), and
a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of , hereinafter called the SURETY, and authorized to transact business within the
State of Texas, as SURETY, are held and firmly bound unto THE CITY OF KERRVILLE, TEXAS, as OWNER (Obligee), in the sum of:
DOLLARS (\$), lawful money of the United States of America, for the payment of which, well and truly be made to the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR and the SURETY bind themselves and each of their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents as follows:
THE CONDITION OF THE ABOVE OBLIGATION IS SUCH THAT:
WHEREAS, the CONTRACTOR has executed and entered into a certain Contract hereto attached, with the OWNER, dated, 2005, for:
Airport Sewer Project 2004 (Phase 3)

NOW, THEREFORE, if the CONTRACTOR shall promptly make payment to all persons, firms, and corporations furnishing materials, labor, and services used directly or indirectly by the Contractor in the prosecution of the work, as provided in the Contract Documents, and shall pay the OWNER, all loss, damage, expense, costs, including attorneys fees which the OWNER may sustain by reason of failure or default on the part of CONTRACTOR, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full fore and effect.

PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that this BOND is executed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 2253 of the Texas Government Code, as amended and all liabilities of this Bond shall be determined in

accordance with the provisions of sa herein.	aid Chapter to the same extent as if it were copied at length
Venue for any disputes arising from of forth herein shall be in Kerr County,	or in any way related to the performance of the obligations se Texas.
day of, 20	e parties bounded together have executed this instrument this 005, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority
CONTRACTOR	
By	
Attest	
SURETY	
By	(Seal)
Attest	

ATTACH POWER OF ATTORNEY

Section 080

PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY	THESE PRESENTS, THAT	
of		called the CONTRACTOR (Principal), and
	a corporation	n duly organized and existing under and by
virtue of the laws of the	State of Texas, hereinafter calle	ed the SURETY, and authorized to transact
business within the Stat	e of Texas, as SURETY, are h	eld and firmly bound unto THE CITY OF
	as OWNER (Obligee), in the su	3
	DOLLARS (\$), lawful money of the United States of
America, for the paymen	at of which, well and truly be made	de to the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR and
the SURETY bind them	iselves and each of their heirs,	executors, administrators, successors, and
assigns, jointly and seve	rally, firmly by these presents a	is follows:
THE CONDITION OF	THE ABOVE OBLIGATION IS	S SUCH THAT:
WHEREAS the CONTI	RACTOR has executed and ente	ered into a certain Contract hereto attached,
	1, 2005, for:	sied into a certain conduct nerves attached,
	Airport Sewer Project 20	004 (Phase 3)

NOW, THEREFORE, if the CONTRACTOR shall in all things perform all the terms and conditions of the within and foregoing Contract as provided in the Contract Documents to be by such CONTRACTOR performed, and shall honor all claims for defective work made within ONE year after the completion and acceptance of the foregoing Contract, and shall pay the OWNER, all loss, damage, expense, costs, including attorneys fees which the OWNER may sustain by reason of failure or default on the part of CONTRACTOR, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that this Bond is executed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 2253 of the Texas Government Code as amended and all liabilities of this Bond shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of said Chapter to the same extent as if it were copied at length herein.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the SURETY, for value received, hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alterations, or addition to the terms of the Contract Documents or to the work to be performed thereunder, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration, or addition to the terms of the Contract Documents.

Venue for any dispution forth herein shall be	_		elated to the performance of the obligation	ıs set
	d and those pre		ded together have executed this instrument e name and corporate seal of each corporate d by its undersigned representative, pursua	
	CONTRA	ACTOR		
	By Its:		(Seal) (Title)	
Attest		<u>—</u>		
SURETY				
		(Seal)		
ByAttorney-in-	-Fact	(Dear)		

ATTACH POWER OF ATTORNEY

Section 090

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Following is a summary of work items included in the bid schedule:

Airport Sewer Project 2004: Construction of approximately 2375 linear feet of 8" PVC SDR-26 sanitary sewer from depths of 4 to 15 feet complete with fiberglass manholes and sanitary sewer services with double cleanouts. The sewer main is being extended through Airport property along Airport Loop Road. A geotechnical investigation revealed a stratum of Weathered Marl to Marl which will be tough to excavate and is considered rock excavation – the preferred method of excavation is with a rock saw. There is no separate pay item for rock excavation, the geotechnical report has been included in the appendix of this specification book to aid the contractor in determining approximate depths of the Marl stratum.

General Requirements Section 100

101 Residential Subdivision Sequence of Construction

Residential Subdivisions must follow a sequence of construction as noted by the City Engineer and outline below. Where variances are deemed necessary by the Developer's Engineer (Texas Licensed Professional Engineer) the request must be in written form to the City Engineer for consideration.

- A. Erosion Control devices installed per Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan. Erosion Control devices must be maintained during the entire course of construction.
- B. Drainage and Grading including all cut and fill for proposed streets must be installed first (drainage pipe, culverts, inlet boxes, channels, rip-rap, detention/retention ponds, etc.).
- C. Utilities installed after drainage and especially after cut and fill has been complete. Utilities include but are not limited to Water, Sewer, Electric, Cable, Telephone, and Gas. Revegetation begins immediately in areas of utilities installed out of the Right of Way.
- D. Utilities (including Storm Drainage Pipe) tested per Section 800 of Kerrville Standard Specifications of Subdivision Construction and subsequent repairs made.
- E. Pavement installed and revegetation of right of way. Pavement may not begin until all Utilities within the Right of Way are installed and complete (Water, Sewer, Electric, Cable, Telephone, and Gas).
- F. Utilities tested per Section 800 of Kerrville Standard Specifications of Subdivision Construction and subsequent repairs made.
- G. Record drawings (As-Built) submitted to City Engineer.
- H. Revegetation complete, Erosion Control devices removed.
- I. Final Walk Through, Punch List, Final Acceptance.

110 Responsibilities and Obligations

111 City of Kerrville

- 111.01 <u>Specification Deficiencies</u>: If omissions or ambiguities occur in these specifications, requirements of the Texas Department of Transportation and/or the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission shall govern that part of the work.
- 111.02 <u>Standard Products Lists (SPL)</u>: The City of Kerrville Standard Products Lists (SPL) is considered to form a part of these Specifications. Contractors may, when appropriate, elect to use products from the SPL; however, submittal to the Engineer is still required.

The SPL's should not be interpreted as being a pre-approved list of products necessarily meeting the requirements for a given construction project. Items contained in the SPL cannot be substituted for items shown on the Drawings, or called for in the specifications, or specified in the Bidding Requirements, Contract Forms and Conditions of Contract, unless approved by the Engineer

The Contractor shall submit descriptive information and evidence that the materials and equipment the Contractor proposes for incorporation in the Work is of the kind and quality that satisfies the specified functions and quality.

111.03 <u>Authority and Duties of Inspector</u>: Inspector will be authorized to inspect all work done and all materials furnished. Such inspection may extend to all or to any part of the work and to the preparation or manufacture of the materials to be used. An inspector will be assigned to the work by the City Engineer and will report to him the progress of the work and the manner in which it is being

performed; also to report whenever it appears that the materials furnished and the work performed by the Contractor fail to fulfill the requirements of the Construction Documents and to call the attention of the Contractor and the Owner to any obligation to perform the work in accordance with the requirements of the Construction Documents.

The Inspector will not be authorized to revoke, alter, enlarge, or release any requirement of the Construction Documents, nor to approve or accept any portion of work, or to issue instructions contrary to the Construction Documents. He will in no case act as foreman or perform other supervisory duties for the Contractor nor interfere with the management of the work. The inspector shall, however, have the authority to temporarily suspend work if deficiencies are discovered. Such suspension shall be followed by written notification to the Consulting Engineer/Owner and may be appealed to the City Engineer.

- 111.04 <u>Final Inspection:</u> Within five working days after the Owner has given the City Engineer written notice that the work has been substantially completed, the Inspector will review the work and schedule a final acceptance walk through.
- 111.05 <u>Acceptance by the City:</u> A meeting for final acceptance will be on the site and at a time mutually agreeable between the City Engineer and the Owner. The Inspector will also invite:
 - A. Contractors, as appropriate
 - B. Consulting Engineer
 - C. Water/Wastewater Utility Representative
 - D. Street Department Representative
 - E. City Of Kerrville Engineering Department
 - F. If the project involved A.D.A. requirements and T.D.L.R./Independent Contractor approved the plans the representative for T.D.L.R./Independent Contractor that reviewed the plans will be invited.

A final acceptance letter or a conditional acceptance letter will be provided by the City Engineer based on the results of the walk through.

112 Developers & Owners

- 112.01 Owner-Engineer Relationship: The owner shall specify his representatives for the work who will be responsible for all communications with the City. When the Construction Plans have been approved by the City Engineer and passed to the Construction Inspector, the work must not deviate from the signed Construction Documents. Field adjustments not affecting project integrity, cost of construction, time and consistent with intent of design may be approved by the Inspector. The office of the City Engineer must approve changes to Construction Drawings.
- 112.02 <u>Owners Duty and Superintendence</u>: The Owner shall insure that no work shall be done nor materials used without qualified supervision and inspection of work.

If the project is 5 acres or more in size, then the owner is required to have an EPA NPDES Permit issued by the EPA Region VI. A copy of the report and permit shall be on file with the City Of Kerrville Engineering Department. A copy of the permit shall be posted on the jobsite per EPA requirements.

If burning is allowed on the project, then a TNRCC burn permit and authorization from the City Of Kerrville Fire Marshall is required. The owners and/or the contractor must also comply with any Kerr County Burn Bans that are imposed due to weather conditions.

- 112.03 <u>Pre-construction Conference</u>: The Owner will distribute approved plans prior to convening a pre-construction Conference to start any construction. As a minimum, the conference shall consist of: introduction of all parties with exchange of phone numbers and addresses; discussion of start dates and schedule of events; Erosion and Sedimentation controls, traffic control, barricades, superintendence, and final acceptance guidelines and publishing and distribution of minutes. A minimum of two days notice of the conference will be given to:
 - A. Owners Representative
 - B. Consulting Engineer
 - C. Contractors for roads, drains, and utilities
 - D. City Engineer or Representative
 - E. Water/Wastewater Utility Director
 - F. Fire Department
 - G. Texas Department of Transportation, (if applicable)
- 112.04 <u>Substantial Completion</u>: Substantial completion shall be defined as the date that, in the opinion of the Owner or his Consulting Engineer, all work will be finished within 10 days.
- 112.05 <u>Guarantee Against Work</u>: Owner shall warrant the work for a period of one year from the date of the Letter of Final Acceptance of complete project. Said warranty shall bind Owner to correct any defects in materials, workmanship (including utility backfills), or design inadequacies, which may be discovered within said one year period. Owner shall correct or cause his Contractor to correct at his own expense, such defects within 30 days after receiving written notice of such defects from the City Engineer. Should Owner or his Contractor fail or refuse to correct such defects within the said 30 day period or to provide acceptable assurances that such work will be completed within a reasonable time thereafter, the City of Kerrville may correct any such defects at expense of Owner or his Contractor or his bond.

113 Engineers / Surveyors

113.01 <u>Construction Drawings:</u> Construction drawings shall meet all requirements of the City of Kerrville Standard Specifications and Subdivision ordinance, and must be approved by the office of the City Engineer.

All subdivisions are considered to be open to the public, this includes gated residential communities. All projects submitted for construction must be designed to adhere to the Texas Department of Licensing & Regulations – Architectural Barriers Act. Additional requirements are in this section under 120 of this chapter.

- 113.02 <u>Geotechnical Evaluation:</u> A geotechnical report including laboratory reports shall be submitted at the time of the construction drawings submittal to support the design submitted. This report shall include a geotechnical evaluation for any structures (i.e. Lift Stations, concrete foundations, etc.) and to support the street design.
- 113.03 <u>Drainage Report:</u> Drainage calculations are required for all culverts, low water crossing and drainage ditches.

A drainage report and storm water pollution prevention plan if required shall be submitted at the time of the construction drawings submittal to support the design.

113.04 <u>As-Built Drawings:</u> The Owner's Engineer must submit record drawings that have been signed, sealed, and dated by final acceptance of the project.

114 Laboratory

114.01 <u>Testing of Materials:</u> Unless otherwise specified, atterberg limits and soil moisture-density tests performed on the site to determine the quality of material to be incorporated into the project will be as directed by the Engineer. Frequency, time, locations, and procedures of tests will be coordinated and approved by the Inspector. This testing is to be accomplished by an independent laboratory. Payment for all testing will be the responsibility of the Contractor. Restoration or patching required due to testing shall be done at no expense to the City.

115 General Contractors / Sub Contractors

115.01 <u>Submittals</u>: Prior to the start of construction four copies of submittals are required for the project in bound folders. Allow five (5) workings days for Engineering to review the submittals. They will be reviewed by Engineering:

If approved: Two copies will be returned to the General Contractor stamped approved. If rejected: Four Copies will be returned to the General Contractor with a cover letter stating areas of concern.

Utility and Street Construction cannot start prior to approval of the submittals.

115.02 <u>Trench Safety System Plan</u> Submittal: Prior to, or at the Pre-Construction Conference, the Contractor shall submit to the City Of Kerrville a Trench Safety System Plan sealed by a registered Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Texas.

A Notice To Proceed with construction will not be issued by the City Of Kerrville until the Contractor has submitted a Trench Safety System Plan to the City Of Kerrville.

The Trench Safety System Plan at a minimum shall conform to OSHA standards for sloping of sides, utilization of trench boxes, and/or utilization of shoring, sheeting and bracing methods.

The Contractor's Competent Person(s) shall be responsible for the maintenance of a copy of appropriate OSHA regulations onsite and the implementation of OSHA trenching safety regulations at the work site. Trenching shall be completed to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings or as specified in various technical standard specification items requiring excavation and trenching and/or backfilling. The Contractor shall perform all trenching in a safe manner and shall maintain safety systems to prevent death or injury to personnel or damage to structures, utilities or property in or near excavation.

If evidence of possible cave-ins or earthen slides is apparent or an installed trench safety system is damaged, the work in trench shall immediately cease, personnel evacuated from hazardous area and the Owner notified. Personnel shall not be allowed to re-enter the excavation until necessary repairs or replacements are completed and are inspected and approved by the Contractor's Competent Person(s). Repair and replacement of damaged safety system shall be at the Contractor's sole expense.

115.03 <u>Water</u>, <u>Solid Waste and Electricity</u>: The Contractor shall make arrangements as may be required to bear all expenses for obtaining water, solid waste disposal, and temporary electric power. The contractor shall make all connections, furnish all necessary extensions, and remove same upon completion of the work.

The contractor shall establish an account with the City Of Kerrville landfill contractor prior to the start of the job, if solid waste is to be generated on the project. Construction debris and waste shall be

disposed of per TNRCC requirements. Depending on the project a roll-off may be required to contain the waste. Due to contracts requirements with the City Of Kerrville landfill contractor, the contractor shall pay all tipping fees for the project. This includes Capital Improvements Projects as well as private developments. All outstanding bills shall be paid prior to final acceptance of the project.

Any damage to City Of Kerrville property will be billed to the contractor. Any outstanding bills shall be paid prior to final acceptance of the project.

115.04 <u>State Sales Tax</u>: The Contractor shall be responsible for payment of all State Sales Taxes applicable to the materials used in the work. There shall be no separate payments for such taxes, it being intended that such taxes shall be included in the bid price for respective bid items for the work.

Contractors that contract with the City Of Kerrville and perform Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) for the City Of Kerrville will be issued a certificate that can be used to notify suppliers that no sales taxes are due for this project.

120 General Contract Requirements

121 General Requirements

The engineer on record for the project needs to determine what general requirements are required for the project. Private projects do not require all of the sections outlined in Section 122.

122 Special Requirements

122.01 <u>Bidding</u>: Expenditures of \$15,000 and over must be awarded by the city council based on the sealed bid process. Expenditures under \$15,000 may be awarded based on written quotes and may be approved by the city manager. All written contracts must be reviewed and approved by the city attorney.

122.02 <u>Advertising</u>: Any project subject to the sealed bidding process must be authorized for bidding by the city council and funds must be budgeted with a line item number. Bid documents must be available in the office of the City Secretary prior to authorization. After authorization the project must be advertised in the official newspaper of the city of Kerrville, a minimum of twice, with one week between notices.

122.03 <u>Bid Award</u>: Bids may be not be opened until 14 days after the first notice appears (not counting the day of advertising). A pre-bid conference will be scheduled during the week prior to opening of the bids. All bids received will be keep in the office of the City Secretary and will be opened by the purchasing agent of the city at the scheduled time and date.

122.04 Engineering: Any Public Works project must have plans, specifications and cost estimates prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer (P.E.) and must be constructed under supervision of a P.E., if the cost exceeds \$20,000 or if it requires structural, electrical or mechanical engineering and the cost exceeds \$8,000.

122.05 <u>Bonding</u>: Contracts for public works projects over \$25,000 must include a payment bond and contracts for projects over \$100,000 must include a performance and a payment bond. Both of these bonds must be in the total amount of the contract and must be solely for the protection of the city. As a matter of policy in Kerrville we do not execute contracts for over \$15,000 without both bonds. Contracts for construction of public works projects under \$15,000 may eliminate both of these bonds;

however the contract will exclude any payments prior to completion of the work and final payment must include an affidavit stating that all bills for materials and labor have been paid by the prime contractor.

122.06 <u>Insurance</u>: Workers Compensation covering all employees per the statutory requirement is required on all contracts. The following insurance is required on all contracts over \$15,000:

a. Employer's Liability \$100,000

b. Comprehensive General Liability and

Bodily Injury & Property Damage (per occurrence) \$1,000,000 Aggregate \$1,000,000

(Premises/Operations/Products/Completed Operations/Independent

Contractors/Contractual Liability/Coverages may not be excluded). XCU must be supplied if any exposure.

c. Business Automobile Liability covering owned vehicles, rented and non-owned vehicles and employee non-ownership Bodily Injury Property Damage (per occurrence) of \$1,000,000 with aggregate of \$1,000,000

122.07 <u>Americans with Disabilities Act</u>: All subdivisions are considered to be open to the public, this includes gated residential communities. All projects submitted for construction must be designed to adhere to the Texas Department of Licensing & Regulations Architectural Barriers Act. Diagonal Curb Ramps will not be accepted, ramps shall intersect the roadway section at right angles. Any ramps that cannot intersect the roadway at right angles require approval of the City Engineer.

The engineer on record must submit the plans and specifications where the estimated total construction cost of the project exceeds \$50,000 to the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation for approval prior to the Notice to Proceed is issued.

All capital projects constructed by the city which are open to public access must be designed to be ADA compliant. All new construction or reconstruction projects where the estimated cost exceeds \$50,000 must be submitted to the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation for approval prior to the start of construction by the engineer of record.

122.08 <u>Texas Antiquities Act</u>: Advance project review is required by the Texas Historical Commission if the Public Works construction project disturbs more than five acres of surface area or 5,000 cubic yards of earth, or if the project is inside a designated historical district or a recorded archeological site. If the THC determines that a survey is not required, no further action is necessary. If a survey is required it must be completed before construction begins and must conform to their guidelines for archeological surveys.

122.09 EPA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination (NPDES): Projects which disturb over 5 acres must comply with NPDES requirements. These require that a plan be prepared by a Professional Engineer and be included in the bid documents. A Notice of Intent (NOI) as part of an EPA - NPDES general permit must be submitted to EPA by the contractor or owner, at least 48 hours prior to the start of construction. A Notice of Termination (NOT) must be prepared upon completion of the conditions specified in the SW3P and submitted to EPA.

122.10 <u>Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P)</u>: Plans and specifications for all projects located in TxDOT right of way and all projects which disturb over 5 acres, are required to include a plan to mitigate storm water pollution. Other city capital projects may include this plan if deemed necessary to prevent surface water pollution. This SW3P will be part of the work which is performed by the contractor. As a minimum the SW3P must include:

Site description.

Control measures to be performed by the contractor.

Any permanent storm water management measures.

Procedures for maintenance of erosion control measures.

Description of inspection procedures.

- 122.11 TNRCC Approvals: Plans and specification must be filed for record with TNRCC Water Quality Division, for all wastewater collection system extensions, but no approval will be issued by TNRCC. All water distribution system extensions which constitute a significant change (10 % or more) must be submitted to the Plan Review Team of TNRCC and approved prior to construction. All improvements other than maintenance of existing facilities at the water or wastewater treatment plants must be submitted to and approved by TNRCC (Water Quality Division), prior to bidding. All plans which include work on public water or wastewater systems must conform to the TNRCC requirements for water and wastewater systems.
- 122.12 Wetlands: Any project which disturbs (cut/fill) land that is below the plane of ordinary high water of a stream or area that is considered "waters of the United States", will be required to submit a 404 permit. In most cases of city of Kerrville public works projects, this will be a US Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit #14.
- 122.13 <u>Minority/DBE Participation</u>: The city of Kerrville has adopted a DBE program as a requirement of several DOT with the terms of that grant applications and every capital project must comply program. The DBE program director will compile and make available a list of DBE contractors and the bidding process should incorporate procedures whereby bidders, agree to make "reasonable efforts" to meet the stated <u>goal</u> of the city for DBE participation (10%).
- 122.14 <u>Prevailing Wage Requirements</u>: The *Davis-Bacon Act*, as amended, requires that each contract over \$2,000 to which the United States is a party for the construction, alteration, or repair of public buildings or public works shall contain a clause setting forth the minimum wages to be paid to various classes of laborers and mechanics employed under the contract. Under the provisions of the Act, contractors or their subcontractors are to pay workers employed directly upon the site of the work no less than the locally prevailing wages and fringe benefits paid on projects of a similar character. In addition to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, Congress has added prevailing wage provisions to approximately 60 statutes which assist construction projects through grants, loans, loan guarantees, and insurance.

In general for city of Kerrville projects this act does not apply; however if we are utilizing grant monies from state agencies or if there is TxDOT participation in the form of federal pass through monies, then the grant documents will include a requirement for the city to comply with these provisions. Where we are required to comply we include a provision in the specifications that requires the contractor to pay the prevailing wages as determined by Texas Department of Commerce for this area. In addition we are required to request a copy of this "wage determination" within ten days of the bid opening and to make this a part of the contract documents.

122.15 <u>Texas Antiquities Act</u>: Advance project review is required by the Texas Historical Commission if public infrastructure disturbs more than five (5) acres of surface area or five thousand (5000) cubic yards of earth, or if the project is inside a designated historical district or a recorded archeological site. If the THC determines that a survey is not required, no further action is necessary. If a survey is required it must be complete before construction begins and must conform to their guidelines for archeological surveys.

122.16 <u>City Of Kerrville Planning & Zoning</u>: The engineer on record for the project needs to determine what planning and zoning ordinances are required for the project. If the project would require any waivers or variances that need to be acted upon then they need to be submitted to the City Of Kerrville Construction Development Department.

123 Instruction to Bidders

123.01 Examination of Contract Documents: Before submitting a bid, the bidder shall examine carefully the proposal, plans, specifications, special provisions and the form of contract to be entered into for the work contemplated. The submission of a bid shall constitute an acknowledgment that the bidder has thoroughly examined and is familiar with the contract documents. The failure or neglect of a bidder to receive or examine any of the contract documents shall in no way relieve him from any obligations with respect to his bid or to the contract. No claim for extra or additional compensation will be allowed based upon a lack of knowledge of any contract document, and the owner will in no case be responsible for any loss or for unanticipated cost that may be suffered by the Contractor as a result of conditions pertaining to the work.

123.02 <u>Quantities Are Approximate</u>: The quantities named in the proposal or separately listed are approximate only, but these are to be used as a basis for the comparison of proposals and to determine the amount of the bonds. If, however, unit prices (where used) appear to the Owner to be unbalanced to such an extent that changes in actual quantities required under the contract might result in contract price adjustments which would increase payments to the Contractor excessively, then the Owner may take such a condition under consideration in making the award of the contract.

123.03 Examination of Site and Conditions: Before making a proposal, the bidder shall examine the site of the work and ascertain for himself all physical conditions in relation thereto. Failure to take this precaution shall not release him from his obligation as implied by the proposal he submits nor excuse him from performing the work in strict accordance with the requirements of the contract documents.

No statement made by any officer, agent, or employee of the Owner pertaining to the site of the work or the conditions under which the work must be performed will be binding on the Owner.

123.04 <u>Addenda and Interpretations of Documents</u>: No interpretations of the contract documents or other pre-bid documents will be made to any bidder orally. Every request for such interpretation shall be submitted in writing, addressed to the City Engineer and in order to receive consideration shall be received at least five days prior to the date fixed for opening of bids. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written addenda to the specifications, which, if issued, will be mailed or otherwise delivered to each prospective bidder. Failure of any bidder to receive any such addendum shall not relieve such bidder from any obligation under his bid as submitted. All addenda issued shall become a part of the contract documents.

123.05 <u>Qualification of Bidders</u>: The owner desires that this project be built by a contractor who is competent and adequately financed. The Owner may request the bidder to submit a written statement to show experience in construction work of this character as an indication of qualifications and business standing. If required, the bidder may make his statement in such form as may seem appropriate. Such statement must be notarized. Failure to comply with this request may cause rejection of the bid.

123.06 Execution of Contract: The bidder, as part of the bid, shall execute the City of Kerrville Construction Contract and fill in all blanks.

123.07 Preparation of the Bid: Bids must be submitted by filling in with ink (or typing) each and every

blank provided for such purpose in the form headed City of Kerrville Construction Contract (Proposal); or if the bidder is required to provide a special form appropriate to the nature of his bid, then such form shall be complete in all respects as required by the contract documents if it is to merit consideration by the Owner. When indicated, all blank spaces shall be filled in with words and figures. Written amounts shall take precedence where there is a conflict between the written and the figure. If the proposal is made by a partnership, it should contain the name of each partner and should be signed in the firm name followed by the signature of a partner or that of a person duly authorized to act for and on behalf of such partnership. If made by a corporation, the bid form should be signed with the name of the corporation and the state in which incorporated followed by the written signature of the qualified officer and the designation of the office he holds in the corporation in whose behalf the bid is submitted shall be given. The bidder shall comply with all other specific requirements of the bid form.

123.08 <u>Alteration of Documents Prohibited</u>: Except as may be provided otherwise herein, bids which are incomplete, are conditioned in any way, contain unverified erasures or alterations, or include items which are not named in the bid form or which are unlawful may be rejected.

123.09 <u>Submission of Bid</u>: Each bid shall be completely sealed in a package addressed as required by the official advertisement and marked with the name of the bidder and the title of the project and must be delivered to City Hall at or before the time named in the advertisement. If forwarded by mail, the sealed envelope containing the bid form shall be enclosed in another envelope addressed to the City Clerk, 800 Junction Highway, Kerrville, Texas 78028 "BID ENCLOSED".

123.10 <u>Modification of a Bid</u>: A change in a bid already delivered will be permitted only if a request for the privilege of making such modification is made in writing signed by the bidder and the specific modification itself is stated prior to the scheduled closing time for the receipt of bids. To be effective, every modification must be made in writing over the signature of the bidder, and no other procedure will be acceptable.

123.11 <u>Listing of Subcontractors</u>: If the Contractor proposes to sublet any of the work, he shall list the name of the subcontractor(s) in the space provided in the bid form. Should the bid form not provide space for the listing of the names for proposed subcontractor(s), the Contractor shall provide such a list to accompany his bid. Failure to include this information in his proposal could constitute cause for rejection of any and all requests for subcontracting any portion of the work.

123.12 <u>Bid Security</u>: Each bid form must be accompanied by cash, certified check of the bidder, or a bid bond duly executed by the bidder as principal and having as surety thereon a surety company approved by the Owner in the amount of Ten (10) percent of the bid, unless applicable law requires less. Such cash checks, or bid bonds will be returned promptly after execution of the contract or, if no award has been made within sixty days after the date of the opening of bids, upon demand of the bidder at any time thereafter, so long as he had not been notified of the acceptance bid.

The successful bidder, upon his failure or refusal to execute and deliver the bonds required within ten days after he has received notice of the acceptance of his bid, shall forfeit to the Owner as liquidated damages for such failure or refusal the security deposited with his bid.

The Attorney-in-fact who signs the bid bonds or contract bonds must file with each bond a certified and effectively dated copy of his power of attorney.

123.13 Withdrawal of Bid: A bid may be withdrawn at any time prior to the scheduled closing time for filing the bids. This may be done by the bidder in person or upon his written request. A telephone request for withdrawal of a bid will not be recognized. If withdrawal is made personally, a written

acknowledgment thereof will be required. After the scheduled closing time for filing the bids, no bidder will be permitted to withdraw his bid unless no award of contract has been made prior to the expiration of sixty days immediately following the date when the bids are opened. Bids received after the scheduled closing time will be returned to the bidder unopened.

- 123.14 Opening of Bids: All bids received prior to the scheduled closing time and which are not withdrawn as above provided will be publicly opened and read aloud, even though there may be irregularities or informalities therein.
- 123.15 <u>Affidavit of Noncollusion</u>: The Owner reserves the right to require that any bidder before being awarded a contract shall execute a noncollusion affidavit in such form as will satisfy the Owner that the bid offered is genuine, is not a sham or collusive, and in no respect or degree is made in the interest or on behalf of any person, firm, or corporation not named in the form containing such bid.
- 123.16 <u>Pre-Bid Conference</u>: A pre-bid conference between the City of Kerrville, prospective bidder, suppliers, etc., will be held at City Hall, 800 Junction Hwy., Meeting Room No. 1, to make certain the scope of work is fully understood and to answer any questions. No addendum will be issued at this meeting, but subsequent thereto, if necessary to clear up any questions an addendum will be issued. After this meeting, the contractors will have the opportunity of viewing the work sites and the test pits provided by the city.
- 123.17 <u>Inspection of Site</u>: The bidder shall examine the site of work and satisfy himself as to the conditions which will be encountered relating to the character, quality and quantity of work to be performed and materials to be furnished.

Any borings, soil profiles and water elevations shown on the plans were obtained for use of the City of Kerrville in the preparation of plans and the bidder is hereby cautioned regarding the accuracy of these data. The bidder, in preparing his proposal, shall take cognizance of the difficulty of accurately classifying material encountered in making foundation investigations, the possible erosion of stream channels and banks after survey data have been obtained and the reliability of water elevations other than for the date recorded.

- 123.18 <u>Safe Return of Bid Information</u>: "Good Condition" shall require that no markings, missing pages, erasures, etc., be present on or within Contract Documents, Technical Specifications or Plans to obtain the refund of deposit. Refund shall be made through the accounting department and may take approximately two weeks.
- 123.19 <u>Supplemental Pay Items</u>: These items are included to facilitate payment for changes and alterations that may be required to complete work. The actual work as provided by the General Conditions of the agreement and Technical SPECIFICATIONS and shown on Plans. When work covered by Supplemental Items or required by the Engineer, payment will be based on the quantity actually constructed and unit Prices Bid in Proposal.
- 123.20 Working Day: A working day is defined as a calendar day, not including Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays of the City of Kerrville, in which weather or others conditions not under the control of the Contractor will permit the performance of the principal unit of work underway for a continuous period of not less than 7 hours between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m. For every Saturday or legal holiday except the following holidays:

January 1^{st} , the last Monday in May, July 4^{th} , the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday in November and December 25^{th}

on which the Contractor chooses to work, one day will be charged against the contract working time when weather conditions will permit 7 hours of work as delineated above and the contractor shall pay inspection fees of \$35/hour to the City of Kerrville. The principal unit of work shall be that unit which controls the completion time of the contract. Work on Sunday and on the six legal holidays listed above will not be permitted except in cases of extreme emergency or when the safety of the Contractor's forces and/or the traveling public would be significantly improved, and then only with the written permission of the Engineer. If Sunday work or work on the six legal holidays listed above is permitted, working time will be charged on the same basis as weekdays.

124 Award and Execution of Contract

124.01 <u>Consideration of Bids</u>: For the purpose of award, after the proposals are opened and read, the summation of the products of the approximate quantities shown in the proposal and the unit prices bid will be considered the amount of the bid. The summations will then be compared and the results made available to the public. Until the award of the contract is made, the City of Kerrville reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive such technicalities as may be considered to be in the best interest of the City.

In determining the amount of the bid as well as computing amount due for payment of each item under the contract, the City of Kerrville reserves the right to round off all unit bids involving fractional parts of a cent to the nearest one-tenth cent.

124.02 <u>Award of the Contract</u>: Within sixty calendar days after the opening of the bids, the Owner will award the contract or reject all bids. Formal acceptance of the bids can be made only by the City of Kerrville. It reserves the right to reject any or all bids, to solely determine the best and lowest bid, and to waive any informalities.

124.03 Execution of Contract, Bonds and Certificates of Insurance: Within 15 days after written notification of award of the contract, the bidder shall execute and furnish to the City of Kerrville: (1) contract, (2) performance bond and payment bond, with powers of attorney attached, each in the full amount of the contract price, executed by a surety company or surety companies authorized to execute surety bonds under and in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, and (3) Certificate of Insurance showing coverages in accordance with contract requirements.

124.04 <u>Beginning of Work</u>: The Contractor shall not begin work until authorized by the City of Kerrville in writing to do so. Authorization notification will be by Notice to Proceed.

125 Scope of Work

125.01 <u>Claims and Disputes</u>: In the event that the Contractor requests additional compensation for work not clearly covered in the contract, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of his intention to make a claim for additional compensation before beginning such work, once he has knowledge, or during the initial stages of such work. An assessment of damages is not required to be a part of this notice but is desirable. If such notice is not given and the Engineer is not provided an opportunity to keep an accurate account of the actual cost of the work in question, then the Contractor waives his right to file a claim for such work, unless the circumstances are such that the Contractor could not reasonably have knowledge of the additional cost prior to the performance of the work. Notice of claim by the Contractor and the documentation of the cost of the work by the Engineer shall not be construed as proof or substantiation of the validity of said claim.

125.02 <u>Final Clean Up</u>: Upon completion of the work and before acceptance and final payment is made, the Contractor shall clean, remove rubbish and temporary structures from the highway, restore in an acceptable manner all property which has been damaged during the prosecution of the work and

leave the site of the work in a neat and presentable condition throughout.

Upon the completion of any structure, all excess materials, cofferdams, construction buildings, temporary structures and debris resulting from construction shall be removed. Where work is in a stream, all debris shall be removed to the ground line of the bed of the stream and the stream channels and street/highway left unobstructed and in a neat and presentable condition. All structures shall be cleaned to the flow line or the elevation of the outfall channel, whichever is higher.

125.03 Removal of Contractor's Equipment and Materials: It is understood and agreed that the Contractor is to promptly remove from the project right-of-way and other property owned or controlled by the Owner all equipment and material that he places thereon that is not to become the property of the Owner. It is further understood and agreed that any such equipment and material of all kinds that is not removed as herein provided within thirty (30) days after the date upon which all work to be done under the contract is completed and accepted by the Owner or within such longer time as may be agreed upon in writing between the Owner and the Contractor shall become the property of the Owner and may be used or otherwise disposed of by the Owner without obligation to the Contractor or to any party to whom he may transfer title.

126 Control of Work

126.01 <u>Conformity with Plans, Specifications and Special Provisions</u>: All work performed and all materials furnished shall be in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, cross sections, dimensions, details, gradations, physical and chemical characteristics of materials in accordance with tolerances shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and special provisions.

In the event the Engineer finds that the work performed or the materials used are not within reasonably close conformity with the plans, specifications and special provisions, the affected material or product shall be removed and replaced or otherwise satisfactorily corrected by and at the expense of the Contractor.

Any deviations from the plans and approved work drawings will be made only with the approval of the Engineer.

126.02 <u>Coordination of Plans, Specifications and Special Provisions</u>: The specifications accompanying plans, special provisions and addendums are essential parts of the contract and a requirement occurring in one is as binding as though occurring in all. They are intended to be cooperative and to describe and provide for a complete work. In cases of disagreement, figured dimensions shall govern over scaled dimensions, plans shall govern over standard and special specifications, and special provisions shall govern over both standard and special specifications and plans.

126.03 <u>Cooperation of Contractor</u>: The Contractor shall have one copy of the plans and specifications available on the project at all times. He shall give the work his constant attention to facilitate the progress thereof and shall cooperate with the Engineer and his representatives in every way possible. The Superintendent shall be cooperative, responsible and competent, English speaking, authorized to receive orders and to act for the Contractor. The Superintendent will be available at all times. In the event a competent superintendent is not available, the Engineer may suspend work until one is available.

126.04 <u>Deviation from the Plans and Specifications</u>: No deviation from the requirements of the plans and specifications will be permitted without the express, written approval of the Engineer. The Contractor shall prepare and/or assemble a detailed description of each proposed deviation from the

plans and specifications. The description of each proposed deviation shall include, but not be limited to, drawings indicating horizontal and vertical details of all structural, mechanical and electrical elements of the proposed deviation, manufacturer's detailed performance and construction data for all equipment, detailed descriptive specifications of all piping and valves and all other data, information and plans as requested by the Engineer. The copies of the description of each proposed deviation shall be submitted to the Engineer for review.

All deviations from the plans and specifications shall conform to the original defined and implied intent of the plans and specifications.

The Contractor shall be responsible for and assume all costs of all elements of approved deviations including, but not limited to design, preparation of plans, procurement of materials and equipment, construction, installation and instigation of service. If the completed improvements of each deviation do not fulfill, provide, and meet the defined and implied intent of the plans and specifications, the Contractor shall provide labor, materials and equipment as required to modify the work to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

126.05 <u>Interpretation of the Contract Documents</u>: The apparent silence of the specifications and plans as to any detail or the apparent omission from them of a detailed description concerning any point shall be regarded as meaning that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only first-quality material and good workmanship are to be used.

The Contractor shall take no advantage of any errors or omissions in the specifications and plans or of any discrepancies in or between them and where such errors, omissions or discrepancies occur, the Contractor will be governed by the apparent intent of the specifications and plans and by orders of the Engineer. Work performed by the Contractor as a result of an error or omission in the plans and specifications when such error or omission is not called to the attention of the Engineer shall be at the Contractor's risk.

126.06 Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and Submittals: After checking and verifying all field measurements, the Contractor shall approve in writing and submit with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the work or in the work of the Owner or any separate contractor, all shop drawings, product data and samples required to be reviewed or tested by the Engineer.

By approving and submitting shop drawings, product data and samples, the Contractor represents that he has determined and verified all materials, field measurements, and field construction criteria related thereto and that he has submittals with the requirements of the work and of the contract documents and that he is satisfied they conform to the contract documents.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract documents, the Contractor shall submit one reproducible copy and six prints of each shop drawing, four copies of product data sheets and two samples.

All required shop drawings, product data and samples shall be furnished to the Engineer for his review and any required testing before any of the work or related work is performed. Products or material ordered prior to the Engineer's review and completion of any testing will be at Contractor's risk.

The Engineer will review all shop drawings, product data and samples and conduct such tests in less than fourteen (14) calendar days after receipt.

All shop drawings and product data shall be made in such a manner that clear and legible reproductions can be made from them. Any shop drawings, product data or samples submitted for review which are, in the Engineer's opinion, carelessly prepared, erroneous, or unchecked will be

returned to the Contractor for redrawing, checking and resubmitting.

Where contents of submitted literature from manufacturers includes data not pertinent to the submittal, the Contractor shall clearly indicate which portion of the contents is being submitted for the Engineer's review.

The Contractor shall direct specific attention in writing on resubmitted shop drawings, product data, or samples to revisions other than those requested by Engineer on previous submittals.

The Contractor shall direct specific attention in writing to each deviation from the contract documents and state any trades, dimensions, functions, or other aspects of the work that will be affected by the proposed change. It is understood that any deviation will be made at no additional cost to the Owner and there will be no extension of the contract time for such deviation.

The Contractor is responsible for the design of any construction changes resulting from any such deviation, for dimensions which shall be confirmed and coordinated at the job site, for fabrication processes and techniques of construction, for coordination of the work with that of all trades and for complete installation which will function as originally specified.

The Engineer will, upon completion of the review, return one copy of all shop drawings, product data, and one sample to the Contractor, and the Contractor will maintain them together with other submittals and the contract documents in good order and available to the Engineer and his representatives at the construction site.

The contract sum shall include the cost of furnishing all shop drawings, product data, and samples, and the Contractor will be allowed no extra compensation for such drawings, product data, or samples.

The review by the Engineer of any shop drawings, product data, samples or other submittals is only for conformance with the general design concept of the project and does not extend to consideration of structural integrity, safety, detailed compliance with contract requirements or any other obligation of the Contractor. Any action shown is subject to the requirements of the plans and specifications. The Contractor is responsible for confirming and correlating all dimensions, fabricating and construction techniques, coordinating his work with that of all other trades, and the satisfactory performance of his entire work in strict accordance with the contract documents. The review is undertaken solely to satisfy the Engineer's obligations to the Owner and does not relieve the Contractor from his obligation to fully perform all contract requirements, nor shall such review give rise to any right of action or suit in favor of the Contractor or third persons against the Engineer or the Owner.

126.07 Quality of Equipment and Materials: In order to establish standards of quality, the Engineer may have referred in detailed specifications to certain products by name and catalog number. This procedure is not to be construed as eliminating from competition other products of equal or better quality by other manufacturers. The word "or approved equal" shall be considered following all such listings regardless of whether they so appear.

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer the complete list of proposed desired substitutions in sufficient time prior to their use to give the Engineer adequate time for his review, together with such engineering and catalog data as the Engineer may require. Failure on the part of the Contractor to supply data to the Engineer prior to ordering or using such alternate material or equipment will not relieve the Contractor of furnishing acceptable material or equipment as required by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall abide by the Engineer's judgement when proposed substitute materials or items of equipment are judged to be unacceptable and shall furnish the specified material or item of equipment

in such cases. All proposals for substitutions shall be submitted in writing by the Contractor and not by individual trades or material suppliers. The Engineer will review proposed substitutions within a reasonable time after submission and no substitutions shall be used unless the substitution is accepted in writing.

Any review or acceptance of substitution does not relieve the Contractor from his obligation to fully perform all contract requirements, nor does it give rise to any right of action or suit by Contractor or third persons against Owner or Engineer.

126.08 <u>Specifications by Standard Designation</u>: Whenever practicable, specifications will be made herein by designating certain published "standards" of recognized organizations. Standards will be indicated by the full name of the sponsoring organization or by clearly recognized abbreviations and designation number. In all cases, it shall be understood that such references mean the designated specifications or the latest revision thereof.

126.09 <u>Cooperation with other Contractors</u>: The Contractor shall conduct his operations so as to interfere as little as possible with those of other contractors or subcontractors on or near the work. It is expressly understood that the Owner has the right and may award other contracts in connection with the work so long as it does not unreasonably interfere with the work under this contract.

Where one contractor's operations are within the limits or adjoin the operations of another contractor, each shall be responsible to the other for any damage, injury, loss or expense which may be suffered on account of interference of operations, neglect, or failure to finish work at the proper time or of any other cause.

126.10 <u>Information Regarding Work</u>: The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer every reasonable facility necessary for obtaining such information as he may desire regarding the nature and quality of materials to be used and the progress and manner of the work.

The Engineer shall be allowed access at all times to the books and records of the Contractor, and the Contractor shall furnish him all data necessary for the determination of the actual cost of all or any part of the work.

126.11 <u>Notice to Contractors</u>: Any written notice to the Contractor which may be required by law or by the provisions of the contract documents may be served on the Contractor or his representative, either personally or by mailing to the address given in the contract or by leaving it at such address.

126.12 <u>Notice by Contractors</u>: Wherever in the contract documents the Contractor is required to notify the Engineer for any reason, it shall be understood that such notification is to be made in writing, delivered to the Engineer or his representative in person, or mailed to the office of the Engineer at the address given in the "Notice to Proceed."

126.13 <u>Surveys</u>: The Engineer shall furnish the Contractor with available benchmark and horizontal control data, principal lines, grades, and measurements necessary for the proper prosecution of the work unless otherwise specified in the Technical Specifications or Construction Plans. From benchmarks and horizontal control data furnished by Engineer, the Contractor shall stake out work, establish elevations, and assume responsibility for correctness of installation as to location and grade.

During the prosecution of the work, the Contractor shall make all necessary measurements to prevent misfitting and shall be responsible for the accurate construction of the work.

126.14 <u>Inspection</u>: The Engineer or his representatives shall be allowed access to all parts of the work at all times and shall be furnished every reasonable facility for ascertaining whether the work as performed is in accordance with the requirements and intent of the plans and specifications. The Contractor shall cut and replace with new materials at his own expense such samples as are customarily required for testing purposes. If the Engineer requests it, the Contractor shall at any time before acceptance of the work, remove or uncover such portions of the finished work as may be directed. After examination, the Contractor shall restore the work to the standard required by the specifications. Should the work thus exposed or examined prove acceptable, the uncovering or removing and the replacing of the covering or the making good of parts removed shall be at the Owner's expense. Owner will in any event retain all samples required for the inspection.

126.15 <u>Unauthorized and Defective Work</u>: Any defective work, whether the result of poor workmanship, use of defective materials, damage through carelessness, or any other cause found to exist during construction or after final acceptance, shall be removed immediately and replaced by work and materials which shall conform to the contract documents or shall be remedied otherwise in an acceptable manner authorized by the Engineer. These provisions shall have full effect regardless of the fact that the defective work may have been done or the defective materials used with the full knowledge of the inspector. The fact that the owner may have previously overlooked such defective work shall not constitute an acceptance of any part of it. Work done contrary to or regardless of the instructions of the Engineer, work done beyond the requirements of the contract documents or any extra or additional work done without authority will be considered as unauthorized and will not be paid for by the Owner. Work so done may be ordered removed or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

126.16 Non-Waiver: No act or omission by Owner shall constitute waiver or estoppel of Owner's right to enforce any provision of this Contract.

126.17 <u>Remedies Cumulative</u>: No provision hereof is in lieu of any warranty implied by law. No provision hereof is in lieu of any remedy provided by law. All warranties and remedies are cumulative, and resort to one by Owner shall not be an election over others.

126.18 <u>Final Inspection</u>: Unless otherwise required, the Engineer shall make final inspection of the work included in the contract within a reasonable time after written notification by the Contractor that the work is completed. If the work is approved by the Engineer after inspection, he shall advise the Contractor that the work is completed. If the work is not approved by the Engineer after inspection, he shall advise the Contractor as to the particular defects to be remedied before final approval and recommendation for acceptance can be made to the Owner.

127 Control of Materials

127.01 <u>Materials</u>: Only materials conforming with the contract documents shall be used in the work. Materials which for any reason become unsuitable for use shall be rejected and not used.

127.02 <u>Test of Materials</u>: All tests of materials shall be made in accordance with approved methods as described and designated in the technical specifications. When tests of materials are required, such test shall be made by a testing laboratory approved by the Engineer and at the expense of the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide such facilities as may be required for collecting and forwarding samples and shall hold materials represented by the samples until tests have been made and the materials found equal to the requirements of the specifications.

In the absence of any definite specification or reference to a specification in the technical provisions or in the special provisions for the particular project involved, it shall be understood that such materials and tests shall meet the specifications and requirements of the American Society for Testing Materials. Unless otherwise specified, all tests of materials shall be made in accordance with the methods prescribed by the American Society for Testing Materials.

Upon completion of laboratory testing of materials as specified above, the results of the tests made therein shall be used as a basis for acceptance or rejection in accordance with the specifications for the particular material. Contractor will retain all materials tested.

127.03 <u>Storage of Materials</u>: Materials shall be stored in such manner as to insure the preservation of their quality and fitness for use. Suitable sheds, platforms, and covers shall be provided when necessary to protect materials and the materials shall be stored in such manner as to facilitate inspection.

127.04 <u>Defective Materials</u>: All materials not conforming to the requirements of the contract documents shall be considered as defective. Upon failure on the part of the Contractor to remove, repair, or replace defective material when so ordered by the Engineer, the Owner shall have authority to remove, repair, or replace such defective material and to deduct all costs so incurred from any monies due or to become due the Contractor. Defective material not permitted for use shall be immediately removed from the site or disposed of as directed by the Engineer.

127.05 Ordering Materials: The Contractor is cautioned against placing orders for full quantities of materials until the work has advanced to a state permitting the determination of the exact quantities required. Estimates of quantities of materials furnished by the Engineer are understood to be approximate only and unless otherwise specified, the Owner will in no way be responsible for any materials in excess of actual requirements. The Owner will not be responsible for any increased costs or extra expense that the Contractor may have on account of materials or work not being ordered at some earlier date.

127.06 Materials and Equipment Furnished by Owner: Only materials and equipment specifically indicated in the contract documents shall be furnished by the Owner. The fact that the Owner is to furnish materials or equipment is conclusive evidence of its acceptability for the purpose intended and the Contractor may continue to use it until otherwise directed. Unless otherwise noted or specifically stated, materials or equipment furnished by the Owner which are not of local origin are considered to be f.o.b. the nearest freight station. The Contractor shall be prepared to unload and properly protect all such materials and equipment from damage or loss. Contractor will examine the materials or equipment immediately after delivery or upon commencement of Contractor's performance, whichever is later, and advise Owner of any defects. Failure of the Contractor to so examine or advise Owner of any defects will relieve Owner of any responsibility for defects. The Contractor shall be responsible

for material or equipment loss or damage after receipt at the point of delivery.

127.07 <u>Manufacturer Directions</u>: Manufactured articles, material, and equipment shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned, and conditioned as directed by the manufacturer and must be approved by the Engineer as required by the technical provisions.

128 Prosecution and Progress

128.01 <u>Prosecution of Work</u>: From the time of commencement of the work to the time of completion, the work shall be prosecuted as vigorously and as continuously as possible and always in accordance with a schedule which will insure completion within the specified time limit. There shall be no voluntary shutdown or slowing of operations without prior approval of the Engineer.

If it appears to the Engineer that the rate of progress being made is not such as will insure the completion of the work within the specified time limit, it shall be within the authority of Owner upon notification by Engineer to require Contractor to provide additional equipment and men to take such other steps as may be necessary to insure completion as specified.

128.02 <u>Subletting or Assignment of Contract</u>: The Contractor agrees not to assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of the contract or his right, title, or interest, therein either in whole or in part, or his power to execute such contract to any other person, firm, or corporation, or to subcontract any part of the work without the previous consent in writing of the Owner.

It is understood and agreed that if any part of the work to be done under the contract is subcontracted, the subcontracting shall be done in accordance with, and the Contractor shall be bound by, the following provisions.

All subcontracts shall be in writing and shall provide that all work to be performed thereunder shall be conducted and performed in accordance with the terms of the prime contract. Upon request, certified copies of any or all subcontracts shall be furnished to the Engineer.

In case the work being done or to be done under any subcontract is not conducted in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer, Contractor shall upon written notice to this effect cause such subcontractor to be terminated and the subcontractor and his employees to be removed from the work. Any loss or damage that may be suffered on account of such action shall be borne by the Contractor.

The Contractor agrees that he is as fully responsible to Owner for the acts and omissions of his subcontractors and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them as he is for acts and omissions of his own employees. Nothing contained in the contract documents shall create any contractual relation between any subcontractor and the Owner.

Insofar as is practical, the Contractor shall make payment for subcontract work in the same units and on the same basis of measurement as apply under the prime contract. The Owner will not be responsible for loss resulting from Contractor's failure to do so. In making payments to subcontractor, Contractor shall protect himself against possibility of overpayment, and he shall assume such losses as may result from overpayment.

The subcontracting of any or all of the work to be done will in no way relieve Contractor of any part of his responsibility under the contract. The Contractor shall have on the work at all times a qualified and capable superintendent whose duty shall be to direct and coordinate the operations of the subcontractors and to make certain orders of the Engineer are compiled with. Failure of Contractor to

control the work of the subcontractors to the satisfaction of the Engineer will result in the issuance of orders requiring the cancellation of the subcontractors and removal of the subcontractors from the work.

128.03 <u>Limitations of Operation</u>: Operations of the various units or portions of the work shall begin at the times and locations approved by the Engineer and shall be prosecuted between such limits as he may establish. No part of the work shall be undertaken without his approval, and no work shall be carried on contrary to his instructions.

In case of a dispute arising between two or more Contractors engaged on the same work as to the respective rights of each under the specifications, the Engineer shall determine the matters at issue and shall define the respective rights of the various interests involved in order to secure the completion of all parts of the work in general harmony and with satisfactory results, and his decision shall be final and binding on all parties concerned.

128.04 <u>Utilities</u>: The Contractor, at his expense, shall provide electricity, power, heat, oil, gas and other utilities necessary to perform the work, unless otherwise stated by the Engineer.

128.05 <u>Use of Premises</u>: The Contractor shall confine his apparatus, the storage of materials and the operations of his workmen to limits indicated by law, ordinances, permits or directions of the Engineer and shall not unreasonably encumber the premises with his materials.

The Contractor shall not load or permit any part of a structure which he is constructing under this contract to be loaded with a weight that will endanger its safety, and he shall not use any such structure for any purpose except as provided in the contract documents.

128.06 <u>Protection of Work and Property</u>: The Contractor shall continuously maintain adequate protection of all his work from damage and shall protect the Owner's property from injury or loss arising in connection with this contract. He shall adequately protect adjacent property as provided by law and these contract documents.

The Contractor shall erect and properly maintain at all times, as required by the conditions and progress of the work, all necessary safeguards for the protection of workmen and the public and shall post danger signs warning against the hazards created by such features of construction as protruding nails, hoists, well holes, elevator hatchways, scaffolding, window openings, stairways and falling materials; and he shall designate a responsible member of his organization whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. The name and position of the person so designated shall be reported to the Engineer by the Contractor.

In an emergency affecting the safety of life or of the work or of adjoining property, the Contractor, without special instruction or authorization from the Engineer or Owner, is hereby permitted to act, at his discretion, to prevent such threatened loss or injury and he shall so act without appeal if so instructed or authorized. Any compensation claimed by Contractor on account of emergency work shall be determined by negotiation or as a claim for extra compensation.

128.07 Workmen and Equipment: The Contractor shall employ only competent and efficient laborers, mechanics, or artisans, and whenever in the opinion of the Engineer any employee is or becomes unsatisfactory for the work assigned to the employee the Contractor shall upon request of the Engineer remove him from the work and not employ him again upon it.

The methods, equipment and appliances used and the quantity and quality of the personnel employed on the work shall be such as will produce a satisfactory quality of work and shall be adequate to complete the contract within the time limit specified.

128.08 <u>Time of Completion of Work</u>: At the Engineers request, Contractor shall, before commencing any work, prepare and furnish an estimated progress schedule for the entire project.

128.09 Termination of Contract by Owner: If the Contractor should be adjudged bankrupt or if he should make a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors or if a receiver should be appointed on account of his insolvency or if he should persistently or repeatedly refuse or should fail to supply enough properly skilled workmen or proper materials for the efficient prosecution of the project or if he should fail to make prompt payment to subcontractors or for material or persistently disregard the laws, ordinances, or the instructions of the Engineer, or otherwise fail to comply with any provision of the contract, then the Owner, upon the certificate of the Engineer that, in his opinion, sufficient cause exists to justify such action, may without prejudice to any other right or remedy and after giving the Contractor and his surety seven (7) days written notice, terminate the Contractor and take possession of the premises, or any part thereof, and of all materials, tools, equipment, machinery, and appliances thereon and finish the work, or any part thereof, by whatever method it may deem expedient.

Neither by the taking over of all or any portion of the work nor by its completion in accordance with the terms of this provision shall the Owner forfeit its right to recover damages from Contractor or from Contractor's surety for failure to complete or for delay in such completion. Should the expense incurred by Owner in taking over and completing any or all of the work, including without limitation any additional administrative or engineering expense, be less than the sum that would have become payable under this agreement if the work had been completed by the Contractor, then Contractor shall be entitled to the difference with no interest, and should such expense exceed the said sum, then Contractor and Contractor's surety shall be liable to the Owner for the amount of such excess. Upon the taking over of the work by Owner as herein provided for, no further payment will be made to Contractor until the work is completed, and any monies due or that may become due contractor under this agreement may be withheld and applied by Owner to payments for labor, materials, supplies and equipment used in the prosecution of the work, and/or for the payment or rental charges on equipment used therein, or to the payment of any excess cost to Owner incurred in completing the work. The election by owner to take over any of the work shall not constitute Owner's sole remedy, but rather Owner reserves all other remedies at law or in equity upon default or breach of contract.

The Contractor and its surety shall likewise be liable for any expenses incurred by Owner in assisting Contractor to complete the contract.

128.10 <u>Right of the Owner to Do Work</u>: If Contractor should neglect to prosecute the work properly or fail to perform any provision of the contract, Owner after three (3) days written notice to Contractor may without prejudice to any other remedy it may have, make good such deficiencies and deduct the cost thereof from the payment then or thereafter due Contractor.

128.11 Contractor's Right to Stop Work or Terminate Contract: If Engineer should fail to issue any certification for a legitimate payment within ten (10) days after it is due or if Owner should fail to pay Contractor within forty-five (45) days of its presentation any sum certified by the Engineer and approved by Owner, Contractor may upon seven (7) days written notice to Owner and Engineer stop work or terminate this contract and recover from Owner payment for all work executed and any loss sustained upon any parts or materials and reasonable profit.

128.12 Owner's Right to Terminate Contract: The Owner reserves the right to terminate this contract for any such reason in its discretion considered to be in the public interest or if it is suspended by an order of any public agency. In the event of such termination, the amount to be paid to Contractor shall be determined by contract price in the case of any fully completed

separate item or portion of the work for which there is a separate or unit price and, in respect to any other work, a percentage of the contract price equal to the percentage of the work completed as determined by Engineer.

128.13 <u>Venue and Attorney's Fee</u>: In the event there is any dispute between the parties arising out of this agreement, venue shall be determined in Kerr County, Texas.

128.14 <u>Temporary Suspension of Work</u>: The Engineer will have authority to suspend the work, wholly or in part, for such period as he may consider necessary, and the "Time Change" will be suspended during such period. Notice of such suspension with the reasons there will be given the Contractor in writing.

129 Measurement and Payment

129.01 <u>Methods of Measurement and Computation</u>: All work completed under the contract shall be measured by Engineer according to United States standard measures.

The methods of measurement and computation to be used in the determination of the quantities of materials furnished and the quantities of work performed under the contract shall be the methods outlined in the contract documents or by those methods generally recognized as good engineering practice which in the opinion of Engineer give the greatest accuracy consistent with practicable application.

129.02 <u>Scope of Payment</u>: The Contractor shall accept the compensation as herein provided in full payment for furnishing all materials, labor, tools and equipment and for performing all work under the contract, and for all loss, damage, or liability arising from any unforeseen difficulties which may be encountered during the prosecution of the work until its final acceptance by Owner.

129.03 <u>Payment Retainage</u>: Five Percent (5%) retainage will be withheld from each payment request. All retainage will be paid at completion and acceptance of the project.

129.04 <u>Payment for Materials on Omitted Items</u>: Acceptable materials ordered by Contractor or delivered on the work prior to the date of cancellation or suspension of the work by order of Owner shall be purchased from the Contractor by Owner at actual cost and thereupon become the property of the Owner.

129.05 <u>Progress Payments</u>: At a regular period each month, Engineer shall make an estimate of the amount of work completed and of the value of such completed work based on a request submitted by the Contractor. He shall also make an estimate of the amount and value of acceptable material to be incorporated in the completed work which has been delivered and properly stored at or near the site or at an acceptable location to the Engineer. With these estimates as a base, a progress payment shall be made to Contractor.

The Engineer may withhold, or on account of subsequently discovered evidence, nullify the whole or part of any payment certificate to such extent as may be deemed necessary to protect Owner from loss on account of:

- a. Defective work not remedied.
- b. Claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of claims.

- c. Failure of Contractor to make payments properly to subcontractors or for materials or labor.
 - d. A reasonable doubt in the opinion of the Engineer that the contract can be completed for the balance then unpaid.
 - e. Damage to another Contractor.
 - f. Reasonable indication that the work will not be completed within contract time.
 - g. Unsatisfactory prosecution of the work by Contractor.
- h. Failure of Contractor to comply with any other order of Engineer made in accordance with the contract documents.

In the event the amount due Contractor under estimate for any given month is less than five hundred (\$500.00), no payment need be made by Owner for that month.

Progress payments shall not be construed as an acceptance or approval of any part of the work covered thereby, and shall in no manner relieve Contractor of responsibility for defective workmanship or material.

The estimates upon which progress payments are based are not represented to be accurate estimates, and all quantities shown therein are subject to correction in the final estimate. If Contractor uses such estimates as a basis for making payments to subcontractors, he does so at his own risk and he shall bear all loss that may result.

The making of progress payments under the contract either before or after the date set for completion of the work shall not operate to invalidate any of the provisions of the contract or to release the surety.

At the time payment is made for any materials which have been stored at or near the site, the ownership of such materials shall be vested in Owner, and they shall remain in storage until used on the work. Such materials shall not be used on other work. The risk of damage or loss of materials due to disappearances, theft, casualty, or other, shall be upon the Contractor.

129.06 <u>Advances on Materials</u>: For materials delivered and held in storage at the site with the prior approval of Engineer (or near the site of the work if approved by Engineer), allowances may be made in the progress payments to Contractor. No allowance shall be made upon fuels, supplies, form lumber, framework or other materials, or on temporary structures of any kind which will not become an integral part of the finished construction.

As a basis for determining the amount of advances on materials, the Contractor shall make available to Engineer such invoices, freight bills, and other information concerning the materials in question as Engineer may request. Should there be reasonable evidence in the opinion of Engineer that Contractor is not making prompt payments for material on hand, allowances for material on hand will be omitted from progress payments.

129.07 <u>Allowances for Materials Left on Hand</u>: Materials not required by the unit or lump sum contract but delivered to work at the order of Engineer but left unused due to changes in plans, will, if the materials are not practicable returnable for credit, be purchased from Contractor by Owner at actual cost (without percentage allowance and profit) and shall thereupon become the

property of Owner.

129.08 <u>Final Estimate</u>: As soon as the complete project has passed inspection by the Engineer, he will so notify Owner and Contractor in writing. The Engineer will then prepare the final estimate and recommend acceptance. Upon acceptance of the completed project and the final estimate by Owner, Contractor will be paid an amount such as will make the total payments equal to the final total contract price less the retained percentage. This payment will be made at the same time in the month and in the same manner as provided for monthly estimates.

The Contractor will be entitled to payment of the retainage thirty (30) days after acceptance of the work. The Owner may retain such sums as necessary for all incomplete or defective work or unsettled claims of owner or third parties against Contractor. As a condition of payment, Owner may require sufficient evidence that all indebtedness of Contractor connected with the work has been paid and may require releases on waivers or liens in a form satisfactory to Owner from all parties performing the work.

129.09 <u>Guarantee and Correction of Work After Final Payment</u>: Neither the final certificate nor payment nor any provision in the contract documents shall relieve the Contractor of responsibility for faulty materials or workmanship.

129.10 <u>Payments</u>: Payments under the contract shall be paid by check by Owner unless otherwise provided by the contract documents.

129.11 <u>Certificate of Compliance</u>: No final payment of the retained percentage shall be made until Contractor files with Owner following acceptance of the work a Certification of Compliance in form substantially as follows:

I (we) hereby certify that all work has been performed and materials supplied in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract documents for the above work and that:

- a. There have been no unauthorized substitutions of subcontractors, and no subcontracts been entered into without the names of the subcontractors having been submitted to the Engineer prior to the start of such subcontracted work.
- b. No subcontract was assigned or transferred or performed by any subcontractor other than the original subcontractor without prior notice having been submitted to Engineer together with the names of all subcontractors.
- c. All claims for material and labor and other service performed in connection with these specifications have been paid.

129.12 <u>Savings</u>: To the best knowledge and belief of the parties, this agreement contains no provision that is contrary to any law or to any ruling or regulation of a federal or state agency. Should any provision of this agreement at any time be in conflict with any such law, ruling or regulation, then such provision shall continue in effect only to the extent that it remains valid. In the event any provision of this agreement become thus inoperative, the remaining provisions of this agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect.

130 Technical Specifications

131 General Information

131.01 <u>References</u>: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS are of the abbreviated, simplified, or streamlined type and include incomplete sentences. The omission of words or phrases such as "Contractor shall", "in conformity therewith", "shall be", "as noted on PLANS", "according to PLANS", "a", "an", "the", and "all", are intentional. Omitted words or phrases shall be supplied by inference in same matter as they are when a "note" occurs on PLANS.

The TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS are interpreted to require that Contractor shall provide all items, articles, materials, operation or methods listed, mentioned, or scheduled either on PLANS or specified herein, or both, including all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary and required for their completion.

Whenever the words "approved", "satisfactory", "designated", "submitted", "observed", or similar words or phrases are used, it shall be assumed that the word "Engineer" follows the verb as the object of the clause, such as "approved by Engineer".

All references to standard TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS or manufacturer's installation directions shall mean the latest edition thereof.

Reference to technical society, organization, or body is made in TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS in accordance with following abbreviations:

AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
ACI	American Concrete Institute
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
ANSI	American National Standards Institute (Formerly ASA)
API	American Petroleum Institute
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWS	American Welding Society
AWWA	American Waterworks Association
FS	Federal Specifications
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IPCEA	Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association
NEC	National Electric Code
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
NSF	National Sanitation Foundation
PCA	Portland Cement Association
PCI	Prestressed Concrete Institute
PTI	Post-Tensioning Institute
SSPC	Steel Structures Painting Council
TNRCC	Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission
UL	Underwriters' Laboratories

Some TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION items cover construction requirements and materials in

comprehensive manner, and only pertinent portions of these items apply.

131.02 <u>Lands for Work:</u> Owner provides, as indicated on PLANS, land upon which work is to be done, rights-of-way for access to same, and such other lands which are designated for use of Contractor. Contractor provides, at his expense and without liability of Owner, any additional land and access thereto that may be required for his construction operations, temporary construction facilities, or for storage of materials.

131.03 <u>Lines and Grades:</u> From bench marks and horizontal control references established by Engineer, the Contractor shall stake out work, establish elevations, and assume responsibility for correctness of installation as to location and grade.

Engineer will set stakes one time only. Contractor must satisfy himself, before commencing work, as to meaning and correctness of all stakes or marks, and no claim will be entertained for or on account of any alleged inaccuracies, or for alterations subsequently rendered necessary on account of such alleged inaccuracies, unless Contractor notifies Engineer in writing before commencing to work thereon.

Contractor is to protect stakes and pay all costs involved in any re-staking.

131.04 <u>Utility Services for Construction</u>: Contractor will provide all utilities necessary for construction at no additional cost to Owner unless otherwise specified in preceding Special Provision.

131.05 <u>Materials Testing:</u> Contractor provides for tests of materials unless otherwise specified. Notify Engineer prior to manufacture or fabrication of items so that observation may be accomplished and furnish field samples of materials for testing.

131.06 <u>Variations Due to Equipment:</u> Foundations, structural supports, electrical work, and piping shown on PLANS for items of equipment may be changed if necessary to accommodate equipment furnished. Every effort has been made to design foundations, structural supports, electrical work, and piping so that no changes will be necessary; however, exact dimensions and size of subject foundations and structural supports and exact electrical and piping installations cannot be finally determined until various items of equipment are purchased and manufacturer's certified shop drawings are secured. Make required changes, after prior consultation with Engineer, at no cost to Owner.

If substitute items of equipment are authorized which vary materially from those shown on PLANS, prepare equipment data and detailed drawings covering necessary modifications and submit to Engineer for approval Make drawings same size as Contract PLANS and of comparable quality. Make payment of charges resulting from modifications, including engineering charges for checking modifications.

131.07 <u>Alternate Designs:</u> If alternate design features are proposed for convenience of Contractor, submit design calculations an detail drawings covering proposed changes and related modifications of Contract PLANS to Engineer for review. Make drawings same size as Contract PLANS and of comparable quality. Make payment of charges resulting from modifications, including engineering charges for checking such designs.

131.08 <u>Shop Drawings:</u> Furnish Engineer six copies of shop and erection drawings, schedules, and data sheets covering items of construction and equipment listed below:

1. Structural and miscellaneous steel and steel tanks.

- 2. Architectural products.
- 3. Reinforcing steel.
- 4. Prestressed reinforced concrete members.
- 5. Fiberglass wet wells for lift stations, etc.
- 6. Mechanical equipment, including valves and sluice gates.
- 7. Electrical equipment, including instruments.
- 8. Special items, as directed.

Contractor will check and approve shop drawings for compliance with requirements of Contract and will so certify by stamp on each drawing prior to submittal to Engineer. Any drawings submitted without Contractor's stamp of approval will not be considered and will be returned to him for proper submission.

Engineer will pass promptly upon drawings submitted, noting necessary corrections or revisions. If Engineer rejects drawings, resubmit corrected drawings until drawings are acceptable to Engineer as being in conformance with design concept of project and for compliance with information given in the Contract Documents. Such procedure shall not be considered cause for delay. Acceptance of drawings by Engineer does not relieve Contractor of any requirements of terms of Contract.

131.09 Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Operation and maintenance manuals are to be provided where required by Specification Item.

Contractor to be responsible for obtaining installation, operation, and maintenance manuals from manufacturers and suppliers for equipment furnished under the contract. Submit three copies of each complete manual to the Engineer within 90 days after approval of shop drawings, product data, and samples, and not later than the date of shipment of each item of equipment to the project site or storage location.

Operations and maintenance manuals specified hereinafter are in addition to any operation, maintenance, or installation instructions required by the Contractor to install, test, and start up equipment.

Each manual to be bound in a folder and labeled to identify the contents and project to which it applies.

The manual to contain the following:

- 1. An 8 1/2-inch x 11-inch typewritten sheet listing the manufacturer's identification, including order number, model, and serial number and location of parts and service centers.
- 2. A separate 8 1/2-inch x 11-inch typewritten list of recommended stock of parts, including part number and quantity.

- 3. Complete replacement parts list.
- 4. Performance data and rating tables.
- 5. Specific instructions for installation, operation, adjustment, and maintenance.
- 131.10 <u>Cost Breakdown:</u> Within 15 days after execution of Contract, submit, in acceptable form, schedule showing subdivision of Contract into various items of permanent construction, stating quantities and prices, as basis for computing value to Owner of permanent usable parts of facility to be paid for on monthly estimates. No payment will be made to Contractor until such schedule has been submitted and approved.
- 131.11 <u>Progress Schedule:</u> Within 15 days after execution of Contract, submit in acceptable form, anticipated progress schedule covering work to be performed.
- 131.12 <u>Guarantees</u>: Guarantee work, including equipment installed, to be free from defects due to faulty workmanship or materials for period of one year from date of issue of Certificate of Acceptance. Upon notice from Owner, repair defects in all construction which develop during specified period at no cost to Owner. Neither final acceptance nor final payment nor any provision in Contract Documents relieves Contractor of above guarantee. Notice to observed defects will be given with reasonable promptness. Failure to repair or replace defect upon notice entitles Owner to repair or replace, same and recover reasonable cost thereof from Contractor and/or his Surety.
- 131.13 <u>Site Maintenance and Clean-up:</u> Maintain sites of work during construction to keep them reasonably neat and free of trash, rubbish, and other debris. In clean-up operations, remove from sites of work and from public and private property, temporary structures, rubbish, and waste materials. Dispose of excavated materials beyond that needed to bring site to elevations shown. During final clean-up, any road constructed by Contractor for access to construction site to be leveled and ruts filled so that natural surface drainage is not hindered.
- 131.14 <u>Materials and Equipment:</u> Incorporate into work only new materials and equipment of domestic manufacture unless otherwise designate. Store these materials and equipment in manner to protect them from damages. Manner of protection subject to specific approval of Engineer. Pipe, fittings, equipment, and other serviceable materials found on site of work, or dismantled by reason of construction, remain property of Owner. Remove and deliver materials to Owner at designated points. Pay, at prevailing market price, for usable materials that are damaged through negligence.
- 131.15 <u>Subsurface Exploration:</u> It is not represented that PLANS show all existing storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water, gas, telephone, and electrical facilities, and other underground structures. Determine location of these installations in way of construction by referring to available records, consulting appropriate municipal departments and utility owners, and by making necessary exploration and excavations.
- 131.16 <u>Deviations Occasioned by Utility Structures:</u> Whenever existing utilities, not indicated on PLANS, present obstructions to grade and alignment of pipe, immediately notify Engineer, who without delay, will determine whenever existing improvements are to be relocated, or grade and alignment of pipe changed. Where necessary to move services, poles, guy wires, pipelines, or other obstructions, make arrangements with owners of utilities. Owner will not be liable for damages on account of delays due to changes made by owners to privately owned utilities which

hinder progress of work.

- 131.17 <u>Protection and Replacement of Property:</u> Where necessary to take down fences, signs, or other obstructions, replace in their original condition and restore damaged property or make satisfactory restitution, at no cost to Owner.
- 131.18 <u>Interruption of Utility Services:</u> Operate no valve or other control on existing systems. Exercise care in performing work so as not to interrupt service. Locate and uncover existing utilities ahead of heavy excavation equipment. At house connections, either lift trenching machine over lines or cut and reconnect with minimum interruption of service, as approved.
- 131.19 <u>Protective Measures:</u> Where construction creates hazard to traffic or public safety, furnish and maintain suitable barricades, warning signs, and lights. Remove same when no longer necessary.

131.20 Use of Streets:

- 1. Remove, as soon as practicable, accumulated rubbish and open each block for public use. Use of any portion of street shall not constitute acceptance of any portion of work. Backfill and shape trenches across street intersections or driveways for safe traffic at night or, where permitted, span open trenches with wooden mats or bridges to permit traffic flow. When driveways are cut, immediate placement of mats for ingress or egress of vehicles may be directed if undue hardship to property owner would otherwise result.
- 2. Except where approved otherwise, do not hinder or inconvenience travel on streets or intersecting alleys for more than two blocks at any one time. Whenever street is closed, place properly worded sign announcing fact to public, with proper barricades at nearest street corners, on both sides of obstruction. Leave no street or driveway blocked at night.
- 3. When street is closed, notify Fire Department, and Police Department.
- 4. Do not block ditches, inlets, fire hydrants, etc., and, where necessary, provide temporary drainage.

140 General Provisions

141 Definitions

"Act of God" - An earthquake, flood, cyclone, or other cataclysmic phenomenon of nature.

"Addendum" - Any written or graphic modification or interpretations of the contract document issued by the Engineer.

"Bid" - The signed, written bid of the bidder on the form furnished, indicating total price for the work in completed form as per the plans and specifications.

"Bid Bond" - The form of security approved by the Owner and furnished by the Contractor, guaranteeing that he will enter into a contract in accordance with the contract documents if his bid is accepted.

"Bidder" - Any individual, firm, or corporation formally submitting a proposal for the work contemplated or any portion thereof, acting directly or through an authorized representative.

"Contract Sum" - The total amount payable to the Contractor for the work, which shall include sales, use, and other consumer taxes related to the work.

"Contractor" - The individual, firm, or corporation undertaking the execution of the work under the terms of the contract and acting directly through his agents or employees.

"Engineer" - The City Engineer for the City of Kerrville, Texas or his designated representative.

"Notice to Proceed" - The written notice given by the Owner to the Contractor fixing the date on which Contractor shall commence to perform his obligation under the contract documents.

"Owner" - The City of Kerrville, Texas.

"Payment Bond" - The form of security approved by the Owner and furnished by the Contractor and his surety guaranteeing payment of all labor, material, equipment, and all other obligations arising out of the work.

"Performance Bond" - The form of security approved by the Owner and furnished by the Contractor and his surety guaranteeing the complete and faithful performance of all of the obligations and conditions placed upon the Contractor by the contract.

"Plans" -The maps and drawings together with any supplements furnished by the Engineer.

Product Data" - Complete catalog data for the manufactured items of equipment and all component parts, including specific performance data, material description and source, rating, capacity, working pressure, material gauge or thickness, brand name, catalog numbers, and other necessary information.

"Right-of-Way" - The area (either temporary or permanent) provided by the Owner for use in constructing the work covered by the contract, including the appurtenances thereto.

"Shop Drawings" - All diagrams, drawings, illustrations, brochures, schedules, and all other data submittals required by the contract to be furnished by the Contractor illustrating fabrication, installation, dimensions, and other aspects of the work.

"Specifications" - The directions, requirements, explanations, terms and provisions pertaining to the various features of the work to be done, the manner and method of performance, and the manner and method of measurement and payment (Specifications include such directions, requirements, and explanations as appear on the plans).

"Subcontractor" - Any individual, firm, or corporation having a contract with the Contractor or with any other subcontractor for the performance of a part of the work.

"Substantial Completion" - The date when the work or specified part thereof it sufficiently completed in accordance with the contract so that the project or a specified part can be used for the purposes for which it was intended.

"Work" - The furnishing of all labor, materials, equipment, and other incidentals necessary or convenient to the successful completion of the project or the portion of the project involved and the carrying out of all the duties and obligations imposed by the contract.

"Written Notice" - A written communication delivered in person to the individual or to a member of

the firm or to an officer of the corporation for whom it is intended or delivered or sent by mail to the last business address known to the one who gave the notice. (It shall be the duty of each party to advise the other parties to the contract as to any change in business address until completion of the contract.)

142 Bonds

The Contractor shall within ten (10) days from the date Owner signs the Notice of Award furnish to the Owner and maintain in force during the continuance of the work a performance and a labor and material payment bond satisfactory to the Owner and with such surety or sureties as the Owner may approve. The bonds shall be in the full amount of the contract price. If the bonds are not so furnished within such ten (10) days, the contract may be immediately terminated by the Owner without any notice to the Contractor. No work may commence until the bonds have been approved by the Owner. The bonds shall be executed by a surety company authorized to do business within the State, shall be subject to the approval of the attorney of the Owner, and shall remain in effect during the period of Contractor's guarantee.

If the Contract amount should be less than Twenty-Five Thousand (\$25,000.00) Dollars, the Contractor shall have the option of providing Performance and Payment Bonds as required or payment for the work performed shall be in accordance with these specifications. Final Estimate, once the work has been accepted and approved by the Owner.

150 Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

151 Responsibilities

151.01 <u>General</u>: Contractor shall, at his own expense, comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and standards including without limitation those governing labor, safety, health, and sanitation.

151.02 <u>Permits and Licenses</u>: The Contractor shall produce all permits and licenses and give all notices necessary and incident to the due and lawful prosecution of the work. The City of Kerrville will waive all permit and connection fees.

151.03 <u>Public Safety and Convenience</u>: The Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for conditions of the job site, including safety of all persons and property during performance of the work. This requirement shall apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours. Any review by the Engineer of the Contractor's performance does not, and is not intended to, include review of the adequacy of the Contractor's safety measures in, on or near the construction site.

The Contractor shall at all times so conduct his work as to insure the least possible obstruction to traffic. The convenience of the general public and the protection of persons and property are of prime importance and shall be provided for by the Contractor in an adequate and satisfactory manner.

The Contractor shall conduct the work so as to cause a minimum of inconvenience to traffic at intersections and connecting streets and to persons operating commercial enterprises or residing along the route of work. Entrances to residences, garages, service stations, business places and driveways of all kinds shall not be blocked for more than a few hours, if at all. Satisfactory means of ingress and egress for persons residing or transacting business along the route of the work shall be maintained all times. The Contractor shall not work before 7:00 a.m. or after 6:00 p.m. without written permission of

the Engineer.

Adequate sanitary conveniences for the use of persons employed on the work properly secluded from public observation, shall be constructed and maintained by the Contractor in such a manner and at such points as shall be approved by the Engineer. These conveniences shall be maintained at all times without nuisance and their use shall be enforced. Upon completion of the work, they shall be removed form the premises, leaving all clean and free from nuisance.

151.04 <u>Barricades</u>, <u>Warning Signs and Flagmen</u>: The Contractor shall at his expense and without further or other order provide, erect and maintain at all times during the progress or temporary suspension of the work suitable barricades, fences, signs or other adequate warnings or protection, and shall provide, keep and maintain such danger lights, signals, and flagmen as may be necessary to insure the safety of the public as well as those engaged in connection with the work. All barricades and obstructions shall be protected at night by signal lights which shall be suitably distributed across the roadway and which shall be kept burning from sunset to sunrise. The Contractor shall provide all barricades and the placement of all barricades shall meet the requirements as provided within Part VI, Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device for Streets and Highways.

Failure of the Engineer to notify the Contractor to maintain barriers, lights, signals, or flagmen shall not relieve the Contractor from this responsibility. The Contractor will be required, at the request of the Engineer, to produce a Traffic Control plan and submit this to the City Engineer for approval.

All traffic control devices and procedures used by the Contractor in controlling, directing, and safeguarding traffic shall conform to the requirements of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".

The Contractor's responsibility for the safeguarding of traffic as specified above shall cease when the work included in the contract is completed and accepted by the Owner.

151.05 Fences: By the construction of temporary fences or by other adequate means, the Contractor shall restrain stock from leaving the lands wherein they are confined, or from trespassing which would be made possible, or which might result from, the removal or destruction of existing fences or the carrying out of any part of the work under the contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for all loss, injury or damage that may result from his failure to restrain stock as above provided. The expense for erecting and maintaining temporary fences and for otherwise providing for the restraint of stock shall be borne by the Contractor.

151.06 <u>Safeguarding of Excavations</u>: The Contractor shall provide such safeguards and protections around and in the vicinity of excavations as may be necessary to prevent and avoid the occurrence of damage, loss, injury and death to property and persons because of such excavations. Liability for such damage, loss, injury or death shall rest with the Contractor.

151.07 <u>Use of Explosives</u>: In the use and storage of explosives, the Contractor shall use every precaution to prevent injury to persons and damage to property. Secure storage places shall be provided and all such places shall be clearly marked with warning signs. Only persons experienced in the handling of explosives shall be used on the project. No blasting shall take place until a warning has been sounded and all persons within the radius of danger removed. In the handling and storage of explosives, the Contractor must comply with all Federal, State and local laws, and the Owner and Engineer will in no way be responsible for damages to property or injury to persons resulting from explosions.

When explosives are used, particularly in proximity to buildings or other structures, care shall be taken to protect the surroundings from injury by explosion, resultant concussion or by flying rocks or debris.

The quantities of explosives and manner of their use shall be such that adjacent property will not be damaged. In case the vicinity of the work is accessible to the general public, the Contractor shall, before any explosives are used, post men about the work in various directions to warn all persons of the danger existing and to prevent them from approaching more closely than safety will permit.

151.08 <u>Trespass</u>: The Contractor will be solely responsible for any trespass upon adjacent property or injury thereto resulting from or in connection with his operations. He will be liable for any claims that may be made on account of trespass or the deposit of debris of any kind upon private property.

151.09 <u>Protection of Property and Persons</u>: In the performance of the work to be done under the contract, the Contractor shall use every reasonable and practical means to avoid damage to property, injury to persons and loss, expense, inconvenience and delay to property owner, users of streets or highways and others. He shall provide protective devices and flagmen where ever and when ever needed in affording this protection and in the performance of the work, and shall use no means or methods which will unnecessarily endanger either persons or property.

At points where the Contractor's operations are adjacent to properties of railway, telegraph, telephone, water, gas, or other pipeline or power companies, or are adjacent to other property, work shall not be commenced until all arrangements necessary for the protection of the interests of the Owner as well as any interest that a third party may have therein, have been made.

All utility companies shall be advised by the Contractor of the work proposed under this Contract and of the necessary adjustments to their respective installations. The Contractor shall communicate with all utility companies at least three (3) days in advance before commencing any work in areas where utilities are located.

The Contractor shall be on the alert for any additional utilities which he may encounter in the course of the operations. If additional utilities are discovered, the Contractor shall immediately take steps to protect the utility and notify the Engineer and the utility owner.

In case of damage to any utilities by the Contractor, either above or below the ground, the Contractor shall restore such utilities to a condition equal to that existing before the damage was done. Any and all costs incurred for such restoration shall be borne entirely by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall take into consideration the adjustments of installations by public utilities in areas within the limits of the contract in preparing his proposal. No additional compensation will be allowed for work interruptions, changes in handling, excavation, drainage and paving, changes in types of equipment used, etc. caused by others performing work within the limits of the contract.

151.10 <u>Restoration of Damaged Property</u>: All damage and injury to property that may be caused by or that may result from the carrying out of the work to be done under the subcontractors, or his employees, shall promptly be made good by the Contractor either by the repairing, rebuilding, or replacing of the property damaged or in some other manner satisfactory to the Owner of such property. In case of failure on the part of the Contractor to promptly and satisfactorily make good damage or injury, the Owner may without notice to the Contractor proceed to repair, rebuild, or replace such property as may be deemed necessary, and the cost thereof will be deducted from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor under the contract.

In applying the provisions above stated, the repairing, rebuilding or replacing of damaged property shall be understood to include the providing of any temporary facilities that may be needed to maintain normal service until the required repairing, rebuilding or replacing is accomplished.

151.11 Contractor's Responsibility for Work: Until final acceptance of the contract, the Contractor will

be responsible for any injury or damage to the work or any part thereof or to materials, equipment, or supplies due to any cause whatsoever, and he shall make good at his own expense all such injuries or damages.

151.12 No Personal Liability of Engineer: The exercise of all responsibility, power, and authority by Engineer or his representative is undertaken solely to satisfy Engineer's obligation to Owner. It shall not give rise to any claim against nor impose liability to Engineer or his representatives in favor of Contractor or third persons for any reason whatsoever and Contractor agrees that any remedy he has arising out of in connection with Engineer's performance hereunder, whether neglect or otherwise, is against Owner and not Engineer.

151.13 No Waiver of Legal Rights: The Owner shall not be precluded by any measurement, estimate, or certificate made either before or after the completion and acceptance of the work and payment therefor from showing the true amount and character of the work performed and materials furnished by the Contractor, or from showing that any such measurement, estimate or certificate is untrue or incorrectly made, or that the work or materials do not conform in fact to the contract. The Owner shall not be precluded, notwithstanding any such measurement, estimate or certificate, and payment in accordance therewith, from recovering from the Contractor and his sureties such damages as the Owner may sustain by reason of the Contractor's failure to comply with the terms of the contract or of any power herein reserved or any right to damages herein provided.

151.14 <u>Payment of Bills by Contractors</u>: The Contractor shall promptly make full payment for labor, material, supplies, and provisions at such times as they become due and payable to all persons supplying said Contractor or his subcontractor with labor, services, materials, supplies, or provisions for the prosecution of the work provided for the contract, and he shall not permit any lien or claim to be filed or persecuted against Owner for or on account of any labor, service, material, supplies or provisions furnished.

In the event that Contractor fails, neglects, or refuses to make prompt and full payment of any claim for labor, services, materials, supplies, or provisions furnished by any person in connection with the contract, whether the labor, services, materials, supplies, or provisions to be performed or are furnished for the Contractor or for a subcontractor, then, and in such event, the Owner may withhold the amount of such claim by the person or persons furnishing such labor, services, materials, supplies, or provisions and deduct the amount thereof from funds due or to become due to the Contractor by reason of the contract. The deduction of any such amounts because of claims in the manner therein authorized will not, however, relieve the Contractor or his surety from their obligations with respect to any unpaid claims.

151.15 <u>Use of Completed or Uncompleted Portions</u>: The Owner shall have the right to take possession of and use any completed or partially completed portions of the work, notwithstanding that the time for completing the entire work or such portions may not have expired, but such taking possession and use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work not completed in accordance with the contract documents. If such prior use increases the cost of or delays the completion of uncompleted work or causes refinishing of completed work, the Contractor shall be entitled to such extra compensation or extension of time or both as the Engineer may determine.





Wastewater Specifications Section 400

410 Design Criteria for Wastewater Collection

411 General Information

These design criteria are minimum requirements to be used in the design of wastewater collection systems within the jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville. The jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville is defined as the area bound by the ETJ of the City of Kerrville. In all cases, the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission's Design Criteria For Sewerage Systems shall be enforced as the minimum design criteria for use in the City of Kerrville. The following design criteria shall be supplemented by the TNRCC design criteria. Engineered plans must be submitted to the City of Kerrville – Planning & Development Department. The Engineering Department will review the project for compliance with the Standard Specifications and for compliance with applicable TNRCC Rules.

412 Design Criteria, Mains

412.01 Gravity Mains

A. Size: the minimum main size shall be eight (8) inches, except that six inch (6") will be permitted only at the direction of the City Engineer or his designated appointee (in low flow situations, in standard length cul-de-sacs or lines less than 200 feet in length which will not be extended in the future).

B. Sanitary Sewer mains in new subdivisions shall be placed to produce a minimum velocity of 2 feet per second (based on the calculated flows) and in no case be flatter or steeper than the grades as set forth below:

Size (in)	Grade (ft/ft)	Grade (%)	Max. Grade(%)
6"	0.0050	0.50%	12.35%
8"	0.0040	0.40%	8.40%
10"	0.0035	0.35%	6.23%
12"	0.0030	0.30%	4.88%
15"	0.0015	0.15%	3.62%
18"	0.0011	0.11%	2.83%
24"	0.0008	0.08%	1.93%

The grades shown in the above are based on Manning's formula with an assumed "n factor" or 0.013 and constitute minimum acceptable slopes. The minimum acceptable "n" for design and construction shall be 0.013. The "n" used takes into consideration the slime, grit and grease layers that will affect hydraulics or hinder flow as the pipe matures.

- C. The maximum design velocity should not be greater than ten (10) fps at peak flow. However, a velocity in excess of ten (10) fps will be approved with proper consideration of pipe material, abrasive characteristics of the wastewater, turbulence, and thrust blocks at changes in direction. A minimum design velocity shall not be less than two (2) fps.
- D. Where the pipe grade exceeds 12.5%, concrete retards shall be used at intervals not exceeding 50 feet.
- E. All sanitary sewer mains shall be designed for a 50-year life.
- F. Wastewater piping and appurtances shall conform to Section 420 of these specifications.
- G. Minimum depth of cover shall be 3.5 feet measured from the top of pipe while the maximum cover shall be 14 feet, variances from this shall be as approved by the City Engineer. Backfill must be compacted in 4-6" lifts with a hand operated tamper, 6-8" lifts with a remote compactor or sheepsfoot roller mounted to a backhoe, max 12" lift with a sheepsfoot roller mounted to a minimum 5 ton excavator; compaction to 95% standard proctor for cover of 14 feet or less, 95% of TEX 113E for more than 14 feet of cover. Density tests shall be taken in the presence of a city inspector horizontally every 100 linear feet and vertically at the following depths (depending on depth of sewer main): 2 ft, 5 ft, 7.5 ft, 10 ft, 12.5 ft, and 15 ft.
- H. The average day flow for single family residences shall be taken to be 100 gal/capita-day. Peaking factors range from 2-6 depending on the population served. The following formula shall be used to determine the peaking factor, M,

$$M = 1 + 14 / (4 + P^0.5)$$

Where, M = the ratio of peak-to-average and average-to-minimum rates of flow; and
P = the population served, thousands

- I. Sewers shall be laid in straight alignment with uniform grade between manholes unless slight deviations from straight alignment and uniform grade are justified to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. Deviations from uniform grade (i.e., grade breaks or vertical curves) will not be allowed.
- J. Gravity sewers with horizontal curvature shall be sloped at least 3% greater than the minimum allowable slope for the same diameter pipe. For example, an 8" diameter gravity pipe (with horizontal curvature) minimum slope shall be 0.40% X 1.03 = 0.412%. The maximum allowable manhole spacing for sewers with horizontal curvature shall be 300 feet. All reaches of sewer, which include horizontal curvature, shall be tested with a rigid mandrel and shall be hydrostatically tested using a maximum allowed exfiltration of 10 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe.

- K. Construction methods which utilize flexure of the pipe joint are prohibited. The engineer shall provide the calculations for horizontal pipe curvature in the final engineering design report and detail the proposed curvature on the plans. The maximum allowable joint deflection shall be the lesser of the following three alternatives:
 - (A) equal to 5° ;
 - (B) 80% of the manufacturer's recommended maximum deflection; or,
 - (C) 80% of the appropriate ASTM, AWWA, ANSI or nationally-established standard for joint deflection.
- L. Separation Distances: Separation distances shall comply with Section 700 of the City Of Kerrville Standard Specifications. Waterline/Wastewater lines must conform to the TNRCC requirement for spacing as a minimum.

412.02 Force Mains

- A. General: Pipe material and fittings shall be PVC meeting ASTM D2241 SDR-26 specifications with a minimum pressure rating of 160 psi. Pipe shall be designed and installed according to TNRCC rules and regulations. A detector tape shall be laid, in the same trench, above and parallel to the forced main. The tape shall state in a minimum of 12 inch tall letters "pressurized wastewater continuously along the tape.
- B. Installation shall be in accordance with Section 600 of these specifications. Contractor shall provide submittals on pipe and fittings prior to ordering materials.
- C. Testing: Systems will be tested in accordance with Section 800 of these specifications.

413 Design Criteria, Manholes

413.01 Manholes

Shall be placed and located to facilitate their use for inspection and maintenance of the sewer main. They will be placed at:

- A. Intersections of mains
- B. Horizontal alignment changes
- C. Vertical grade changes
- D. Change of pipe size
- E. Six inch and above service laterals (because of large volume, etc)
- F. At the end of all sewer mains except where a Wastewater Access Device is used.
- F. Maximum spacing shall be 500 feet for mains between 6 and 15" diameters. For mains over 15 inches, maximum spacing shall be 600 feet. Maximum spacing

- for sewer mains with horizontal curves shall be 300 feet regardless of the size of pipe.
- G. When sewer mains have horizontal curvature (generally where they follow curvature of a street); manholes shall be located at the P.C. and P.T. of the curve and the minimum radius of curvature shall be 250 feet.
- H. Venting. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence, an alternate means of venting shall be provided at less than 1,500 foot intervals. Vents shall be designed to minimize inflow. Vents shall be 1 foot above the B.F.E. for the 100-year flood elevation.

413.02 Manhole Inverts

The bottom of the manhole shall be provided with a "U" shaped channel that is a smooth continuation of the inlet and outlet pipes. For manholes connected to pipes less than 15 inches in diameter, the channel depth shall be at least half the largest pipe diameter. For manholes connected to pipes 15 to 24 inches in diameter, the channel depth shall be at least three fourths the largest pipe diameter. For manholes connected to pipes greater than 24 inches in diameter, the channel depth shall be at least equal to the largest pipe diameter. In manholes with pipes of different sizes, the tops of the pipes shall be placed at the same elevation and flow channels in the invert sloped on an even slope from pipe to pipe. The bench provided above the channel shall be sloped at a minimum of 0.5 inch per foot. Where sewer lines enter the manhole higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert, the invert shall be filleted to prevent solids deposition. A drop pipe shall be provided for a sewer entering a manhole more than 24 inches above the invert. The minimum change in elevation from invert in and invert out is 0.1' measured at the flow line.

414 Design Criteria, Wastewater Access Device (WAD)

Wastewater Access Devices (WAD's) may be installed in lieu of manholes at the end of sewers which are not anticipated to be extended. Such installations must pass a leakage test. WAD's shall be required to be the same size as the main and shall be restricted to lengths of sewer main less than 150'. See Exhibits 18 & 19 for more information including placement of concrete around the WAD.

415 Design Criteria, Sewer Services

<u>RESIDENTIAL</u> - As a minimum, 4" SDR-26 sewer service complete with a double cleanout placed at the property line will be required for each platted lot. Each service will be required to have at least 30" of cover between the curb and the service. Services shall be located near the center of each lot with a minimum of 9-foot separation between the water and the sewer services.

COMMERCIAL - In accordance with Kerrville Ordinances 97-03 and 98-17.

416 Design Criteria, Lift Stations

Lift Stations shall be designed in accordance with Section 430 and Section 440 of the City of Kerrville Standard Specifications. Lift stations shall not be used where a gravity main can be installed to provide the necessary service.

417 Construction Plans

A. Construction plans shall be drawn to one of the following scales:

Horizontal	Vertical
1" = 20'	1" = 2 ft
1" = 40'	1" = 4 ft
1" = 50	1" = 5 ft

- B. Elevations shall be provided at all manhole rims and flowlines. The pipe gradient between manholes shall be clearly shown on the plans. The ground profile shall be shown.
- C. Benchmarks shall be shown on the plans at distances no greater than 1000 feet.
- D. The location and stationing of all services shall be shown on the construction plans.
- E. Sequence of construction (for sewer line and for all other construction in conformance with Section 101).

NOTE: A professional engineer may submit a request to modify design criteria, upon presentation of sufficient data to justify the variation, based upon unique and known circumstances.

420 Materials For Construction

All sewer mains shall have **metallic location tape** placed in the last 2 feet of fill of the trench (i.e. 2 feet deep from the final grade). See **Exhibit 20** for details.

421 General Information

421.01 <u>Description</u>: This item shall consist of furnishing all necessary labor, equipment, materials, and performing all work required to install sanitary sewer pipe and appurtenances of the class, size, and dimensions specified at the locations and to the lines and grades shown on the plans, all in strict compliance with these specifications.

422 Materials

422.01 <u>PVC Pipe and Fittings</u>: Pipe material, fittings, and services shall be cement lined Ductile Iron Class 50 or PVC meeting ASTM D3034-SDR26 specifications. Pipe shall be designed and installed according to City of Kerrville Subdivision Specifications and the Rules and Regulations for Sewage Collection Systems as adopted by the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission.

Joints shall be locked in rubber sealing ring to provide water tight, flexible seal, and shall meet the requirements of ASTM D3212.

Permanent marking on the pipe shall include the following at intervals of not more than 5 feet:

Manufacturer's name and/or trademark.

Nominal pipe size.

PVC cell classification per ASTM D 1784.

Fittings shall be clearly marked as follows:

Manufacturer's name or trademark, Nominal size, The material designation

422.02 Manholes

A. General: Manholes shall be 48" diameter fiberglass material, larger diameter manholes will be necessary as indicated in Exhibit 15 in the details section of this specification book. Brick manholes will not be allowed, nor shall brick be used to adjust manhole covers to grade. All manholes (whether in pavement or not) shall have a 4-ft x 4-ft x 6-inch thick slab of concrete placed around the ring and cover and reinforced with #6, 6" x 6" wire mesh. Where the manhole is in pavement it shall be rotated so that the sides of the square are at a 45° angle with the curb as shown in Exhibits 15 and 16. Manholes shall be tested using the Vacuum Test as specified in Section 800 of these specifications.

B. Grade Rings: Grade rings shall be HDPE Recycled Plastic Manhole Adjusting Rings. Concrete grade rings will not be permitted.

C. Ring and Cover: The ring and cover shall be ductile iron, REXEL manufactured by SAINT-GOBAIN PAM or East Jordan Iron Works #1033Z or 1034Z or an approved equal with a minimum nominal opening of 24 inches. Manholes which lie within the 100 year floodplain shall have the covers be sealed and gasketed to protect against inflow. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence, an alternate means of venting shall be provided at less than 1,500 foot intervals. Vents should be designed to minimize inflow and be place a minimum of 1' above the Base Flood Elevation. Impervious material should be utilized for manhole construction in these areas in order to minimize infiltration.

423 Testing

423.01 <u>Requirements</u>: All testing shall be in accordance with Section 800 of the City of Kerrville Standard Specifications.

424.02 <u>Manholes</u>: Standard Manholes: Payment for manholes shall be in accordance with the unit bid price bid regardless of depth, which price shall be full compensation for ductile iron ring and cover, wall construction, sheeting, shoring, special joint treatment to prevent infiltration testing, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work in accordance with the Bid documents.

430 Lift Stations

431 Description

431.01 <u>General</u>: The contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide the duplex pumping system specified herein. The control system shall be as

specified by the City of Kerrville Utility Manager.

431.02 Extent of Work: System shall consist of two (2) submersible pumps, reinforced concrete wet well and valve vault with flood proof access hatches and coal tar epoxy interior coating, wet well level control switches, submersible pump cable, discharge plumbing with hydraulically seated discharge flange, pump mounting plates with bottom rail supports, upper rail supports, lifting chain, all pressure piping and valves within the lift station site, manual transfer switch and enclosure, Data Flow Model PCU001 pump control unit, control transformer and enclosure, electrical service pole, stainless steel Unistrut mounting assembly with concrete base, mobile generator receptacle, all electrical wiring, conduits, fasteners, and all NEMA 4X weather proof enclosures shown on plans and provided in specifications necessary to produce a properly functioning lift station site.

432 Quality Assurance

432.01 <u>General</u>: Three submittals shall be sent to the City Engineer for review. One approved copy shall be returned to the Contractor.

432.02 Submittals Required:

- A. Certified dimension prints showing complete dimensions of all components.
- B. Materials list showing material specifications for all components.
- C. Performance curves for each pump unit showing capacity, head, and efficiency over the entire range of the pump.
- D. Controls: Control schematic, field wiring diagram, manufacturer's catalog data on all components, panel and arrangement details.
- E. Warranty: Manufacturer's standard published warranty certified on supplied equipment.

433 Component Construction

433.01 <u>Submersible Pumps</u>: The pump shall be Fairbanks Morse or as approved by the City Utility Manager. The pumps shall be capable of handling screened raw wastewater. The discharge connection elbow shall be permanently installed in the wetwell along with the discharge piping. The pumps shall be automatically connected to the discharge connection elbow when lowered into place, and shall be easily removed for inspection or service along with guide rails. Sealing of the pumping unit to the discharge connection elbow shall be accomplished by a simple linear downward motion of the pump. A sliding guide bracket shall be an integral part of the pump unit. All hardware associated with the pump guide, pipe supports, lifting chain, and hardware shall be 304 stainless steel. The entire weight of the pump unit shall be guided by no less than two guide bars and pressed tightly against the discharge connection elbow with metal to metal contact.

Sealing of the discharge interface by means of a diaphragm, O-ring, or other device will not be acceptable. No portion of the pump shall bear directly on the floor of the sump.

Hydraulic Components:

- A. The pump casing shall be of gray iron with a gray iron or ductile iron slide rail guide shoe attached to the discharge flange as an integral assembly. Casing shall be easily removable from the motor for full inspection of impeller.
- B. The pump openings and passages shall be of adequate size to pass 3" diameter spheres and any trash or stringy material which may pass through a wastewater collection system. The back of the impeller shall incorporate straight auxiliary vanes to hydraulically reduce pressure on the primary seal, and force debris away from the impeller clearance. No wearing rings or adjustments of the backside clearance will be required.
- C. The impeller shall be of semi-axial flow design, incorporating one or two sweeping vanes with wide flow channels. It shall be gray iron 30 or ductile iron Class 80-56-06 with designed counter mass for dynamic balancing to eliminate vibration. Balancing shall not deform or weaken the impeller.
- D. The suction clearance between the impeller and pump casing shall be in the axial direction only. This clearance must be fully adjustable to maintain peak operating efficiency of the pump.

433.02 Pump Motor Description:

- A. The submersible pump motor shall operate in accordance with the electrical power indicated on the drawings. The motor and pump must be connected to form an integral unit. Motor shall be a squirrel-cage, induction type in an air-filled water tight enclosure. The motor shall conform to NEMA design class B, and incorporate Class F insulation materials to withstand a continuous operating temperature of 155 degrees C (311 deg F). The pump and motor shall be capable of handling liquids with a maximum temperature of 40 deg C (104 deg F). Oil filled motors are not acceptable.
- B. Motor shall be capable of sustaining a minimum of 10 starts per hour. The motor shall operate while only partially submerged and not require a cooling jacket or any other means of auxiliary cooling during normal continuous operation.
- C. Motor housing shall be cast iron. The stator shall consist of copper windings with copper connectors applied to high-grade electrical steel laminations. The stator shall be held securely in place by a heat-shrink fit into the motor housing. Any other means of securing the stator which would require penetration of the motor housing shall not be considered acceptable.
- D. Rotor shall be solid cast and dynamically balanced for vibration-free operation. Rotor end bars and short circuit rings shall be of aluminum. The pump shaft shall be stainless steel. The shaft shall be machined with shoulders or snap ring grooves for positive placement of bearings. The upper and lower bearing shall be of heavy duty design, capable of supporting the shaft and rotor while under maximum radial and thrust loads. The bearings shall be permanently grease lubricated at the time of installation.

433.03 <u>Sump Level Controls</u>: Float switches shall be supplied to control sump level and alarm signals. The switches shall be sealed in a solid polypropylene float for corrosion and shock resistance. The support cable shall be stainless steel. A weight shall be attached to the cable above the float to hold switch in place. A quantity of four (4) floats shall be provided.

433.04 <u>Check Valve and Pipe:</u> The discharge piping shall include exterior lever air cushioned check valves and wheel actuated gate valves located in a concrete valve pit on each discharge main.

433.05 <u>Concrete or Fiberglass (FRP) Wetwell</u>: Concrete wetwell shall contain either a precast or cast in place reinforced concrete foundation, pre-cast 10' diameter walls, and reinforced concrete top with flood proof access hatch. Exterior of concrete wetwell shall be coated with 6 mils of coal tar epoxy (pre-cast only). Interior of concrete wetwell shall be coated with PolyBrid 705 to 80 mils per manufacturer's recommendations.

The bottom of the wet well shall have a minimum slope of 10% to the pump intakes and shall have a smooth finish. The wet well shall be sized to provide adequate storage volumes.

Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester (FRP) wetwells shall be a one-piece monolithic designed unit constructed of glass-fiber reinforced, supplier certified, unsaturated commercial grade polyester resin containing chemically enhanced silica to improve corrosion resistance, strength and overall performance. FRP wetwells shall be manufactured in strict accordance with ASTM D-3753 "Standard Specification for Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester Manholes and Wetwells", as manufactured by Containment Solutions, Inc., Conroe, Texas, "Flowtite" Fiberglass wetwells, or Engineer Pre-Approved Equal.

433.06 Wetwell Access Hatch: The wetwell access hatch shall consist of two Halladay Series FIR access doors, each containing 36" X 60" openings, each centered directly over each pump and guiderail. The floodtight access doors shall be certified to be watertight when under 2' of water. Alternates to the Halladay access hatch shall be submitted to the City Engineer for review.

433.07 <u>Guide Rail</u>: The guide rail assembly shall be permanently attached to the sump basin. The entire rail system shall be constructed of stainless steel. The guide rail assembly shall consist of a bottom plate which shall be bolted to the bottom of the basin, a minimum of two guide rails per pump to insure correct placement of the pumps and provide easy installation and removal of pumps, and rail braces as required.

The lifting cable shall consist of a stainless steel braided wire cable attached to the pump lifting bail of sufficient length to connect directly to the hoist for single lift operation. An eyelet shall be provided at the upper end of this cable for attaching to the wet well access frame.

433.08 <u>Discharge Piping Assembly:</u> The discharge piping assembly shall include be as shown on the construction plans. All interior piping within the wetwell shall be ductile iron or stainless steel. Any interior couplings shall be stainless steel. Piping within the valve vault shall be ductile iron. Check valves shall be external lever air cushioned swing check

valves. Gate valves shall have flanged joints complete with wheel actuator.

433.09 <u>Vent:</u> The lift station vent shall be placed in order to vent the wet well and additionally protect the lift station from the 100 year flood event. The vent shall be installed a minimum of 1' above the Base Flood Elevatrion. Vent material shall be PVC schedule 40 pipe w/stainless steel screen.

433.10 <u>Valve Vault</u>: Valve vault shall be precast or cast in place reinforced concrete, outer dimensions 10' X 6', a minimum of 5' in depth, with a bottom backfilled with a minimum of 12" of washed 1.5" rock to allow the bottom to drain. The valve vault shall contain a Halladay Series WS27248 access hatch, or approved equal to allow operators to easily access the valve vault for maintenance.

433.11 <u>Electric</u>: The control system shall include circuit breakers, motor starters, transformers, hand-off-automatic switches, automatic pump alternator, wetwell level sensing devices, cycle timers, and accessories required to provide a complete and functional system.

All wiring within the wetwell and outside the control cabinet shall be run in PVC conduit except for wiring to motors which shall be in accordance to manufacturer recommendations. All wiring shall be in accordance with current National Electric Code and applicable local code revisions. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to furnish and install correctly sized service wires and obtain service for installation. No splice shall be permitted in any wiring. It shall also be the responsibility of the Contractor to furnish and install all required exterior disconnects, switching mechanisms, alarm or control conduit and wiring.

433.12 Pump Control Center: A complete pump control center shall be mounted adjacent to the wet well on a Unistrut support anchored into a concrete pad, as shown on the construction plans. The panel, all its components, and the wiring shall be in accordance with the latest NEC Code. The panel shall be NEMA 4X construction with doors hinged to swing horizontally and utilize acceptable stainless steel clasping devices. For operator safety, one panel shall house the breakers, contactors, and current transformer while a separate panel shall house the pump control unit and phase monitors. All circuit breaker operators, selector switches and gauges shall be accessible from the front panel without opening the doors. Internal panel wiring shall be color coded and any wiring leaving the panel shall pass through properly numbered or coded terminal strips. Every switch, control relay, circuit breaker and other components, either inside or out shall be visibly and permanently identified.

The pump station control panel shall be as specified in the construction drawings. The contractor shall be responsible for providing compartmentalization of control transformer and control panel to prevent unauthorized access.

The service meter for lift station will be fastened to a service pole provided by contractor. Contractor will be responsible for placing electrical service line underground from the starters to the junction box located at the lift station wetwell. The work required will include the trenching, PVC conduit, and the construction of the junction box and control panel mounting structure.

***SAMPLE Pump Performance and Design Requirements** (This is a sample only, refer to the approved construction plans for site specific requirements).

TYPE: Fairbanks Morse, 4" Type 5432 Non Clog

Submersible

RATED CAPACITY: 600 gpm at 80'

MIN SHUT OFF HEAD: 114'

OPERATING SPEED: 1765 rpm

MIN. PUMP EFFICIENCY

AT DESIGN POINT: 65%

MIN. MOTOR HORSEPOWER: 20 HP

MOTOR SERVICE FACTOR 1.15

ELECTRIC SERVICE 480 Volt, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

435 Operation of System

On sump level rise, lower switch shall first be energized, then upper switch shall next energize and start lead pump. With lead pump operating, sump level shall lower to low switch turn off setting and pump shall stop. Alternating relay shall index on stopping of pump so that lag pump will start first on next operation and become lead pump. If sump level continues to rise when lead pump is operating, override switch shall energize and start lag pump. Both lead and lag pump shall operate together until low level switch turns off both pumps. If level continues to rise when both pumps are operating, alarm switch shall energize and signal the alarm. If one pump should fail for any reason, the second pump shall operate on the override control and if the level rises above the override control, the alarm shall signal. All level switches shall be adjustable for level setting from the surface.

436 Execution

The Contractor shall leave the entire packaged lift station installed under this contract in proper working order. Upon completion of the installation, an acceptance test run shall be run in the presence of the City Engineer or his representative for a period of six (6) hours to ascertain that the system is operating correctly as required for the overall operation of the facility.

437 Operations and Maintenance Manuals

437.01 <u>Requirements</u>: The operations and maintenance manuals for each type of equipment furnished by the Contractor shall be a separate document meeting the following specific requirements:

A. Format and Organization

- 1. Use drawings and photographs to illustrate the printed text as necessary to fully present the required information.
- 2. Where information covers similar items of equipment, identify the applicable portions by heavy weighted arrows, boxes, or circles, or strike out the inapplicable information. Nonconforming data is not acceptable and will be returned for rework and resubmittal.

B Contents

- 1. Table of Contents and Index
- 2. Description of each system and components
- 3. Complete starting and stopping procedures
- 4. Emergency stopping procedures
- 5. Operating instructions, including special operating instructions.
- 6. Routine maintenance procedures
- 7. Lubrication requirements
- 8. Manufacturer's printed operating and maintenance instructions, parts lists, illustrations, and exploded view diagrams.
- 9. Complete copy of approved shop drawing, including cross sections.
- 10. Complete procedure for installation, alignment, adjusting, and checking.
- 11. List of spare parts, recommended spare parts, and recommended quantity.
- 12. Name, address, and phone number of supplier's headquarters.
- 13. Safety instructions and requirements.
- 14. Electrical schematic diagram.
- 15. Control wiring diagram.
- 16. Copy of warranty or bond.
- 17. Performance curves, engineering data and start-up test results, including start-up amperages, running amperages, and line voltages.

C. Materials

- 1. Loose leaf on 30 pound punched paper, protected to repel oil and moisture and be wear resistant.
- 2. Printed on one side only.
- 3. Of original quality, reproducible by dry copy method.

D. Final Submittal

Four copies of operations and maintenance manual shall be submitted to the City of Kerrville prior to final acceptance.

438 Accountability

438.01 <u>Warranty</u>: Manufacturer shall warrant in writing the entire structure to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 1 year starting from the date of written project acceptance. The manufacturer shall submit in writing, a letter guaranteeing

compliance to pump performance data submitted. The approved packaged lift station manufacturer shall provide references of similar lift station installations in Texas if requested by the City Engineer.

439 Payment

All materials, labor, electrical wiring, control panel, pumps, pressure piping, valves, and all incidentals necessary to install, connect, test and provide a functioning lift station shall be paid for at the lump sum bid for "Wastewater Lift Station".

440 Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) for Computer Based Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System

441 General

441.01 <u>Scope of Work</u>: The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all labor, supervision, materials, tools, equipment and services necessary for the complete installation of a Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) for the existing computer based Distributed Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. The RTU system shall consist of product manufacturers who have at least five years experience in furnishing similar SCADA equipment and developing SCADA systems. The RTU system shall be placed in service and demonstrated to OWNER when it is complete and ready for operation.

The CONTRACTOR shall install the radio based RTU equipment at the Lift Station site and shall connect all signal, power, and communications wiring, cable, and program, start up, and calibrate the installed system. CONTRACTOR shall furnish all necessary labor and materials for program upgrading and I/O setpoint changes.

The accompanying input/output point list shall describe all of the input and outputs to be controlled by the system.

441.02 <u>Submittals</u>: The submittals for the SCADA system shall include the following:

- A. Manufacturer's product data
- B. Typical system diagrams showing all wiring connections and field wiring.
- C. Narrative description of all software and hardware which will be provided by the CONTRACTOR.
- D. Manufacturer's manuals for each component or unit which lists performance capabilities.
- E. Manufacturer's recommended spare part list.
- F. Warranty documents describing coverages and limits.
- G. Wiring diagrams to show the complete point to point connections.
- H. Manufacturer's recommended spare part list.

441.03 Acceptable Manufacturers:

- A. Autocon Industries
- B. Hydro-Con Industries

- C. Siemens Energy and Automation
- D. Engineer approved equal

442 Products

442.01 <u>General</u>: The SCADA system is currently used for data acquisition. However, the SCADA system shall have all the control capabilities for controlling pumps, valves, and other equipment used.

The RTU for the SCADA system shall perform the following:

- A. Monitor the lift station, pumps, and wetwell alarms
- B. Transmit current status information to the SCADA system at the WWTP over a radio telemetry unit.

442.02 <u>Manuals</u>: Three complete sets of laminated manuals shall be provided at the time the RTU is delivered to the site.

The manuals shall include the following information:

- A. General System Description
- B. Equipment Reference Manuals
- C. Software Documentation
- D. Hardware Documentation
- E. Installation Guidelines
- F. Operation Procedures
- G. Maintenance Procedures

442.03 Quality Assurance:

- A. The RTU and radio system shall be furnished with all equipment and accessories specified herein. All components shall be the products of companies normally engaged in the manufacture of such equipment.
- B. The vendor shall perform all system engineering and assume responsibility for successful and functional operation of this equipment in accordance with the system requirements set forth in these specifications. The vendor shall be responsible for providing the complete verbal and written operating and configuration procedures and instructions to OWNER designated operations personnel.
- C. The vendor of the RTU system equipment must be approved by the engineer/owner and shall be required to show experience in the design, installation, and maintenance of radio based RTU systems.
- D. The vendor must provide local service and inventory of replacement parts so that any system failure can be corrected within 24 hours.

442.04 <u>Warranty</u>: The vendor shall provide a warranty for parts and labor for a minimum period of one (1) year.

442.05 Functional Requirements:

- A. The existing SCADA system shall be programmed to automatically interrogate each RTU for status information (analog, discrete, and accumulative data).
- B. The existing SCADA system shall receive status information from the RTU.
- C. The system shall be capable of communicating over the radio system furnished with the RTU system.
- D. All system components shall be solid state design and modular construction shall be utilized throughout.

442.06 SCADA Software:

- A. The existing SCADA system utilizes Windows NT operating system and operates Wonderware software.
- B. The SCADA system shall store operating parameters (flowrates, levels, equipment run time, etc) taken every 3 minutes, and alarms as the occur on the hard disk storage device.
- C. Software licenses shall be provided for remote site locations.

442.07 Remote Terminal Unit (RTU):

- A. The RTU shall have the capability for the functions required. Refer to the input/output point list contained within this specification.
- B. The RTU shall have the following capabilities:
 - 1. Accept, directly, analog inputs such as thermocouple RTD and voltage ranging from $\forall 10.8$ millivolts full scale to $\forall 5.4$ volts without need for amplification or characterization.
 - 2. Accept 4-20 ma dc primary 2 wire instrument inputs.
 - 3. Accept, directly, rate signal inputs as well as performing pulse totalizations.
 - 4. Provide outputs as required for external devices and/or control elements.
 - 5. All software control programs in PROM memory or alterable data in battery backed RAM so there shall be no loss of configuration and parameter data regardless of the length of power failure. The battery shall be the socketed type and have a minimum life span of three years.
 - 6. Include a power fail/auto restart routine which permits selection of

restart in manual or automatic, based on the time interval of power failure.

- 7. Perform on line diagnostics.
- 8. Operate from power of 120 volts AC, +10%, -15%; 60 Hz, $\forall 5$ Hz.
- 9. Provide power to field transmitters as required.
- 10. All input circuits to have electrical noise immunity which, at a minimum, meets the IEEE 472-1974 standard for surge withstand capability.
- 11. Input/output lines shall withstand application of 250 volts AC rms for a period of one (1) minute without equipment damage.
- C. Each RTU shall be located as indicated on the plans. All circuitry shall be on plug in cards which are field replaceable. The terminals for input and output connections shall be physically separated to avoid installation and maintenance damage. The terminals shall be a rugged type suitable for standard #16 AWG wire.
- D. The remote RTU shall be Autocon Industries MICROCAT Class 9701 or approved equal.
- E. RTU enclosures shall be NEMA 4X corrosion resistant fiberglass or stainless steel boxes complete with closed cell neoprene gasketing and a white or natural metal finish.

443 Radio Telemetry Equipment

- 443.01 <u>Transceivers</u>: Radio transceivers will meet the needs of the system and the FCC. The RTU shall have a radio transceiver meeting the requirements of FCC Part 90 that can be tuned, aligned, and repaired at any competent two way radio service center. The RTU shall be capable of using any data radios that are commercially available for use on the Owner designated frequencies. The radio shall have a type-acceptance under FCC Part 90 for operation in the appropriate bandwidth (either narrow or wide band). All electrical connections to the radio shall be plug-in for ease of repair.
- 443.02 <u>Antennas</u>: Radio antennas shall be Omni or Yagi type units with gain as required by the site field surveys. The antennas shall be rated for 80 miles per hour wind speed. Antennas shall be connected to radios with RG/8U low loss coaxial cable. Each antenna shall be mounted at a height above ground as determined by the site surveys and comply with FCC regulations. Coaxial connection to the remote unit enclosure shall be by means of a coaxial type bulkhead lightening arrester rated at 1 kilowatt with a minimum of 500 V and a maximum of 2000 V breakdown voltage. Antenna masts, if required, shall be free standing, un-guyed, galvanized steel or aluminum.
- 443.03 <u>Modems</u>: Radio modems will be provided as an interface between transceivers and the System Control Computer or RTU's. Radio modems shall be consistent with the system design and telemetry strategy.
- 443.04 <u>Repeaters</u>: Radio repeaters shall be furnished selectively to insure reliability of the telemetry network where such factors as terrain features or effective radiated power of the

system does not provide a reliable communications path.

- A. The RTU will be capable of being a Store and Forward Repeater and include the option of a route repeating strategy.
- B. Two frequency repeaters will operate on one frequency with the base station radio on a separate non-interfering frequency with the system RTU's.

444 Base System Radio Control Hardware and Software

444.01 <u>System Base Radio Modem</u>: The system base radio modem shall link the base radio and the system control computer and be contained within a NEMA 4 wall mounted standard Hoffman enclosure suitable for office appearance. The system shall be battery backed for short term operation during power outages. The base radio modem and all other functions shall operate on battery voltage.

The base radio modem shall be capable of printed circuit board level additions of synthesized voice telephone or radio dialers and also be capable of serving as a terminal unit link to the control site as if the control site was another remote site on the system with full data and control processing.

444.02 <u>System Reporting Software</u>: The system reporting software is coordinated with the system files to provide automatic and operator reports of the system variables. Automatic period reports are generated for year, month, and day. Operator periods reports are generated for year to last month, month to last day, and day to last hour poll. Period reports express the system variables in form of accumulated count or averages for the period. Operator instantaneous values reports are implemented by polling the system to update the system status, then generating the report. The report presents the system variables in the form of instantaneous status on/off, fail, alarm, rate value, or level value.

445 Execution

445.01 <u>General Installation</u>: The SCADA system vendor shall attach field wiring to termination strips in RTU enclosures. The vendor shall install SCADA software and install all communications hardware. The vendor shall test all communication links to ensure proper communications between Central Station Unit (CSU) and RTU.

RTU Inputs/Outputs: The input/output requirements are described in the Input/Output point list sheet for this project.

445.02 <u>Software Configuration</u>: The RTU System vendor and user assigned operation personnel, shall configure or modify the CSU SCADA system so as to provide monitoring of the RTU at the SCADA system owned by the City of Kerrville.

The configuration shall include:

- A. Creation of data base of I/O points
- B. Inclusion of calculated values in data base
- C. Creation of graphic displays
- D. Creation of daily wastewater report, including pump run times, all alarms and

changes of status, and lift station level status changes and time of day of occurrences.

- E. Creation of monthly wastewater run time reports.
- F. Creation of CSU control setpoints and strategies.

445.03 <u>Acceptance Testing</u>: The system shall be completely assembled, configured, and tested to insure the operation of each command and acquisition point. A hard copy of the database shall be submitted to the City for their review, comment, and approval one week prior to the acceptance testing.

445.04 <u>Start Up</u>: The manufacturer shall furnish a competent technical representative to check out field adjust and start up the system and operate the system for a period of five consecutive days.

445.05 <u>Spare Parts</u>: CONTRACTOR shall furnish one set of plug-in card used in the RTU system and five of each type fuse required by the system as spare parts.

445.06 <u>Service and Support</u>: During and after the warranty period, the vendor shall provide service on all RTU System equipment for a period up to five years from the acceptance date.

446 Payment

All labor, equipment, and materials associated with the installation of the RTU, radio modem, antenna, wire and cable, conduit, control transformer, battery back ups, enclosures, support brackets; and the site survey, FCC license, testing, and all incidentals necessary to install a SCADA system to monitor the Lift Station shall be paid at the lump sum bid price for "SCADA at Lift Station".

450 Effluent Reuse – Type I Reclaimed Water

All effluent reuse mains shall have **metallic location tape** placed in the last 2 feet of fill of the trench (i.e. 2 feet deep from the final grade). See **Exhibit 20** for details.

451 General

451.01 <u>Description</u>: This item shall consist of furnishing all necessary labor, equipment, and materials and performing all work required to install reclaimed water pressure mains and appurtenances of the class, size, and dimensions specified at the locations and to the lines and grades shown on the plans, all in strict compliance with these specifications.

452 Design Criteria

452.01 <u>Hose bibs and Faucets:</u> All hose bibs and faucets shall be painted purple and designed to prevent connection to a standard water hose. Hose bibs shall be located in locked, below grade vaults which shall be clearly labeled as being of non-potable quality. As an alternate to the use of locked, below grade vaults with standard hose bibs services, hose bibs may be placed in a non-lockable service box which can only be operated by a special tool so long as the hose bib is clearly labeled as non-potable water and complies with one of the following requirements:

- A. Signs having a minimum size of eight inches by eight inches, as shown in Figure 1, shall be posted at all storage areas and on all hose bibs and faucets reading, in both English and Spanish, "Reclaimed Water, Do Not Drink" or similar warning.
- B. The area shall be secured to prevent access by the public.
- 452.02 <u>Separation Requirements:</u> Separation distances shall comply with Section 700 of the City Of Kerrville Standard Specifications. Reclaimed water lines must conform to the TNRCC requirement for spacing as a minimum.
- 452.03 <u>Pressure Mains</u>: Reclaimed water lines which transport reclaimed water under pressure shall be sized according to acceptable engineering practices for the needs of the reclaimed water users. The designer shall consider methods to prevent or maintain lines to mitigate the effect of the deposition of solids in such lines. Pipe specified for reclaimed water force mains shall be of a type having an expected life at least as long as that of the lift station and shall be suitable for the reclaimed water being pumped and operating pressure to which it will be subjected. All pipes and fittings shall have a minimum working pressure rating of 150 pounds per square inch.
- 452.03 <u>Gravity Mains</u>: Gravity flow reclaimed water lines shall meet the requirements of Section 412 of these specifications. The designer shall consider methods maintain line fluid velocity to migrate the effects of the depositions of silt in the gravity conveyance.
- 452.04 <u>Marking of Pipe</u>: All exposed piping and piping within a building shall be either purple pipe or painted purple. All buried piping shall be manufactured in purple color. All exposed piping shall be stenciled in white with a warning reading "NON-POTABLE WATER". All exposed or buried reclaimed water piping constructed at a wastewater treatment facility is exempt from the color coding requirements of this section.
- 452.05 <u>Isolation Valves</u>. In-line isolation valves for reuse pipes shall open clockwise to distinguish them from potable water isolation valves. Valve casings for underground isolation valves shall have cast into the cast iron lid "reuse" or "NPW".
- 452.06 Storage: All effluent ground level and elevated storage tanks shall be designed, installed, and constructed in accordance with current AWWA standards with reference to materials to be used and construction practices to be followed, except for health-based standards strictly related to potable water storage and contact practices, where less restrictive standards may be applied. All storage facilities shall be stenciled in white with a warning reading "NON-POTABLE WATER".

460 Measurement and Payment

460.01 Sewer Mains:

A. All pipe and trenching for sanitary sewers shall be measured by the linear foot of the size and at the depth installed from the flow line of the pipe to the ground surface over the center of the pipe in 2 foot increments of depth greater than 6 feet, horizontal, and center to center of manholes.

B. Payment shall be at the unit price bid for the specific pipe size and various increments of depth as shown on the plans and measured as described above, which price shall be full compensation for pipe and fittings necessary to complete the work, including transportation, handling, unloading at the site and all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to completely install pipe fittings including trenching, sheeting, shoring, pipe installation, saw-remove-replace concrete riprap, pipe embedment, reinforced concrete encasement, trench backfill, placing excess excavated materials from trenches in flow area of creek upstream from concrete encasement, compaction, final clean-up and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

460.02 Other Payments:

Payments shall be at the unit price bid for the specific budgeted item as shown on the construction specifications. The unit price shall be full compensation for the bid item necessary to complete the work, including transportation, handling, unloading at the site and all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work of the bid item.

470 Standard Products List

470.01 Piping

<u>PIPING</u>		
TYPE	TYPE Manufacturer	
Ductile Iron	Ductile Iron U.S. Pipe, Tyler Pipe, Griffin Pipe, American Ductile Iron Pipe, McWane, or approved equal	
The a	bove shall apply to lift station piping suction and discharge	e always flanged.
PVC SDR 26 Sewer	J-M Pipe, Certainteed, North American Pipe, Can-Tex, or approved equal	4" and up
The above shall apply to gravity sewer in uninterfered trench (not crossing water mains, through creeks etc.)		
C-900 PVC DR-14 Only	J-M Pipe, Certainteed, North American Pipe, Can-Tex, or approved equal	4" and up
The above shall apply to lift station force mains, interfered trenches, special circumstance gravity lines as deemed necessary by City Engineer and or Water/Wastewater Manager		
304 Stainless Steel	Merit Brass or approved equal	1/4 " up to 3"
The above shall apply to Wastewater Plant, lift station and air relief piping, pump rails, any and all nipples for gauges, sample cocks etc.		

470.02 Valves

<u>VALVES</u>			
TYPE Manufacturer		Size	
External Lever and Weight Check Valves	Mueller A-2606-01 or approved equal	2 1/2" to 16"	
Ball Check Valves	Apollo or approved equal	1 1/4" to 2"	
Gate Valves	Mueller 2360 &2361 Series or Clow F-6102	2 1/2' through 24"	
Small Brass Ball and Gate Valves	Hammond or equal gate valves Red&White ball valves or approved equal	1/4" through 2"	

470.03 Sewage Air Release Valves

Sewage Air Release Valves		
<u>TYPE</u>	Manufacturer	Size
Air Release Vacuum Breaker	A.R.I. Model D-025 or approved equivalent	2" and 3"

470.04 Manholes

Manholes and Wetwells			
<u>TYPE</u>	Manufacturer	Size	
Fiberglas Heavy Wall Manholes (minimum wall thickness 0.480 inches)	Flowtite ASTM D 3753 or approved equivalent	42", 48", 54", 60", 66", 72", and 92"	
H-20 Minimum rating			
Fiberglas Heavy Wall Wetwells (minimum wall thickness 0.480 inches)	Flowtite ASTM D 3753 or approved equivalent	36" to 240" diameter 6ft. To 35 ft. height	
H-20 Minimum rating			

470.05 Ring & Cover

Ring and Covers		
<u>TYPE</u>	Manufacturer	Size
Ductile Iron Ring and Cover Saint Gobain RE62M4RD or East Jordan Iron Works #1033Z or #1034Z or approved equivalent must be ductile iron self latching		24"
H-20 Rating		
Ductile Iron Ring and Cover	Saint Gobain RE60R8FD or approved equivalent must be ductile iron with latching mechanism for inflow prevention	24" or 32"
H-20 Rating		

470.06 Covers

<u>Covers</u>		
<u>TYPE</u>	Manufacturer	Size
Aluminum Wetwell Covers and hatches	Halliday W1S, W2S, S1S, S2S, W1R, W2R, S1R, S2R, H1W, 2W, H1R, H2R or approved equal	As Per Specifications depending on pump size and wetwell configuration

470.07 Miscellaneous

and 316 or greater stainless steel if deemed necessary by the City Engineer or Water/Wastewater Manage	Miscellaneous/Fasteners			
Note: Any and all fasteners, nuts, bolts, washers, chains, wire rope, clasps, rails, hasps, brackets, or hangers at or around wastewater wetwells shall be a minimum construction material of 304 stainless steel and 316 or greater stainless steel if deemed necessary by the City Engineer or Water/Wastewater Manage Note: Any and all fasteners, nut and bolt combinations not required to have thread locking compound shal be dressed with an anti-seize thread compound so as to allow for disassembly in future. Anti-seize	TYPE	Manufacturer	Size	
hangers at or around wastewater wetwells shall be a minimum construction material of 304 stainless steel and 316 or greater stainless steel if deemed necessary by the City Engineer or Water/Wastewater Manage Note: Any and all fasteners, nut and bolt combinations not required to have thread locking compound shal be dressed with an anti-seize thread compound so as to allow for disassembly in future. Anti-seize	?	?	?	
be dressed with an anti-seize thread compound so as to allow for disassembly in future. Anti-seize	Note: Any and all fasteners, nuts, bolts, washers, chains, wire rope, clasps, rails, hasps, brackets, or hangers at or around wastewater wetwells shall be a minimum construction material of 304 stainless steel and 316 or greater stainless steel if deemed necessary by the City Engineer or Water/Wastewater Manager.			
be dressed with an anti-seize thread compound so as to allow for disassembly in future. Anti-seize				
be dressed with an anti-seize thread compound so as to allow for disassembly in future. Anti-seize				

Note: Any device, piping assembly, bracketry, hatch or any other item secured to concrete on or around a wastewater plant or lift station shall be approved by the City Engineer, Water/Wastewater Manager or designated City of Kerrville Inspector before installation.



Pipe and Appurtenances Section 600

610 General Requirements

611 Description

These design criteria are minimum requirements to be used in the design of piping and appurtenances within the jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville. The jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville is defined as the area bound by the ETJ of the City of Kerrville. This section describes excavation and trenching work for pipe and appurtenances to be installed under these specifications and shall include the necessary site preparation, excavation and trenching, the handling, storage, shoring and protection of the work, preparation of the subgrades, pumping and dewatering as necessary or required, protection of adjacent property, backfilling, pipe embedment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Excavation work shall be performed in a safe and proper manner with suitable precautions being taken against hazards of every kind. Excavations shall provide adequate working space and clearances for the work to be performed therein and for installation, and shall be in compliance with the latest OSHA regulations for Trench Safety.

Prior to commencing this Work, all erosion control and tree protection measures required shall be in place and all utilities located and protected

612 Classification of Excavated Material

612.01 <u>Common Excavation</u>: Materials that can be removed by standard construction methods and/or equipment.

612.02 <u>Rock Excavation</u>: All masses of material which cannot be removed by standard construction methods and/or equipment thereby requiring special equipment, or blasting for excavation, shall be considered rock excavation.

613 Grades, Lines and Levels

Grades, lines and levels shall conform to the approved construction plans approved by the City of Kerrville Engineering Department. The surveyor will set all necessary stakes required by the specifications and/or the construction plans. Any damage to the above by the Contractor shall be re-established at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor/Engineer shall furnish copies of all field notes and "cut sheets" to the City.

The location of the lines and grades indicated may be changed only by direction of the Engineer and it is understood that the Contractor will be paid on the basis of his unit Contract prices bid for such Work actually performed and shall make no claim for damages or loss of anticipated profits due to the change of location or grade.

The Contractor shall furnish, at his expense, all necessary electronic devices or batter boards for controlling the Work. Electronic devices shall have adequate precission to produce a finished pipe on grade. Batter boards shall be of adequate size material and shall be supported substantially. Control stakes must be protected from possible damage or change of location. The Contractor shall furnish good target for electronic devices, sound twilled lines for use in achieving lines and grades and the necessary plummets, levels and graduated poles.

Should the Contractor's procedures not produce a finished pipe placed to grade and alignment, the pipe shall be removed and relayed and the Contractors procedures modified to the satisfaction of the City of Kerrville Inspector. No additional compensation shall be paid for the removal and relaying of pipe required above.

620 Materials

621 General

This item shall consist of furnishing and installing all pipe and/or materials for constructing pipe mains, sewers, laterals, stubs, inlet leads, service connections and culverts, including all applicable Work such as excavating, bedding, jointing, backfilling materials, tests, concrete trench cap, concrete cap and encasement, etc. The pipe shall be of the sizes, types, class and dimensions indicated or as designated by the Engineer and shall include all joints or connections to new or existing mains, pipes, sewers, manholes, inlets, structures, etc., as may be required to complete the Work in accordance with specifications and published standard practices of the trade associations for the material specified and to the lines and grades indicated. This item shall include any pumping, bailing, drainage and Trench Safety Systems for trench walls, when indicated or applicable. Unless otherwise provided, this item shall consist of the removal and disposition of trees, stumps and other obstructions, old structures or portions thereof such as house foundations, old sewers, masonry or concrete walls, the plugging of the ends of abandoned piped utilities cut and left in place and the restoration of existing utilities damaged in the process of excavation, cutting and restoration of pavement and base courses, the furnishing and placing of select bedding, backfilling and cement or lime stabilized backfill, the hauling and disposition of surplus materials, bridging of trenches (metal plates) and other provisions for maintenance of traffic or access as indicated.

622 Backfill Materials

622.01 <u>General</u>: The Contractor shall submit descriptive information and evidence that the materials and equipment the Contractor proposes for incorporation into the Work is of the kind and quality that satisfies the specified functions and quality. Material classified by ASTM D 2487 as GW, GP, GC, GM, SW, SP, SM, SC, CL, CH, and is free of rocks larger than three (3") inches and having a plasticity index equal to or less than twenty (20) shall be classified as Satisfactory Native Material.

Unsatisfactory materials shall be materials that do not comply with the requirements for satisfactory material. Unsatisfactory materials include but are not limited to those materials containing roots and other organic matter, trash, debris, frozen materials and stones larger that three (3") inches, plasticity index equal to or greater than twenty-one (21), and materials classified in ASTM D2487 as PT, OH, OL, ML, and MH. Unsatisfactory materials also include manmade fills, refuse, or backfills from previous construction.

622.02 Bedding Material

A. Pea Gravel

Pipe bedding shall be clean 3/8" to 1/2" pea gravel free of mud, clay, vegetation or other debris.

B. Sand

Sand for use as pipe bedding shall be clean, granular and homogeneous material, free of mud, silt, clay lumps or clods, vegetation or debris. The material removed by decantation TxDOT Test Method Tex-406-A, plus the weight of any clay lumps, shall not exceed 4.5 percent by weight.

Size gradation of sand for bedding shall be as follows:

GRADATION TABLE		
SIEVE SIZE % RETAINED BY WEIGHT		
1/4"	0	
#60	75-100	
#100	95-100	

622.03 Trench Backfill Material:

A. Satisfactory Native Material

This material shall consist of suitable material excavated from the trench. It shall conform to paragraph 622.01 of this section. The moisture content at the time of compaction shall be within 2 percent of optimum as determined by TXDOT Test Method Tex-114-E.

B. Cement Stabilized Backfill

When indicated or directed by the Engineer, all backfill shall be with cement-stabilized backfill rather than the usual materials. Unless otherwise indicated, cement stabilized backfill material shall consist of a mixture of cement and aggregates and shall be thoroughly dry mixed with no water added to the mixture except as may be directed by the Engineer.

630 Trench Excavation

631 General

631.01 <u>Trench Opening</u>: The Contractor shall open no more trench in advance of pipe laying than is necessary to expedite the work. The maximum length of open trench permitted on any line under construction shall not exceed the amount of pipe that can be placed in the same day of excavation.

631.02 <u>Trench Safety</u>: Underground piped utilities shall be constructed in an open cut in accordance with Federal regulations "Trench Safety Systems" and with a trench width and depth described below.

631.03 <u>Trench Fill</u>: When pipe is to be constructed in fill above the natural ground, Contractor shall construct embankment to plan grade and meet compaction requirements, and then the trench can be excavated.

Excavated Materials

632.01 <u>General</u>: Excavated material from trenching may be used as the satisfactory native material for backfilling the trench, provided the material meets Section 622 specifications.

No excavated material shall be deposited on the site of the work or other improved areas, nor upon private property unless approved by the City Engineer, and such material shall be handled in such a manner as not to obstruct drainage or other parts of the project. Where necessary for compliance with this provision, the material shall be hauled or removed by an approved method.

632.02 <u>Surplus Excavated Materials</u>: Any surplus excavated materials shall be hauled and disposed of as directed by the Engineer. If the Engineer notifies the Contractor that there is no use for this material on the project it shall become the property of the Contractor to be disposed of without injury to the Owner's or any adjoining property at the Contractor's expense.

633 Trench Width

633.01 <u>Water & Wastewater Lines</u>: Trenches for pipes shall be of sufficient width to provide ample working space for handling and jointing the pipe in the trenches. In no case shall the width of the trench inside sheeting and brace lines be less than sixteen (16") inches greater than the normal pipe diameter as follows:

Pipe Diameter	Min Trench Width	Max Trench Width
6"	22"	30"
8"	24"	30"
10"	26"	32"
12"	28"	36"
18"	34"	42"
24"	40"	48"

633.02 <u>Storm Sewer Lines</u>: Trenches for Storm Sewers up to 42 inches shall have a width of 1 foot on each side beyond the outside surfaces of the pipe. Pipes more than 42 inches shall have a trench width not to exceed 18 inches on each side beyond the outside surfaces of the pipe.

633.03 Excessive Trench Width: If the trench width within the pipe zone exceeds this maximum, the entire pipe zone shall be refilled with approved backfill material, thoroughly compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of maximum density as determined by TxDOT Test Method Tex-114-E and then re-excavated to the proper grade and dimensions. Excavation along curves and bends shall be so oriented that the trench and pipe are approximately centered on the centerline of the curve, using short lengths of pipe and/or bend fittings if necessary.

Where, for any reason, width of the lower portion of the trench as excavated at any point exceeds the maximum permitted, either pipe of adequate strength, special pipe embedment, or arch concrete encasement, as required by loading conditions and as determined by the Engineer, shall be furnished and installed by and at the expense of the Contractor.

633.04 Excavation Below Pipe Subgrade: Except when so ordered by the Engineer, pipe trenches shall not be excavated below pipe subgrade elevations, in which event the bottom of the trench shall be bedded with sandy or acceptable material.

633.05 <u>Bell Holes</u>: Bell holes shall provide adequate clearance for the tools and methods used in installing the pipe. No part of any bell or coupling shall be in contact with the trench bottom or trench walls when the pipe is jointed.

634 Trench Depth and Depth of Cover

634.01 General: All pipe and in-line appurtenances shall be laid to the grades indicated. The depth of cover shall be measured from the established finish grade, natural ground surface, subgrade for staged construction, street or other permanent surface to the top or uppermost projection of the pipe.

634.02 <u>Water Piping</u>: Where not otherwise indicated, all water piping shall be laid to the following minimum depths:

- A. Water piping installed in undisturbed ground in easements of undeveloped areas, which are not within existing or planned streets, roads or other traffic areas shall be laid with at least 3 feet of cover and no more than 5 feet of cover.
- B. Water piping installed in existing streets, roads row or other traffic areas shall be laid with at least 3 feet of cover below finish grade and no more than 5 feet of cover.

634.03 <u>Wastewater Piping</u>: Where not otherwise indicated, all wastewater piping shall be laid with at least 3.5 feet of cover.

640 Pipe Embedment

641 General Requirements

Bedding material shall be used to fill up to a point at least six (6) inches above the pipe.

Satisfactory Native Material may be used to backfill the remaining depth of the trench.

642 Compaction & Moisture Requirements

Both the bedding material and the satisfactory native materials shall be compacted to at least 95% of the standard proctor density as determined by ASTM D698 and within 2% of optimum moisture content.

Each layer of backfill material, if dry, shall be wetted uniformly to the moisture content required to obtain the specified density and shall be compacted to that density by approved mechanical means. The use of wheel compactors may be allowed in lieu of hand operated mechanical compactors with authorization from

the Construction Inspector. When wheel compactors are used, backfill lifts may be increased to twelve (12") inches provided proper moisture content of the backfill material is maintained and the specified minimum density is achieved. All testing required to validate that adequate compaction is being achieved by the use of the wheel compactor shall be at the expense of the Contractor.

Water tamping by flooding or jetting the trench prior to placing the remainder of the trench backfill may not be used in lieu of hand or mechanical tamping.

The City may perform or have performed any material tests needed as indicated by the situations described below. The Contractor will be charged for all testing regardless of whether or not the test passes or fails. The Contractor will also be charged for all retesting necessitated by failures. Situations requiring testing are as follows:

- A. In determining whether or not minimum density is being achieved.
- B. Visual inspection by the Construction Inspector shows poor quality, workmanship or materials.
- C. Inspector was not notified of backfill operation.
- D. In all trenches placed in a proposed or existing roadway.
- E. Any other unusual circumstance that cause the Inspector to doubt the quality of the workmanship or materials.

650 Construction Methods

651 General

The Contractor shall conduct his Work such that a reasonable minimum of disturbance to existing utilities will result. Particular care shall be exercised to avoid the cutting or breakage of all existing utilities. If at any time the Contractor damages the utilities in place through his operations, the Contractor shall immediately notify the owner of the utility to make the necessary repairs.

The Contractor shall inform utility owners sufficiently in advance of the Contractor's operations to enable such utility owners to reroute, provide temporary detours or to make other adjustments to utility lines in order that the Contractor may proceed with his Work with a minimum of delay and expense. The Contractor shall cooperate with all utility owners concerned in effecting any utility adjustments necessary and shall not hold the City liable for any expense due to delay or additional Work because of conflicts arising from existing utilities.

The Contractor shall do all trenching in accordance with the provisions and the directions of the Engineer as to the amount of trench left unfilled at any time. All excavation and backfilling shall be accomplished as indicated and in compliance with State Statutes.

Where excavation for a pipeline is required in an existing City street, control of traffic shall be as indicated in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

Wherever existing utility branch connections, sewers, drains, conduits, ducts, pipes or structures present obstructions to the grade and alignment of the pipe, they shall be permanently supported, removed, relocated or reconstructed by the Contractor through cooperation with the owner of the utility, structure or obstruction involved. In those instances where their relocation or reconstruction is impractical, a deviation from line and grade will be ordered by the Engineer and the change shall be made in the manner directed.

Adequate temporary support, protection and maintenance of all underground and surface utility structures, drains, sewers and other obstructions encountered in the progress of the Work shall be furnished by the Contractor, at his expense and as approved by the Engineer.

Where traffic must cross open trenches, the Contractor shall provide suitable steel plates of the thickness directed by the Engineer. Adequate provisions shall be made for the flow of sewers, drains and watercourses encountered during construction and any structures which may have been disturbed shall be satisfactorily restored upon completion of Work.

When rainfall or runoff is occurring or is forecast by the U.S. Weather Service, the Contractor shall not perform or attempt any excavation or other earth moving Work in or near the flood plain of any stream or watercourse or on slopes subject to erosion or runoff, unless given specific approval by the Engineer

652 Water / Sewer Line Separation

652.01 <u>Water and Sewer Crossings</u>: Installation shall comply Section 700 of the Standard Specifications.

652.02 <u>Utility and Storm Sewer Crossings</u>: When the Contractor installs a pipe that crosses a drainage structure or storm sewer and the top of the pipe is within 18 inches of the bottom of the structure, the pipe shall be encased in concrete for a distance of at least 1 foot on either side of the ditch line of the utility structure or the storm sewer.

653 Pipe Anchorage, Support and Protection

Pressure pipeline tees, plugs, caps and bends shall be securely anchored with both Mega Lugs and a suitable concrete thrust blocking.

653.01 <u>Concrete Thrust Blocking</u>: Concrete thrust blocking shall conform to the details of these specifications. Concrete blocking shall be placed between solid ground and the fitting to be anchored. The area of bearing on the pipe and on the

ground shall be as indicated or directed by the Engineer. The blocking shall, unless otherwise indicated, be so placed that the pipe, fittings and joints will be accessible for repair.

The pipe and fittings shall be adequately weighted and laterally braced to prevent floating, shifting or straining of the pipeline while the concrete is being placed and taking initial set. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for the sufficiency of such restraints.

653.02 Metal Thrust Restraint: Fabricated thrust restraint systems such as those described below may be approved for use instead of concrete blocking. To obtain approval, the project Drawings_must include sufficient drawings, notes, schedules, etc., to assure that the proposed restraints as installed will be adequate to prevent undesirable movement of the piping components. Such restraint systems may only be used where and as specifically detailed and scheduled on approved Project Drawings.

A. Restrained Joints: Piping or fitting systems utilizing integral mechanically restrained joints may be approved. All components of such systems shall be standard manufactured products fabricated from cast ductile iron, hot-dip galvanized steel, brass or other corrosion resistant materials and the entire assembly shall be protected with a continuous film wrap.

Location, configuration and description of such products shall be specifically detailed on the Drawings. (Add-on attachments such as retainer glands, all-thread rods, etc., are not acceptable.)

- B. Concrete Encasement, Cradles, Caps and Seals: When trench foundation is excessively wet or unstable or installation of water or wastewater pipe will result in less than 30 inches of cover, Contractor shall notify Engineer. Engineer may require Contractor to install a concrete seal, cradle, cap, encasement or other appropriate action.
- C. Trench Caps, Concrete Rip-Rap and Shaped Retards: Where called for by the Contract or as directed by the Engineer, concrete trench caps, concrete rip-rap and/or shaped retards shall be placed as detailed by the Drawings as protection against erosion. Concrete material and placement shall be Class B, Section 900, "Concrete for Structures".

654 Connections to Existing Systems

654.01 <u>Wastewater Connections</u>: All branch connections of new main lines shall be made by use of manholes. Service stubs shall be installed as indicated in the details, utilizing a 45 degree bend with a wye or a sanitary tee(long sweep). Minimum grade shall be 1 percent downward to main and minimum cover shall be 30 inches at the curb. A double clean-out shall be installed at the property line

with a one foot stub-out. Glued-caps shall be installed on the stub-outs before backfilling.

Where not otherwise indicated, (wastewater) service connections shall be installed so that the outlet is at an angle of not more than 45 degrees above horizontal at the main line.

Unless otherwise specified by the Engineer, all connections made to existing mains shall be made at manholes with the flowline of the inlet pipe installed at the same elevation as the flowline of the existing pipe.

Connections to existing manholes shall conform to TNRCC requirements and shall only be made by boring through the manhole wall.

654.02 <u>Water System Connections</u>: The Contractor shall, at his expense, make all necessary connections of new piping or accessories to the existing water system. To minimize any inconvenience from outages, the Contractor shall tap all mains using an approved tapping sleeve (full circle stainless steel wrap-around) and tapping valve.

In instances which require shutoffs on existing water mains, the City will make the shut-off. The Contractor shall be required to notify the Engineer's field representative on the job at least 72 hours prior to the desired time for any shutoff. The Contractor will notify any affected utility customers at least 24 hours prior to the shutoff. The Water Utility will make the shutoff after ensuring that all appropriate measures have been taken to protect the water system, customers and employees.

Water for the Work shall be metered and furnished by the Contractor. However, the cost of metered water shall be absorbed by the City on Capital Improvement Projects. Should it be determined that the Contractor excessively wastes water, then billing charges shall be forwarded to the Contractor.

The Contractor shall make all pressure taps called for by the Contract Documents or required to complete the Work. A pressure tap shall consist of connecting new piping to the existing water system by drilling into the existing pipe while it is carrying water under normal pressure without taking the existing piping out of service.

Unless otherwise provided by the Contract, the Contractor shall, at his expense, perform all necessary excavation, furnish and install the tapping sleeve, valve and accessories, provide the tapping machine, drill the tap and shall block, anchor and backfill the piping, valve and all accessories, place the new piping in service and perform all site cleanup. When the City makes the tap, City forces are not obligated or expected to perform any Work except to provide tapping machine

and drill the actual hole. If City crews are to make the tap, fiscal arrangements must be made in advance

If a private Contractor makes the tap, a City of Kerrville Inspector must be present.

Service connection taps into PVC or AC pipe or into CI or DI pipe 12 inches or smaller shall be made using tapping sleeve as recommended by the pipe manufacturer and as approved by the Engineer.

All water service connections shall be installed so that the outlet is at an angle of not more than 45 degrees above horizontal at the main line.

Precautions should be taken to ensure that the tapping saddle or sleeve is placed on the pipe straight to prevent any binding or deformation of the PVC pipe. Tapping shall be performed with a sharp shell type cutter so designed that it will smoothly penetrate heavy walled PVC and AC pipe and will retain and extract the coupon from the pipe.

655 Concrete Encasement and Encasement Pipe

655.01 <u>General</u>: This item shall govern the furnishing of materials and the methods of constructing a portland cement concrete encasement or encasement pipe.

- 655.02 <u>Submittals</u>: The submittal requirements of this specification item include:
 - A. Type, of pipe, construction methods and sequence,
 - B. Aggregate types, gradations and physical characteristics for the Portland cement concrete mix,
 - C. Proposed proportioning of materials for the mortar mix.
- 655.03 <u>Materials</u>: The Portland cement concrete shall conform to Class B Concrete. The cement stabilized sand shall have a minimum of 10% (2.5 bags min.) cement per cubic yard and shall contain brown coloring for identification. (TNRCC Section 290)
- 655.04 <u>Construction Methods</u>: When indicated on the Drawings or acceptable to Engineer or designated representative, concrete encasement shall be placed to protect the pipe. Pipe or bedding shall not be placed where:
 - A. the top of the pipe would have less than 30 inches of cover,
 - B. the ground water invades the trench, or
 - C. the trench bottom is of unstable material.

If either of these conditions is encountered, the Engineer or designated representative shall be notified and may direct the Contractor to:

- A. encase the pipe with concrete,
- B. change pipe material, or
- C. use a higher strength class of pipe.

Concrete encasement shall extend from 6 inches below to 6 inches above the outer projections of the pipe over the entire width of the trench in accordance with the City of Kerrville Standard Details.

656 Concrete Retards

656.01 <u>Description</u>: This item to consist of Portland Cement concrete retards used to anchor pipe. Retards shall be constructed as indicated or as designated by Engineer in accordance with these specifications.

656.02 Materials:

- A. Concrete: Concrete materials used in construction under this item shall conform to Class B.
- B. Reinforcement: Reinforcement shall conform to Section 944.

656.03 <u>Construction Methods</u>: Prior to placing concrete, excavation for retards shall be made to proper section and, if considered necessary by Engineer, bottom of excavation shall be hand tamped and sprinkled. Excavated area for retards shall be moist when concrete is placed.

After concrete has been placed, compacted and shaped to conform to dimensions indicated and after it has become sufficiently set, it shall be given a moderately rough finish by floating with a wood float.

No mortar or concrete work shall be done when temperature is below 40° F and work shall be protected from freezing. After completion of retard, exposed surfaces shall be covered with burlap, cotton mats or other approved covering and kept wet for a period of 3 days. White pigmented curing compound conforming to Section 921.02(e), "Membrane Curing", Type 2, will be permitted when applied to exposed surfaces.

Material excavated from trench shall be uniformly spread on adjacent areas or otherwise disposed of at a permitted site.

657 Blasting

Blasting or other use of explosives for excavation will not be permitted on the site of the work without specific written approval by the City Engineer and the City Fire Marshall

658 Removal of Water

The Contractor shall provide and maintain adequate dewatering equipment to remove and dispose of all surface and ground water entering excavations, trenches, or other parts of the work. Each excavation shall be kept dry during subgrade preparation and continually thereafter until the pipe to be installed therein is completed to the extent that no damage from hydrostatic pressure, flotation, or other causes will result.

Surface water shall be diverted or otherwise prevented from entering excavated areas or trenches to the greatest extent practicable without causing damage to adjacent property.

The Contractor will be held responsible for the condition of any pipe which may be used for drainage purposes, and all such pipe shall be kept clean and free from sediment.

659 Backfilling

659.01 General: Special emphasis is placed upon the need to obtain uniform density throughout the backfill material. The maximum lift of backfill shall be determined by the compaction equipment selected and in no case shall it exceed 12 inches, loose measurement.

No heavy equipment, which might damage pipe, will be allowed over the pipe until sufficient cover has been placed and compacted. All internal pipe bracing installed or recommended by the manufacturer shall be kept in place until the pipe bedding and trench backfill have been completed over the braced pipe section.

659.02 <u>Backfill in Street Right of Way:</u> The depth of layers, prior to compaction, shall depend upon the type of sprinkling and compacting equipment used and the test results thereby obtained, but shall not be more than one (1) foot loose. Prior to and in conjunction with the compaction operation, each layer shall be brought to the moisture content necessary to obtain the required density and shall be kept level to insure uniform compaction over the entire layer. Testing for density shall be in accordance with Test Method Tex-114-E and Test Method Tex-115-E.

Each layer of backfill must provide the density as required herein. Satisfactory Native Material shall be sprinkled as required and compacted to the extent necessary to provide not less than 95 percent of the density as determined in accordance with Test Method Tex-114-E.

After each layer of backfill is complete, tests may be required by the City Engineer. If the material fails to meet the density indicated, the course shall be reworked as necessary to obtain the indicated compaction and the compaction method shall be altered on subsequent Work to obtain indicated density.

At any time, the City Engineer may order proof rolling to test the uniformity of compaction of the backfill layers. All irregularities, depressions, weak or soft spots that develop shall be corrected immediately by the Contractor.

Should the backfill, due to any reason, lose the required stability, density or finish before the pavement structure is placed, it shall be recompacted and refinished at the sole expense of the Contractor. Excessive loss of moisture in the subgrade shall be prevented by sprinkling, or sealing. Excessive loss of moisture shall be construed to exist when the subgrade soil moisture content is more than 4 percent below the optimum of compaction ratio density. Backfill shall be placed from the top of the bedding material to the existing grade, base course, subgrade or as indicated. The remainder of the street backfill shall be Flexible Base, Concrete or Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete as indicated or to replace the same kind of surface removed to construct the pipe.

659.03 <u>Backfill in State Highway Right of Way or County Street</u>: All Work within the right of way shall meet the requirements of above as a minimum and shall meet the requirements of the permit issued by the County when their requirements are more stringent. Prior to the start of construction, the Contractor shall be responsible for contacting the appropriate TxDOT office or Kerr County Road & Bridge Office and for coordinating his activities with the operating procedures in effect for utility cut permits and pavement repair under their jurisdiction. Approval for all completed Work in the State or County right of way shall be obtained from the appropriate Official prior to final payment by the Owner

659.04 <u>Backfill in Easements</u>: Where not otherwise indicated, the Contractor may select whatever methods and procedures may be necessary to restore entire Work area to a safe, useful and geologically stable condition with a minimum density of 95 percent or a density superior to that prior to construction.

All soil areas disturbed by construction shall be covered with topsoil and seeded. All turf within city right-of-way shall obtain seventy (70) percent coverage before final acceptance and erosion control structures are removed. All turf, drainways and drainage structures shall be constructed or replaced to their original condition or better. No debris shall remain in the drainways or drainage structures.

660 Specialized Construction Methods

661.01 <u>Setting Valves</u>, <u>Drains and Air Releases</u>: Unless otherwise indicated, main line valves, drain valves and piping, air and vacuum release assemblies and other miscellaneous accessories shall be set and jointed in the manner described for cleaning, laying, and jointing pipe.

Unless otherwise indicated, valves shall be set at the locations shown on the Drawings and such that their location does not conflict with other appurtenances such as curb ramps. Valves shall be installed so that the tops of operating stems will be at the proper elevation required for the piping at the location indicated above. Valve boxes and valve stem casings shall be firmly supported and maintained, centered and aligned plumb over the valve or operating stem, with the top of the box or casing installed flush with the finished ground or pavement in existing streets, and installed with the top of the box or casing approximately 6 inches (150 mm) below the standard street subgrade in streets which are excavated for paving construction or where such excavation is scheduled or elsewhere as directed by the Engineer or designated representative.

661.02 <u>Setting Fire Hydrants</u>: Fire hydrants shall be located in a manner to provide accessibility and in such a manner that the possibility of damage from vehicles or conflict with pedestrian travel will be minimized. Unless otherwise directed, the setting of any hydrant shall conform to the following:

Hydrants between curb and sidewalk on public streets, shall be installed as shown on details, with outermost point of large nozzle cap 6" to 18" behind back of curb. Where walk abuts curb, and in other public areas or in commercial areas, dimension from gutter face of curb to outermost part of any nozzle cap shall be not less than 5 feet, nor more than 7 feet, except that no part of a hydrant or its nozzle caps shall be within 6 inches of any sidewalk or pedestrian ramp. Any fire hydrant placed near a street corner shall not be placed within the radius. Fire hydrants shall not be installed within nine feet vertically or horizontally of any sanitary sewer line regardless of construction. Hydrants placed on uncurbed State of Texas right of way shall be located within 18" of the R.O.W. line.

All hydrants shall stand plumb; those near curbs shall have the 4 inch nozzle facing the curb and perpendicular to it. The hydrant bury mark shall be located at ground or other finish grade; nozzles of all new hydrants shall be approximately 18 inches above grade. Each hydrant shall be connected to the main by 6 inch ductile iron pipe; a 6 inch gate valve shall be installed at the main on an anchor tee for individual shutoff of each new hydrant.

Below each hydrant, a drainage pit shall be excavated according to the details and filled with compacted coarse gravel or broken stone mixed with coarse sand under and around the bowl of the hydrant, except where thrust blocking is situated and to a level 6 inches above the hydrant drain opening. No hydrant

drainage pit shall be connected to a sanitary sewer. Cover drain gravel with filter fabric to prevent blockage of voids in the gravel by migration of backfill material. The bowl of each hydrant shall be well braced against unexcavated earth at the end of the trench with concrete thrust blocking (taking care not to obstruct the hydrant drain holes). Hydrants shall be thoroughly cleaned of dirt or foreign matter before setting.

Fire hydrants on mains under construction shall be securely wrapped with a poly wrap bag or envelope taped into place. When the mains are accepted and placed in service the bag shall be removed.

661.03 <u>Plugging Dead Ends</u>: Standard plugs shall be inserted into the bells of all dead ends of pipes, tees or crosses and spigot ends shall be capped.

661.04 <u>Protective Covering</u>: Unless otherwise indicated, all flanges, nuts, bolts, threaded outlets and all other steel component shall be coal tar coated and shall be wrapped with standard low density polyethylene film or a cross laminated high-density polyethylene meeting ANSI/AWWA Specification C-105-current, with all edges and laps taped securely to provide a continuous and watertight wrap. Repair all punctures of the polyethylene, including those caused in the placement of bedding aggregates, with duct tape to restore the continuous protective wrap before backfilling.

661.05 <u>Valve Box, Casing and Cover</u>: Stems of all buried valves shall be protected by valve box assemblies. Valve box castings shall conform to ASTM A 48, Class 30B. Testing shall be verified by the manufacturer at the time of shipment. Each casting shall have cast upon it a distinct mark identifying the manufacturer and the country of origin.

670 Boring of Pipe

671 Description

This item shall govern furnishing and installing of encasement pipe by methods of boring as indicated on the Drawings and in conformity with this specification. This item shall also include, but not be limited to other constructions activities such as traffic control measures, excavation, removal of all materials encountered in jacking or boring pipe operations, disposal of all material not required in the work, grouting, bulkhead installation, backfilling and re-vegetation.

This specification is applicable for projects or work involving either inch-pound or SI units. Within the text and accompanying tables, the inch-pound units are given preference followed by SI units shown within parentheses.

672 Submittals

672.01 General: The CONTRACTOR shall submit shop drawings in accordance with the project requirements and the following. Submittals shall include the following, as applicable:

- 1. Carrier pipe and casing materials, including the diameter, wall thickness, specifications, relevant data, and pipe class.
- 2. Installation schedules for excavation, pipe installation, backfill, grouting, and related horizontal boring operations.
- 3. Data on lubricants proposed for installation.
- 4. Locations, dimensions, and shoring plans and sections for boring and receiving shafts, including the method of excavating, shoring, bracing the shaft and thrust block design.
- 5. Manufacturers' data sheets and specifications describing in detail the system to be used.
- 6. Layout plans.

672.02 Permits: The CONTRACTOR shall obtain necessary permits from governing agencies having jurisdiction and furnish two copies to the City's designated representative before the start of the Work.

672.03 Qualifications: Horizontal boring shall be performed by a qualified Contractor. The Contractor shall have successfully completed at least 5 previous horizontal boring operations of similar length and diameter. The CONTRACTOR shall provide descriptions of similar projects, including references, where contractor responsible for horizontal boring has successfully used the proposed horizontal boring system.

672.04 Submittals for Microtunneling and Auger Boring: The CONTRACTOR shall submit the following items. Approval of the following submittals shall be obtained before ordering pipe materials or starting operations:

- 1. Spoil disposal method, including other materials encountered in the construction and maintenance of shafts.
- 2. Maximum anticipated jacking loads and supporting calculations.
- 3. Methods to control and dispose of groundwater.
- 4. Grade and alignment control systems.
- 5. Intermediate jacking station locations and design.
- 6. Lubrication and/or grouting system.
- 7. Plans for monitoring ground surface movement (settlement or heave) due to construction. The plan shall address the method and frequency of survey measurement. At minimum, the plan shall measure the ground movement of all structures, roadways, parking lots, and any other areas of concern within 25 feet on both sides of all microtunneling pipelines at a maximum spacing of 100feet along the pipeline route, or as required by the City of Kerrville.

- 8. Annular space grouting plan.
- 9. Contingency plans for correction of the following potential conditions:
 - a. Damage to pipeline structural integrity and repair.
 - b. Loss and return to line and grade.
 - c. Loss of ground.
- 10. Procedures to meet all applicable OSHA requirements. These procedures shall be submitted for a record purposes only and will not be subject to approval by the CITY. At a minimum, CONTRACTOR shall provide the following:
 - a. Protection against soil instability and groundwater inflow.
 - b. Safety for shaft access and exit, including ladders, stairs, walkways, and hoists.
 - c. Protection against mechanical and hydraulic equipment operations, and for lifting and hoisting equipment and material.
 - d. Ventilation and lighting.
 - e. Monitoring for hazardous gases.
 - f. Protection against flooding and means for emergency evacuation.
 - g. Protection of shaft, including traffic barriers, accidental or unauthorized entry, and falling objects.
 - h. Emergency protection equipment.

672.05 Submittals for Directional Drilling: The CONTRACTOR shall submit the following items. Approval of the following submittals shall be obtained before ordering pipe materials or starting operations:

- 1. Manufacturers' data sheets and specifications describing in detail the directional drilling system to be used.
- 2. Description of similar projects with references on which the proposed system had been successfully used by contractor/operator.
- 3. Description of method to contain drilling fluids and to separate and dispose of spoils.
- 4. Maximum anticipated pulling loads and supporting calculations.
- 5. Pipe design data and specifications. Include design calculations to account for bending and pulling stresses expected during construction.
- 6. Grade and alignment control systems.
- 7. Contingency plans for correction of the following potential conditions:
 - a. Inability to complete the pilot hole.
 - b. Excessive fluid loss or hydraulic fracturing.
 - c. Inability to pull the pipe

673 Materials

673.01 <u>Pipe</u>: Carrier pipe and encasement pipe shall be the size, type, thickness and class indicated on the Drawings, unless otherwise specified.

673.02 <u>End Seal</u>: End seals shall be sized to securely attach to the exterior of casing and carrier pipe to prevent water, dirt and debris from entering the annular space between the installed pipe. The end seal shall be pull-on, wrap-around or heat shrinkable. No concrete, grout or bricks will be acceptable.

673.03 <u>Casing Spacers</u>: Casing spacers shall be constructed of high-density polyethylene and shall be sized to securely fasten on to the carrier pipe barrel O.D. They shall be furnished with a minimum runner height to prevent the pipe from resting or sliding on its joint during and after installation.

673.04 <u>Grout</u>: Grout shall be used to completely fill any annular space between the bore and installed casing pipe. Grout shall consist of one part Portland cement, three parts sand and the minimum amount of water necessary to obtain the desired consistency; and, all grout mixtures shall contain 2% of bentonite by weight of the cement

673.05 <u>Lubricants</u>: Water shall be used as a lubricant for jacking operations and may contain clay based and/or polymer additives to reduce the skin friction of the installed pipe.

674 Construction Methods

674.01 General: The Contractor is responsible for:

- A. Adequacy of jacking and boring operations,
- B. Installation of support systems as indicated on the Drawings,
- C. Provision of encasement and carrier pipe, and
- D. Execution of work involving the jacking operation, the wet or dry method of boring and the installation of encasement pipe simultaneously.

The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for the safety of the jacking and boring operations and for persons engaged in the work. The Contractor's attention is directed to the Construction Industry Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards (29 FR 1926/1920) as published in U.S. Department of Labor publication OSHA 2207, latest revision, with particular attention to Subpart S. The Contractor shall conform to the requirements in accordance with "Trench Safety System" and shall provide an appropriate Trench Safety Plan.

When the grade of the pipe at the boring end is below the ground surface, suitable pits or trenches shall be excavated to provide sufficient room to conduct the jacking or boring operations and for placement of end joints of the pipe. In order to provide a safe and stable work area, the excavated area shall be securely sheeted and braced to prevent earth caving in accordance with the Trench Safety Plan.

The location of the work pit and associated traffic control measures required for the boring operations shall conform to the requirements of the TXDOT Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Where installation of pipe is required under highways, streets, or other facilities by jacking or boring methods, construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that it will not interfere with operation of any railroad, street, highway, utility or other facility and shall not weaken or damage any embankment or structure. All appropriate permits shall be acquired prior to the initiation of the work. At a minimum bore pit locations on rural highway crossings, must be 30 (thirty) feet from main lanes and on other high-speed (exceeding 40 mph) highways. On low-volume (less than 750 vehicles per day) highways, the bore pit must be 16 (sixteen) feet from main lanes. On urban (curbed) highway crossings, bore pits must be 30 (thirty) feet from high-speed roadways and 3 (three) feet from low-speed roadways.

During construction operations, and until the work pits are backfilled and fill material compacted, traffic barricades and warning lights to safeguard traffic and pedestrians shall be furnished and maintained by the Contractor. The Contractor shall submit the proposed pit location and traffic control plan for review by the Engineer or designated representative. The Review by the Engineer or designated representative, however, will not relieve the Contractor from his responsibility to obtain specified results in a safe, workmanlike manner.

When grade of pipe at boring end is below ground surface, suitable pits or trenches shall be excavated for the purpose of conducting the jacking or boring operations and for joining pipe. Work shall be securely sheeted and braced as indicated on the Trench Safety Plan to prevent earth caving and to provide a safe and stable work area.

The pipe shall be bored from the low or downstream end, if possible. Minor lateral or vertical variation in the final position of pipe from line and grade established by Engineer or designated representative will be permitted at the discretion of Engineer or designated representative provided that such variation is regular and occurs only in one direction and that the final grade of the flow line conforms to the specified direction.

When conforming to details indicated on the drawings, but the bottom of the work pit is unstable or excessively wet or the installation of water and wastewater pipe will result in less than 36 inches of cover, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer or designated representative. The Engineer or designated representative may require the Contractor to install a concrete seal, cradle, cap or encasement or other appropriate action.

Positioning of spacers should ensure that the carrier pipe is adequately supported throughout its length. Spacers at each end shall not be further than 6" from the end of the casing regardless of the size of casing and carrier pipe or type of spacer used. Casing spacers shall be doubled on each end of the encasement and shall be installed within one foot on each side of the bell or flange. The maximum spacing for casing spacers is 8 feet.

After placement of the carrier pipe is complete, the ends of the encasement pipe shall be sealed with a flexible type end seal as outlined in section 673.02. As soon as possible after the end seals are placed, the work pits or trenches, which are excavated to facilitate these operations, shall be backfilled. The backfill in the street ROW shall be compacted to not less than 95 percent of the maximum density conforming to TXDOT Test Method Tex-114-E, "Laboratory Compaction Characteristics & Moisture-Density Relationship of Subgrade & Embankment Soil". Field density measurements will be made in accordance with TXDOT Test Method Tex-115-E, "Field Method for Determination of In-Place Density of Soils and Base Materials".

The boring shall proceed from a work pit provided for the boring equipment and workmen. Excavation for the work pits and the installation of shoring shall be as outlined in the Trench Safety Plan. The location of the pit shall be approved by the Engineer or designated representative. The boring shall be done mechanically using either a pilot hole or the augur method.

In the pilot hole method an approximate 2 inch pilot hole shall be bored the entire length of the crossing and shall be checked for line and grade on the opposite end of the bore from the work pit. This pilot hole shall serve as the centerline of the larger diameter hole to be bored.

When the augur method is used, a steel encasement pipe of the appropriate diameter equipped with a cutter head to mechanically perform the excavation shall be used. Augurs shall be of sufficient diameter to convey the excavated material to the work pit.

Excavated material will be removed from the working pit and disposed of properly. The use of water or other fluids in connection with the boring operation will be permitted only to the extent to lubricate cuttings. Water jetting will not be permitted.

In unstable soil formations, a gel-forming colloidal drilling fluid, that consists of at least 10 percent of high grade carefully processed bentonite, may be used to consolidate the drill cuttings, seal the walls of the hole and furnish lubrication to facilitate removal of the cuttings from the bore.

AUGER METHOD

- A. Auger Boring Machine: The auger boring machine selected shall be sized with torque and thrust capacities compatible with the size of pipe or casing to be installed and expected soil and geotechnical conditions. Separate thrust jacks shall be used for advancing the cutter face and advancing the installed pipe. The maximum allowed thrust force of the installed pipe shall not be exceeded.
- B. Casing and Auger: The auger casing diameter shall be sized in conjunction with the cutter face such that the annular space between the installed pipe and bored shaft does not exceed 2-inchs. The casing shall be equipped to prevent or correct rolling. The auger shall be sized to transmit the required torque and thrust to the cutting face and transport spoils back to the bore shaft for removal. Additives may be employed to condition the spoils for transport. When operating below the groundwater level, the auger system shall be capable of adjustments required to maintain face stability and prevent loss of soil or uncontrolled groundwater inflow.
- C. Cutter Head: The cutter face shall be selected based on the soil conditions expected and shall be capable of supporting the full excavation face. The cutter face shall be capable of slight steering adjustments to maintain line and grade of the installed pipe.
- D. Support Bedding and Reaction Blocks: An adequately designed and constructed foundation and thrust reaction structure shall be provided. Special attention shall be given to the shaft foundation to ensure it is secure. A concrete slab shall be used in unstable conditions, and crushed stone or equivalent shall be used as a minimum. When thrust reaction blocks are used, care shall be taken to ensure they are perpendicular with the required line and grade.
- E. Excavation Controls: All machine operations shall be monitored and controlled from a central point either in the shaft at the auger-boring machine or remotely from the surface. Control equipment shall integrate excavation spoil removal and installation of pipe. Operations shall be stopped when they result in pipe damage or surface disruption.
- F. Monitoring Equipment: Equipment shall be provided to continuously monitor auger thrust and torque, pipe jacking thrust, and advance rate. These parameters shall be recorded and available at all times for review by the CITY. Line and grade shall be continuously monitored by referencing the casing to a design reference. If continuous referencing is not possible due to equipment design limitations, line and grade shall be verified by other suitable means at every 50-feet of advancement.

- G. Intermediate Shafts: If an intermediate shaft is requested, the CONTRACTOR shall obtain a written approval from the CITY. The intermediate shaft shall not be located in areas prohibited and as directed by the CITY. The CONTRACTOR's request shall include all necessary permits and approvals, minimize public inconvenience and minimize impacting existing facilities.
- H. Annular Space Grouting. The annular space created by the over cut of the auger face in excess of 2-inchs shall be filled with an approved material, unless otherwise specified. When grouting is specified, pressure-injected grout shall fill voids outside the limits of the excavation created by caving or collapse of earth cover over the excavation. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish and operate suitable equipment for any required grouting operations depending on the condition of the application. The grouting operation shall not damage adjacent utilities or other properties. Grout shall be injected at a pressure that will not distort or imperil any portion of the work or existing installations or structures.
- I. Piping: The pipe manufacturer's design jacking loads shall not be exceeded during the installation process. The pipe shall be designed to take full account of all temporary installation loads.
- J. Repair or Replacement of Damaged Pipe: Damaged pipe shall be jacked through to the reception shaft and removed. Other methods of repairing the damaged conduit may be used as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the CITY.

MICROTUNNELING

- A. Equipment: The MTBM shall be capable of installing the pipe while being compatible with the anticipated soil and geotechnical conditions. The MTBM cutter face shall at all times be capable of supporting the full excavated area without the use of ground stabilization and have the capability of measuring the earth pressure at the face a setting a calculated earth balancing pressure. The maximum radial annular space shall not exceed 1-inch, unless otherwise specified. The MTBM shall be capable of controlling shield rotation by means of a bi-directional drive on the cutter head or by use of mechanical fins or grippers. The MTBM shall be mechanically articulated to enable remotely controlled steering of the shield. The MTBM shall control groundwater during excavation without the use of external dewatering equipment. The measuring and balancing of earth and groundwater pressure shall be achieved by use of a slurry or cased auger system. The system shall be capable of incremental adjustments to maintain face stability for the soil conditions encountered.
- B. Jacking Equipment: The main jacks shall be mounted in a jacking frame and located in the jacking shaft. The MTBM shall be moved forward by the jacks advancing a successive string of connected pipes toward a receiving shaft. Intermediate jacking stations may be used for long drives where frictional forces

would exceed the maximum allowable jacking force. The intermediate jacking station shall employ a steel jacket or other suitable means to prevent soil intrusion into the conduit. Jacking forces at the intermediate jacking station shall be continuously monitored during jacking operations.

- C. Intermediate Shafts: If an intermediate shaft is requested, the CONTRACTOR shall obtain a written approval from the CITY. The intermediate shaft shall not be located in areas prohibited or as directed by the CITY. The CONTRACTOR's request shall include all necessary permits and approvals, minimize public inconvenience and minimize impacting existing facilities.
- D. Annular Space Grouting: The annular space created by the overcut of the MTBM in excess of 2-inchs shall be filled with an approved material, unless otherwise specified. When grouting is specified, pressure-injected grout shall fill voids outside the limits of the excavation created by caving or collapse of earth cover over the excavation. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish and operate suitable equipment for any required grouting operations depending on the condition of the application. The grouting operation shall not damage adjacent utilities or other properties. Grout shall be injected at a pressure that will not distort or imperil any portion of the work or existing installations or structures.
- E. Piping: The pipe manufacturer's design jacking loads shall not be exceeded during the installation process. The pipe shall be designed to take full account of all temporary installation loads. Damaged pipe shall be jacked through to the reception shaft and be removed. Other methods of repairing the damaged conduit may be used, as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the CITY.

DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

- A. Drilling/Pulling Equipment: The equipment used to drill the pilot hole, back ream and pull the product pipe in place shall be adequately sized and compatible to the expected ground conditions. It shall be equipped with instrumentation to accurately locate the alignment and grade of the pilot hole to monitor drilling fluid flow and pressure and measure pulling force applied to the product pipe. Steering information of the drill string, pressures, and pulling forces shall be continuously monitored during operations. The equipment shall be capable of using mechanical and/or hydraulic means to change the boring course. Equipment shall also be used to recover and separate drilling fluids and soil cuttings and subsequent reuse of drilling fluids. Direct disposal of contained drilling fluids may be permitted with prior approval of the CITY.
- B. Pilot Hole: The CONTRACTOR shall drill the pilot hole along the path shown in the Contract Drawings to within the tolerance limits specified. The exit point of the drill string shall also meet specified tolerance limits. At the completion of the pilot hole, the CONTRACTOR shall provide an as-built survey consisting of a three-

dimensional coordinate tabulation accurately referencing the pilot hole to the drilled entry point. Drilling must be accomplished with fluid assisted mechanical cutting. Uncontrolled jetting (where fluid force is the primary means for creation of the final bore hole diameter) is prohibited. The minimum pressure and flow of drilling fluids practicable shall be used during drilling operations.

- C. Ream and Pull Back: The number of reaming passes to expand the pilot hole for product pipe installation is left to the discretion of the CONTRACTOR. The maximum allowable tensile load of the product pipe shall not be exceeded during pullback operations or when pre-reaming and pullback are performed simultaneously. A swivel connection shall be used between the reaming device and the product pipe to minimize stress on the pulled pipe. The pulled pipe shall be supported in such a fashion that it moves freely during pullback with no damage done to any corrosion coatings or linings. When staging area is limited, shorter lengths of pipe may be stockpiled then connected and pulled in segments. The pipe shall be pulled back such that at least one joint at the lead end completely clears the bore so that piping and joint can be inspected.
- D. Loss of Fluid: At installations below bodies of water, the CONTRACTOR shall be diligent to detect drilling fluid losses below the water surface. Operations shall be stopped when they result in any pipe damage or surface disruption. The CONTRACTOR shall propose immediate action for review and approval by the CITY to resolve the problem. Remedial action shall be at no additional expense to the CITY.
- E. Clean-Up: The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the removal and disposal of excavated material and excess drilling fluid in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.
- F. Welding: Welding of steel pipe used for pullback shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWS D1.1. All welds shall be radiographically inspected.

COMPACTION/PIPE RAMMING

- A. Driving Pipe: Pipes shall be driven with an open face. The leading edge shall be equipped with a cutting band for reinforcement and to open a slightly larger path through the soil to reduce the skin friction of the following pipe. The overcut shall not exceed 1-inch from the outer surface of the pipe. The pipe shall be driven in one segment when working space is available. The pipe shall be supported and positioned by adjustable bearing stands to achieve proper line and grade alignment.
- B. Driving Operations: Driving force to install the carrier pipe may be delivered through a conventional hydraulic jacking system or pneumatically powered percussion tools. In either case, the driving force shall be evenly transmitted using pressure plates or other types of adapters. Jacking forces shall be continuously monitored and recorded during installation. The maximum allowable jacking forces shall not be exceeded. Pneumatic tools shall be adequately sized to prevent damage to the pipe from excessive impact forces.
- C. Lubrication: Water or bentonite slurry may be applied to the pipe for lubrication at the CONTRACTOR's option. Lubricant slurries shall be contained on site and excesses shall be properly disposed of by the CONTRACTOR.
- D. Spoil: Spoil shall be removed from the installed pipe by reaming, augering, or water flushing. If flushing is employed, the slurry shall be contained and properly disposed of by the CONTRACTOR. The pipe shall be cleaned after soil removal by flushing or using pressure driven cleanout plugs.
- E. Settlement Monitoring: When the pipeline is in sandy or cohesionless soils, the CONTRACTOR shall monitor the soil surface above the pipe alignment for settlement during the installation. Settlement shall not exceed 1-inch or as specified. F. Intermediate Shafts: If intermediate shafts are requested, the CONTRACTOR shall obtain a written approval from the CITY. Intermediate shafts shall not be located in areas prohibited or as directed by the CITY. The CONTRACTOR's request shall include all necessary permits and approvals, shall minimize public inconvenience, and shall minimize impacts on existing facilities.
- F. Grouting: If the annular space between the casing pipe and outside soil or rock is in excess of 3/4-inch is created by the cutting band, it shall be grouted in accordance with the provisions in this Section for grouting of microtunnels.

675 Cleanup and Restoration

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to keep the construction site neat, clean and orderly at all times. Cleanup shall be vigorous and continuous to minimize traffic hazards or obstructions along the streets and to driveways. Trenching, backfill, pavement repair (as necessary), and cleanup shall be coordinated as

directed by the City. The Engineer will regulate the amount of open ditch and may halt additional trenching if cleanup is not adequate to allow for orderly traffic flow and access

Materials at the site shall be stored in a neat and orderly manner so as not to obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic. All damaged material shall be removed from the construction site immediately and disposed of in a proper manner. All surplus excavated materials become the property of the Contractor for disposal at his expense. After trenching, the Contractor shall immediately remove all excavated materials unsuitable for or in excess of, backfill requirements. Immediately following the pipe laying Work as it progresses, the Contractor shall backfill, grade and compact all excavations as provided elsewhere and shall immediately clean up and remove all unused soil, waste and debris and restore all surfaces and improvements to a condition equal or superior to that before construction began and to an appearance which complements the surroundings. The Contractor shall grade and dress the top 6 inches of earth surfaces with soil or other material similar and equal to the surrounding, fill and smooth any visible tracks or ruts, replace and re-establish all damaged or disturbed turf or other vegetation and otherwise make every effort to encourage the return of the entire surface and all improvements to a pleasant appearance and useful condition appropriate and complementary to the surroundings and equal or similar to that before construction began.

Permanent pavement replacement, if necessary, shall begin immediately after all testing of each segment of piping is satisfactorily completed.

676 Measurement & Payment

676.01 <u>Measurement</u>: Pipe will be measured by the linear foot for the various types, sizes and classes. Parallel lines will be measured individually.

Where a line ties into an existing system, the length of the new line will be measured from the visible end of the existing system at the completed joint. Unless otherwise indicated, the length of water and wastewater lines will be measured along pipe horizontal centerline stationing through fittings, valves, manholes, and other appurtenances.

Unless otherwise provided, no measurement for ductile fittings will be made, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items in the contract.

Stormwater pipe will be measured along the slope of the pipe. Where drainage pipe ties into inlets, headwalls, catch basins, manholes, junction boxes or other structures that length of pipe tying into the structure wall will be included for measurement but no other portion of the structure length or width will be so included.

Excavation and backfill, when included as pipe installation will not be measured as such but shall be included in the unit price bid for constructing pipe and measured as pipe complete in place including excavation and backfill.

When pay items are provided for the other components of the system, measurement will be made as addressed hereunder.

676.02 <u>Payment</u>: Payment for pipe, measured as prescribed above, will be made at the unit price bid per linear foot for the various sizes of pipe, of the materials and type indicated, unless unstable material is encountered or trench excavation and backfill is bid as a separate item.

The casing spacers and end seals will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the pay item for the casing.

Separation Distances Section 700

710 General Requirements

Separation distances criteria are the minimum requirements to be used within the jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville. The jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville is defined as the area bound by the ETJ of the City of Kerrville.

720 Separation Distances - Wastewater and Water Lines

Separation Distances Between Wastewater Lines and Water Lines; and Manholes and Water Lines. Where new wastewater lines or manholes are installed in compliance with the requirements of this subchapter, they shall be installed no closer than nine feet, in any direction, from any water lines, measured from the outside of the wastewater line or manhole to the outside of the water line. Wastewater lines shall be installed in separate trenches from water lines. Where nine feet of separation cannot be achieved, the project shall comply with the requirements in paragraphs (720.01) – (720.04) of this subsection.

720.01 New Wastewater Lines - Parallel Lines. Where new wastewater lines are installed parallel to an existing water line, the horizontal separation distance shall be no less than four feet and the vertical separation shall be no less than 2 feet (outside to outside), with the water line above the wastewater line. The wastewater line shall be constructed of pipe material and joints having a minimum pressure rating of 150 psi.

720.02 New Wastewater Lines - Wastewater Lines Crossing Water Lines. Where new wastewater lines are installed crossing an existing waterline, the vertical separation shall be no less than two feet or more below a water line, at a crossing angle between 75 degrees and 90 degrees, with pipe segment lengths of 18 feet or greater. With these types of installations, one segment of the wastewater pipe shall be centered under the potable water line such that the joints of the wastewater pipe are equidistant from the center line of the potable water line. Whenever possible, the crossing shall be centered between the joints of the potable water line. All wastewater pipe within a distance of 9 feet from the water line, in every direction as measured perpendicularly from any point on the water pipe to the wastewater pipe, shall have either a pressure rating for both joints and pipe of 150 psi or have a pipe stiffness of at least 115 psi with compatible joints.

720.03 New Wastewater Lines - Other Crossings. Any wastewater line crossing which is not installed two feet or more below the water line, installed at a crossing angle of less than 75 degrees, or which uses pipe segment lengths less than 18 feet in length, shall be installed with the same

City of Kerrville Section 700-1 Separation Distances

requirements as those detailed in section 720.02 of this item, with the addition that the minimum distance between the outside of any wastewater line and the outside of any water line shall be 6 inches and that all portions of wastewater pipe, which are not rated at a minimum pressure of 150 psi for both joints and pipe, which are within 9 feet of the water line, as measured perpendicularly from any point on the water pipe to the wastewater pipe, shall be embedded in cement stabilized sand. Where cement stabilized sand is used, the sand shall have a minimum of 10 percent cement per cubic yard of cement stabilized sand mixture, based on loose dry weight volume (at least 2.5 bags of cement per cubic yard of mixture. The cement stabilized sand bedding shall be a minimum of 6 inches above and one quarter of the pipe diameter on either side and below the sewer pipe.

720.04 Manholes and Water Lines. If a manhole is to be placed at a distance of less than 9 feet from a water line, the water line shall be encased in a new encasement, a minimum of 18 feet long, with a pressure rating of at least 150 psi with a nominal diameter of at least two sizes larger than the existing or proposed water line. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at 5 foot intervals with spacers or be filled to the spring line with washed sand. The encasement pipe shall be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured seal.

730 Separation Distances – Type I Reclaimed Water

730.01 Potable Water Line

Reclaimed water piping shall be separated from potable water piping by a horizontal distance of at least nine feet. Where the nine foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the reclaimed water piping must meet the line separation requirements of Section 720 of this section. The requirements of Section 720 of these specifications shall be followed, with "reclaimed water line" substituted for "wastewater line".

730.02 Wastewater Line

Where a reclaimed water line parallels a wastewater line, the reclaimed water line shall be constructed in accordance with these specifications. The horizontal separation distance shall be three feet (outside to outside) with the reclaimed water line at the level of or above the sewer line. Reclaimed water lines which parallel sewer lines may be placed in the same benched trench provided the three feet separation is provided.

Where a reclaimed water line crosses a sewer line, the requirements of Section 720 of these specifications shall be followed, with "reclaimed water line" substituted for "water line".

City of Kerrville Section 700-2 Separation Distances

730.03 Acceptance Testing

Acceptance testing shall conform to Section 800 of Standard Specifications.

730.04 TNRCC Special Design Criteria for Reclaimed Water Systems.

All construction plans shall be reviewed for compliance with TNRCC Chapter 210 requirements.

Acceptance Testing Section 800

810 General Requirements

810.01 Acceptance testing criteria are the minimum requirements to be used within the jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville. The jurisdiction of the City of Kerrville is defined as the area bound by the ETJ of the City of Kerrville. This includes any private system which will connect or which may connect to City utilities.

810.02 Calibration of all gauges pressure or vacuum gauges shall have a sticker affixed upon the gauge certifying it has been calibrated within the preceding six months before the equipment is allowed to be used for acceptance testing.

810.03 The Contractor will not be permitted to load the new piping by opening a valve connected to an existing system. The Contractor may use an existing service or install a new service in the existing main. The connection shall be installed with a mechanical backflow prevention device and shall be metered.

820 Water Main Testing

821 Acceptance Testing of Water Main

821.01 <u>Laboratory Testing of Backfill</u> – Before construction may begin sample proctors of the soil must be taken by a certified geotechnical lab at each location of the water main where the soil classification changes. During construction the backfill for water mains must be compacted to 95% standard proctor and density tests must be taken and compared to the corresponding proctor horizontally every 100 linear feet and vertically a depth of 2-ft. Backfill that fails a density test must be recompacted for a length and depth specified by the inspector and retested. All tests must be done in the presence and under the direction of a city inspector. Copies of all tests must be forwarded to the City Engineer or his designated representative within two weeks of the test date. The City Engineer or a city inspector may require testing at intervals greater than described if needed.

821.02 <u>Hydrostatic Testing</u>: After the pipe has been installed and backfilled and all service laterals, fire hydrants and other appurtenances installed and connected, a pressure test, followed by a leakage test, shall be conducted by the Contractor and witnessed by a City of Kerrville Inspector. The Contractor will furnish all the equipment required for the tests. Before applying the specified test pressure, all air shall be expelled from the pipe. If permanent

air vents are not located at all high points, the Contractor shall install corporation cocks at such points.

All water services and fire hydrant leads, with the main 6-inch gate valve open, the hydrant valve seats closed and nozzle caps open, shall be included in the test.

A. Pressure Test: New mains shall be hydrostatically field tested before acceptance by being placed under 1.5 times system pressure, (or 175 psi) for a period of not less than 24 hours. It is the intent of these specifications that all joints be watertight and that all joints which are found to leak either by observation or during any test shall be made watertight by the Contractor. Repairs shall be made by the Contractor to correct any leaking or defective materials.

B. Pressure Pipe Leakage Test: A leakage test will follow the pressure test and be conducted on lengths not to exceed 1000 feet or each valved section. The leakage test shall be at 150 psi for at least 2 hours and not to exceed 6 hours.

C. Allowable Leakage: Leakage shall be defined as the quantity of water that must be supplied into the newly laid pipe or any valved section thereof to maintain pressure within 5 psi of the specified test pressure after the pipe has been filled with water and the air has been expelled. Leakage shall not be measured by a drop in pressure in a test section over a period of time. Allowable leakage shall be defined as any leakage under the following formula:

$$L = SD(P)^{1/2} / 133,200$$

Where:

L = allowable leakage, in gallons per hour

S = length of pipe tested, in feet

D = nominal diameter of the pipe, in inches

P = average test pressure during the leakage test, in psig

If repairs are required, the hydrostatic field test shall be repeated until the pipe installation conforms to the specified requirements and is acceptable by the City Engineer.

D. Location and Correction of Leakage: If such testing discloses leakage in excess of this specified allowable, the Contractor, at his expense, shall locate and correct all defects in the pipe line until the leakage is within the indicated allowance.

All visible leakage in pipe shall also be corrected by Contractor at his own expense.

E. Operation of valves: No valve in the City's water distribution system shall be operated by the Contractor without prior authorization by the City. The Contractor shall notify the City when a valve is to be operated and shall operate the valve only in the presence of the City's representative.

821.03 <u>Disinfection of Potable Water Lines</u>: The Contractor shall protect all piping materials from contamination during storage, handling and installation. Prior to disinfection, the pipeline interior shall be clean, dry and unobstructed. All openings in the pipeline shall be closed with watertight plugs when pipe laying is stopped at the close of the day's work.

Water for the Work shall be metered and furnished by the Contractor. However, fees for water usage will be waived on Capital Improvement Projects.

The Contractor, at his expense, will supply the test gauges and the Sodium Hypochlorite conforming to ANSI/AWWA B300, which contains approximately 5 percent to fifteen percent available chlorine. Calcium Hypochlorite conforming to ANSI/AWWA B300, which contains approximately 65 percent available chlorine by weight, may be used in granular form or in 5 g tablets for 16" diameter or smaller lines.

During construction, granules or tablets shall placed in the pipe for disinfection. Water mains and appurtenances must be completely installed, flushed, disinfected, and satisfactory bacteriological sample results received prior to permanent connections being made to the active distribution system.

A. Procedure and Dosage: Connection to the existing system will be allowed with a valve arranged to prevent the strong disinfecting dosage from flowing back into the existing water supply piping. The valve shall be kept closed. No other connection shall be made until the disinfection of the new line is complete and the water samples have met the established criteria. The valve shall remain closed at all times. The new pipeline shall not be filled by opening the valve to the existing system. The new pipeline shall be filled completely by using an existing service or by installing a new service. Regardless of the method used, a backflow prevention device shall be installed. Every part of the line shall contain a minimum concentration of 50 ppm available chlorine.

The disinfecting solution shall be retained in the piping for at least 24 hours and all valves, hydrants, services, stubs, etc. shall be operated so as to disinfect all their parts. After this retention period, the water

shall contain no less than 25 parts per million chlorine throughout the treated section of the pipeline.

The heavily chlorinated water shall then be carefully flushed from the potable water line until the chlorine concentration is no higher than the residual generally prevailing in the existing distribution system or approximately one part per million. Proper planning and appropriate preparations in handling, diluting, if necessary, and disposing of this strong chlorine solution is necessary to insure that there is no injury or damage to the public, the water system or the environment. Additionally an authorized representative of the City must witness the flushing.

Approval for discharge of the diluted chlorine water or heavily chlorinated water into the wastewater system must be obtained from the Water and Wastewater Utility Department. The line flushing operations shall be regulated by the Contractor so as not to overload the wastewater system or cause damage to the odor feed systems at the lift stations.

B. Bacteriological Testing: After final flushing of the strong disinfecting solution, water samples from the line will be tested for bacteriological quality by the City and must be found free of coliform organisms before the pipeline may be placed in service. One test sample will be drawn from the end of the main and additional samples will be collected at intervals of not more than 1000 feet along the pipeline. All stubs shall be tested before connections are made to existing systems.

The Contractor, at its expense, shall install sufficient sampling taps at proper locations along the pipeline. Each sampling tap shall consist of a standard corporation cock installed in the line and extended with a copper tubing gooseneck assembly. After samples have been collected, the gooseneck assembly may be removed and retained for future use.

Samples for bacteriological analysis will only be collected from suitable sampling taps in sterile bottles treated with sodium thiosulfate. Samples shall not be drawn from hoses, fire hydrants or unregulated sources. The City, at its expense, will furnish the sterile sample bottles and collect the test samples. Testing fees will be paid by the Contractor at the time of sampling.

If the initial disinfection fails to produce acceptable sample test results, the disinfection procedure shall be repeated. Before the piping may be placed in service, satisfactory test results must be obtained

An acceptable test sample is one in which: (1) the chlorine level is similar to the level of the existing distribution system; (2) there is no free chlorine and (3) the total coliform count is zero. An invalid sample is one, which has excessive free chlorine, silt or non-coliform growth. If invalid sample results are obtained for any pipe, the Contractor may, with the concurrence of the Inspector, flush the lines and then collect a second series of test samples for testing by the City. After this flushing sequence is completed, any pipe with one or more failed samples must be disinfected again in accordance with the approved disinfection procedure followed by appropriate sampling and testing of the water.

The City of Kerrville Laboratory will notify the assigned City of Kerrville Inspector in writing of all test results. The Inspector will subsequently notify the Contractor of all test results. The Laboratory will not release test results directly to the Contractor.

830 Wastewater Testing

831 Acceptance Testing of Wastewater Manholes

Manholes shall be tested separately and independently of the wastewater lines.

831.01 <u>Vacuum Method</u>: A pre-vacuum test shall be performed by the Contractor after assembly and prior to backfilling. A vacuum test will be performed after backfill and base installation.

All lift holes and exterior joints shall be plugged with a non-shrink grout prior to backfilling. No grout shall be placed in horizontal joints prior to testing.

Testing after backfill and compaction are complete will be the basis for acceptance of the manhole.

A. Equipment:

- 1. Plug Design: Pneumatic plugs shall be used. All plugs shall be designed to resist internal testing pressures without the aid of external bracing or blocking.
- 2. Singular Control Panel: To facilitate test verification by the Inspector, all air used shall pass through a single, above ground control panel.
- 3. Equipment Controls: The above ground air control equipment shall include a shut-off valve, pressure regulating

valve, pressure relief valve, input pressure gauge and a continuous monitoring pressure gauge having a pressure range from 0 to at least 10 psi. The continuous monitoring gauge shall be no less than 4 inches in diameter with minimum divisions of 0.10 psi and an accuracy of ± 0.04 psi.

4. Separate Hoses: Two separate hoses shall be used to: (1) connect the control panel to the sealed line for introducing low-pressure air, and (2) a separate hose connection for constant monitoring of air pressure build up in the line. This requirement greatly diminishes any chance for over pressuring the line. A separate hose shall also be required to inflate the pneumatic plugs from the above ground control panel.

B Procedures:

- 1. Manhole section interiors shall be carefully inspected; units found to have through-wall lift holes, or any penetration of the interior surface by inserts provided to facilitate handling, will not be accepted. Coating shall be applied after the testing unless coating is applied is applied at the factory. All lift holes and exterior joints shall be plugged with an acceptable non-shrink grout. No grout shall be placed in horizontal joints prior to testing.
- 2. After cleaning the interior surfaces of the manhole, the Contractor shall place and inflate pneumatic plugs in all of the connecting pipes to isolate the manhole; sealing pressure within the plugs shall be as recommended by the plug manufacturer. Plugs-and the ends of pipes connected by flexible boots shall be blocked to prevent their movement during the vacuum test.
- 3. The vacuum test head shall be placed on the top of the cone section or, inside of the top of the manhole cone section, and the compression seal band inflated to the pressure recommended by its manufacturer. The vacuum pump shall be connected to the outlet port with the valve open. When a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury has been attained, the valve shall be closed and the time noted. Tampering with the test equipment will not be allowed. Vacuum gauges shall not show evidence of sticking, and gauge that shows evidence of sticking shall be replaced with a calibrated gauge prior to any additional testing.

- 4. The manhole shall have passed the test if the vacuum does not drop below 9 inches of mercury within 2 minutes. The actual vacuum shall be recorded at the end of the test time minutes during which the valve was closed.
- 5. When the standard vacuum test cannot be performed because of design or material, testing shall be performed as directed by the City Engineer.
- 831.02 <u>Smoke Testing</u>: All rings and covers shall be smoke tested by City personnel upon completion of project and prior to final acceptance. Any defects shall be repaired.

831.03 Failure to Pass the Test -- Records of Tests: If the manhole fails to pass the initial test method as described in (1) Test by the Vacuum Method, the Contractor shall locate the leak, if necessary by disassembly of the manhole, checking gaskets and replacing if necessary, re-lubrication and re-assembly, or Contractor may install an acceptable exterior joint sealing product on all joints and then retested. If any manhole fails the vacuum twice, the Contractor shall consider replacing that manhole. If the Contractor chooses to attempt to repair that manhole, the manhole must be retested until it passes. In no case shall cold applied preformed plastic gaskets be used for repair. Records of all manhole repairs/testing shall be made available to the City Engineer prior to acceptance. Any damaged or visually defective products, or any products out of acceptable tolerance shall be removed from the site.

At a minimum, test records on all manholes that fail, shall include the following and shall be part of the project records turned in with the acceptance package.

Name of the manhole manufacturer
Date tested/date re-tested
Passed/failed and state what was done to correct the problem
Test Method Used
Location/station of manhole
Precast/cast-in- place bottom
Type of Coating
Any repairs made to the joints.

831.04 <u>Inspection</u>: The City Engineer Representative shall make a visual inspection of each manhole after it has passed the testing requirements and is considered to be in its final condition. The inspection shall determine the completeness of the manhole; any defects shall be corrected to the City Engineer satisfaction.

The City Engineer Representative may, at any time, require a calibration check of the instrumentation used. The Vacuum gauge shall have a calibration sticker within the last six (6) months.

832 Quality Testing for Installed Pipe

832.01 <u>Laboratory Testing of Backfill</u> – Before construction may begin sample proctors of the soil must be taken by a certified geotechnical lab at each location of the sewer main where the soil classification changes. During construction the backfill for sewer mains must be compacted to 95% standard proctor for 4-14 feet of cover or 95% of Tex-113-E for more than 14 feet of cover and density tests must be taken and compared to the corresponding proctor horizontally every 100 linear feet and vertically at the following depths (depending on depth of sewer main): 2 ft, 5 ft, 7.5 ft, 10 ft, 12.5 ft, and 15 ft. Backfill that fails a density test must be recompacted for a length and depth specified by the inspector and retested. All tests must be done in the presence and under the direction of a city inspector. Copies of all tests must be forwarded to the City Engineer or his designated representative within two weeks of the test date. The City Engineer or a city inspector may require testing at intervals greater than described if needed.

832.02 Low Pressure Air Test of Plastic Gravity Flow Wastewater Lines:

A. General: Wastewater lines shall be air tested between manholes. Backfilling to grade shall be completed before the test and all laterals and stubs shall be capped or plugged by the Contractor so as not to allow air losses, which could cause an erroneous, test result. Manholes shall be plugged so they are isolated from the pipe and cannot be included in the test.

All plugs used to close the sewer for the air test shall be capable of resisting the internal pressures and must be securely braced. Place all air testing equipment above ground and allow no one to enter a manhole or trench where a plugged sewer is under pressure. Release all pressure before the plugs are removed. The testing equipment used must include a pressure relief device designed to relieve pressure in the sewer under test at 10 psi or less and must allow continuous monitoring of the test pressures in order to avoid excessive pressure. Use care to avoid the flooding of the air inlet by infiltrated ground water. (Inject the air at the upper plug if possible.) Use only qualified personnel to conduct the test

B. Ground Water: During construction any ground water shall be noted on the approved construction drawings. If ground water is noted during construction, test holes shall be dug to the pipe zone at intervals of not more than 100 feet and the average height of ground water above the pipe (if any) shall be determined before starting the test.

C. Test Procedure: The City Engineer may, at any time, require a calibration check of the instrumentation used. Use a pressure gauge having minimum divisions of 0.10 psi. All air used shall pass through a single control panel. Clean the sewer to be tested and remove all debris where indicated. Wet the sewer prior to testing. The average back pressure of any groundwater shall be determined (0.433 psi) for each foot of average water depth (if any) above the sewer.

Add air slowly to the section of sewer being tested until the internal air pressure is raised to 4.0 psig greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may submerge the pipe. After the internal test pressure is reached, allow at least 2 minutes for the air temperature to stabilize, adding only the amount of air required to maintain pressure. After the temperature stabilization period, disconnect the air supply. Determine and record the time in seconds that is required for the internal air pressure to drop from 3.5 psig to 2.5 psig greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may submerge the pipe. Compare the time recorded with the specification time for the size and length of pipe as given in the following table:

Table For Low Pressure Air Testing of Plastic Pipe:

Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Minimum Time (Seconds)	Length of Pipe for Minimum Time (Feet)	Time for Longer Length of Pipe (Seconds)
6	340	398	0.855(L)
8	454	298	1.520(L)
10	567	239	2.374(L)
12	680	199	3.419(L)
15	850	159	5.342(L)
18	1020	133	7.693(L)
21	1190	114	10.471(L)
24	1360	100	13.676(L)

The test may be stopped if no pressure loss has occurred during the first 25% of the calculated testing time. If any pressure loss or leakage has occurred during the first 25% of the test period, then the test shall continue for the entire test duration as outlined above or until failure.

Any drop in pressure, from 3.5 psig to 2.5 psig (adjusted for groundwater level), in a time less than that required by the above table shall be cause for rejection.

Low-pressure air tests must conform to the procedure described in ASTM C-924 or other equivalent procedures.

832.03 Pressured Sewer/Forced Mains Test: Leakage in the pressure sewer hydrostatic test shall be defined as the quantity of water that must be supplied into the pipe or any valved section thereof, to maintain pressure within 5 pounds per square inch of the specified test pressure after the air in the pipeline has been expelled. The test pressure shall be 50 psi above the normal operating pressure. The minimum test time is 4 hours. The maximum allowable leakage shall not exceed 10 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per day. If the quantity of leakage exceeds the maximum amount calculated, remedial action shall be taken to reduce the leakage to an amount within the allowable limit.

832.04 <u>Effluent/Reuse Line Pressure Testing</u>: Shall be performed in accordance with Section 821.01 Hydrostatic Testing of Water Mains. In no case shall the allowable leakage be greater than that specified in the TNRCC Chapter 317.2.

832.05 <u>Deflection Test</u>: Deflection tests shall be performed on all flexible pipes. For pipelines with inside diameters less than 27 inches, a rigid mandrel shall be used to measure deflection. The test shall be conducted after the final backfill has been in place at least 30 days. No pipe shall exceed a deflection of five percent. If a pipe should fail to pass the deflection test, the problem shall be corrected and a second test shall be conducted after the final backfill has been in place an additional 30 days. The tests shall be performed without mechanical pulling devices.

The design engineer should recognize that this is a maximum deflection criterion for all pipes and a deflection test less than five percent may be more appropriate for specific types and sizes of pipe. Upon completion of construction, the design engineer or other Texas Registered Professional Engineer appointed by the owner shall certify, to the City Engineer, that the entire installation has passed the deflection test. This certification may be made in conjunction with the notice of completion.

Test(s) must be performed without mechanical pulling devices and must be witnessed by the City Engineer or his designated representative.

Any deficiencies noted shall be corrected by the Contractor and the test(s) shall be redone.

The rigid mandrel shall have an outside diameter (O.D.) equal to 95% of the inside diameter (I.D) of the pipe. The inside diameter of the pipe, for the purpose of determining the outside diameter of the mandrel, shall be the average outside diameter minus two minimum wall thicknesses for O.D. controlled pipe and the average inside diameter for I.D. controlled pipe, all dimensions shall be per appropriate standard. Statistical or other "tolerance packages" shall not be considered in mandrel sizing.

The rigid mandrel shall be constructed of a metal material that can withstand 200 psi without being deformed. The mandrel shall have nine or more "runners" or "legs" as long as the total number of legs is an odd number. The barrel section of the mandrel shall have a length of at least 100% of the inside diameter of the pipe.

A proving ring shall be provided and used for each size mandrel in use. Contractor shall submit his proposed pipe mandrels and proving rings to the City Engineer or his designated representative for concurrence prior to testing the line.

Method Options:

- a) Adjustable or flexible mandrels are prohibited.
- b) A television inspection is not a substitute for the deflection test.
- c) A deflectometer may be approved for use on a case by case basis.
- d) Mandrels with removable legs or runners will be accepted.

833 WASTEWATER MAIN TELEVISION INSPECTION

- 833.1 DESCRIPTION: The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals to provide the televising and videotaping of sewer lines and manholes utilizing a color, closed-circuit television inspection unit to determine their condition.
- 833.2 GENERAL: After construction of the sanitary sewer main, the newly constructed sanitary sewer shall be televised immediately upon cleaning and flushing. Any abnormalities such as, but not limited to, misaligned joints, cracked/defective pipe, rolled gaskets, shall be repaired. Sections requiring repair shall be re-televised to verify condition of repair.
- 833.3 EXECUTION: The Contractor shall provide a VHS videotape and logs of the televised inspection for review. The television unit shall also have the capability of displaying in color, on VHS videotape, pipe inspection observations such as pipe defects, sags, points of root intrusion, offset joints, service connection locations, and any other relevant physical attributes. Each tape shall be permanently labeled with the following:

Project name;

Date of television inspection; Name of City Inspector observing;

Station to station location and size of sanitary sewer;

Street/easement location;

Name of Contractor; Date tape submitted; and

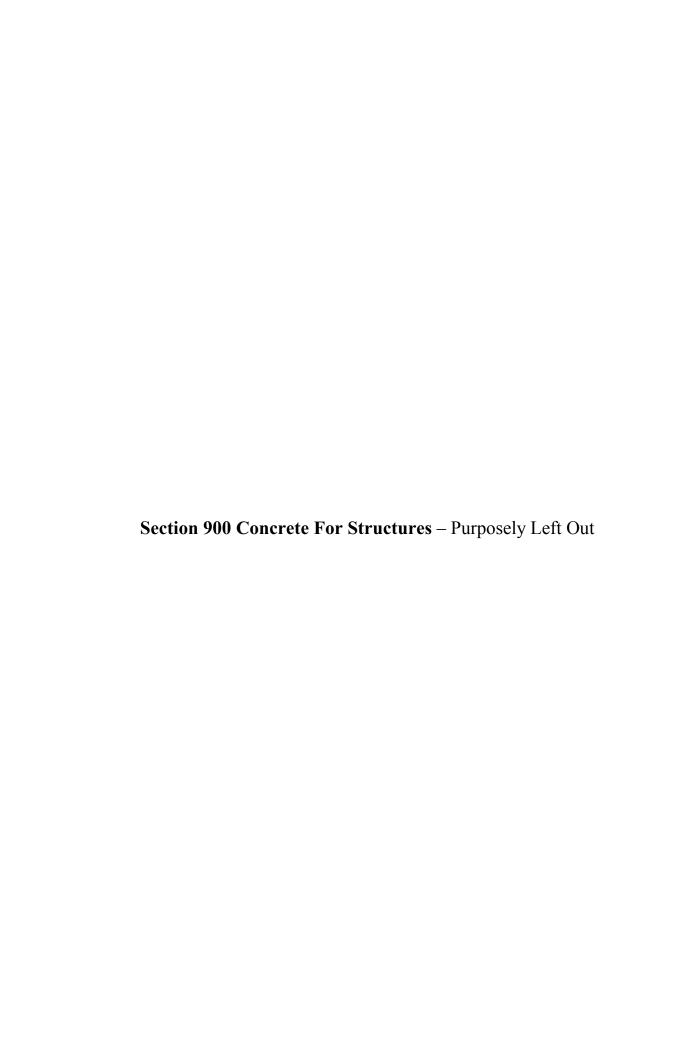
Tape number.

The Contractor shall provide a line diagram area sketch and written log for each completed segment of videotaped sewer main describing the section being televised, flow and camera direction, position of service connections, description and location of failures, pipe condition, weather conditions, and other significant observations. The television inspection equipment shall have an accurate footage counter which displays on the monitor the exact distance of the camera from the center of the starting manhole. A camera with rotating and panning lens capabilities is required. The camera height shall be centered in the conduit being televised. The speed of the camera through the conduit shall not exceed 40 feet per minute. The Contractor shall be required to have all materials, equipment, and labor force necessary to complete all videotaping on the job site prior to isolating the sewer manhole segment and beginning videotaping operations.

The Contractor shall not be allowed to float the camera. There may be occasions during the televised inspection of a manhole section when the camera will be unable to pass an obstruction. At that time, and prior to proceeding, the Contractor shall contact the Project Inspector. If the length of sewer line cannot be televised because of obstructions, the Contractor shall clean the system as is necessary. If, in the opinion of the Inspector, the obstruction is attributed to a collapsed main or pipe deflection, televising shall be suspended.

840 STORM DRAINAGE PIPE TELEVISION INSPECTION

- 840.01 <u>Laboratory Testing of Backfill</u> Before construction may begin sample proctors of the soil must be taken by a certified geotechnical lab at each location of the storm drainage pipe where the soil classification changes. During construction the backfill for storm drainage pipe must be compacted to 95% standard proctor for 4-14 feet of cover or 95% of Tex-113-E for more than 14 feet of cover and density tests must be taken and compared to the corresponding proctor horizontally every 100 linear feet and vertically at the following depths (depending on depth of storm drainage pipe): 2 ft, 5 ft, 7.5 ft, 10 ft, 12.5 ft, and 15 ft. Backfill that fails a density test must be recompacted for a length and depth specified by the inspector and retested. All tests must be done in the presence and under the direction of a city inspector. Copies of all tests must be forwarded to the City Engineer or his designated representative within two weeks of the test date. The City Engineer or a city inspector may require testing at intervals greater than described if needed.
- 840.02 <u>Storm Drainage Pipe Television Inspection</u> Storm drain pipe shall be inspected by television in the same manner as a wastewater main per specification item 833.





TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTION 1100

1110 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

1111 General Description

This item shall consist of providing, installing, moving, replacing, maintaining, cleaning and removing temporary or permanent street closure barricades, signs or other devices required to handle the traffic in conformance with the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Street and Highways and as indicated or directed by the City Engineer.

1112 Construction Methods

Prior to commencing construction, suitable "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling" devices shall be installed to protect the workers and the public.

The Contractor shall be responsible for installing all markers, signs and barricades conforming to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and/or as indicated. If, in the opinion of the City Engineer, additional markers, signs or barricades are needed in the interest of safety, the Contractor will install such as are required or as directed by the Engineer.

1112 Maintenance

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to maintain, clean, move and replace if necessary, barricades, signs and traffic handling devices during the time required for construction of the project. Permanent barricades shall be constructed as required after the completion of the street by drilling holes to place the posts and concrete foundations. Foundation concrete shall be cured before the rails are attached. When no longer needed all temporary Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling Devices shall be removed and the area restored to its original condition or as directed by the City Engineer.

1113 Measurement

This item will be measured by the unit of measure "month" as indicated on the plans.

1114 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid

for "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling". The price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, supplies, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work as specified.

Payment will be made on the following basis:

- A. Payment for this Item will begin on the first payable monthly construction estimate after barricades, signs and traffic handling devices have been installed in accordance with the TCP and construction has begun
- B. Monthly payment will be made each succeeding month for this Item provided the barricades, signs and traffic handling devices have been installed and maintained in accordance with the TCP until the contract amount for Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling has been paid.
- C. An overrun of the plan quantity for this Item will not be allowed.
- D. If the contract is completed prior to payment of the amount allowed, the balance due will be paid on the next monthly estimate cycle.
- E. If the Contractor fails, within the time frame established by the Engineer, to provide or properly maintain signs and barricades in compliance with the contract requirements, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor will be considered in non-compliance with this Item and no payment will be made for this Item for the month(s) in question.

1120 Markings

1121 Work Zone Pavement Markings

1121.01 Description

This item shall govern the placement and maintenance of work zone pavement markings of the colors, types and sizes indicated on the Drawings.

1121.02 General

Work zone pavement markings shall consist of guide marks, short-term markings and/or standard pavement markings. All streets, which are to be opened to traffic, shall be marked with short-term markings or standard markings, as shown on the Drawings, at the end of each day of operation.

When inclement weather prohibits the application of short-term markings or standard markings indicated on the Drawings, guide marks may be considered as temporary short-term markings for asphaltic surfaces, upon approval by the Engineer. The placement of pavement markings as shown on the Drawings may be delayed until the time that weather conditions allow the application of pavement markings.

1121.03 Materials

All non-removable markings shall be thermoplastic, unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings. Thermoplastic markings shall have a thickness of 90 miles unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings. All non-removable work zone markings shall conform to the requirements of Specification Item 871S, "Reflectorized Pavement Markings", except for performance period, measurement and period.

Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or indicated in the Contract Documents, the materials used for the work zone pavement markings shall be thermoplastic, paint and beads, raised pavement markers, prefabricated pavement marking material, temporary flexible-reflective street marker tabs mother materials approved by the Engineer.

Thermoplastic or paint and beads applications shall not be used for removable markings.

Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or indicated in the Contract Documents:

The Contractor shall have the option to use raised pavement markers to simulate standard markers in accordance with the Drawings. Longitudinal lines wider than four (4) inches may be simulated by the side-by-side placement of markers to increase the apparent line width in multiples of four (4) inches.

Removable work zone pavement markings on final pavement surfaces shall be removable tape conforming to TX DOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS8241.

When raised reflective pavement markers are required on the Drawings to supplement the removable pavement markings, a marker shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid-length of tape used for broken lines and at approximate 20-foot spacing for solid lines.

Raised pavement markers will not be allowed for words, symbols, shapes and diagonal or transverse lines.

The paint shall be water-based and shall conform to Standard Specification Item 860S, "Pavement Marking Paint".

The beads shall conform to Standard Specification Item 860S, "Pavement Marking Paint".

The thermoplastic type materials shall conform to TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification Item DMS-8220, "Thermoplastic Pavement Markings".

1121.04 Performance Requirements

The markings in construction areas shall remain in proper alignment and shall be distinctly visible when dry from a minimum distance of 300 feet in daylight hours and distinctly visible from a minimum distance of 120 feet at night, when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights. The visibility distances will be determined when viewed from an automobile traveling on the street.

The daytime color and the nighttime reflected color of the markings shall be distinctly white or yellow as shown on the Drawings. The markings shall exhibit uniform retroflective characteristics.

1121.05 Maintenance of Markings

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining all work zone pavement markings for 30 calendar days after installation. Pavement markings, that fail to meet the requirements of this specification for 30 calendar days from the date of installation, shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. The 30-calendar maintenance requirement will be required for replaced markings from the time the original markings were installed.

1121.06 Construction Methods

(1) Placement and Maintenance.

The Contractor shall exercise due diligence in the election of materials and placement of work zone pavement markings. The Contractor at its own expense shall maintain work zone pavement markings to the satisfaction of the Engineer or designated representative in accordance with this Specification Item.

Unless approved otherwise in writing by the Engineer or designated representative, all Portland cement concrete surfaces shall have standard markings in place prior to opening to traffic.

All asphaltic Surfaces, which are scheduled for opening, to traffic, shall be marked with guidemarks immediately following placement and final rolling of any course. Guidemarks shall consist of a single temporary flexible-reflective street marker tab or a single temporary construction raised reflective pavement marker at 20-foot spacing.

Guidemarks shall be placed in proper alignment with the final location of future standard markings. Any guidemarks, which are not in alignment with standard markings, shall be removed by the Contractor at its own expense.

The standard pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TxDOT Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways (TMUTCD) and as shown on the Drawings.

Surfaces to receive surface treatments shall be marked in accordance with the Drawings. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, the standard pavement markings shall be placed in accordance with TMUTCD, no sooner than three (3) days nor later than two (2) weeks after the placement of the surface treatment

Short- term markings required by the, Drawings shall conform to the TMUTCD and details shown on the Drawings. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, short-term markings shall be removed immediately prior to placement of the final pavement markings.

(2) Marking Removal.

Any work zone pavement markings placed by the Contractor that conflict with any succeeding work zone markings shall be removed by the Contractor at -its own expense in accordance with Specification Item 874S, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers", except for measurement and payment.

Removable marking materials shall leave minimal evidence of the existence of the marking upon removal.

1121.07 Measurement

This Standard Specification Item will be measured by the lineal foot of standard marking or short-term marking, by each guidemark, by each word, shape or symbol, by each temporary flexible-reflective street marker tab on surface treatments or by any other unit as shown on the Drawings. Raised pavement markers used to simulate a stripe will be measured by the lineal foot of simulated stripe or each raised pavement marker as

shown on the Drawings. Where double stripes are placed, each stripe will be measured separately.

This is a Drawings quantity measurement Item and the quantity to be paid for will be that quantity shown on the Bid Form Section 0030OU of the Contract Documents, except when an adjustment of quantities is merited. If no adjustment of quantities is required, additional measurements or calculations will not be required. However, if the measured quantities vary from those shown on the Drawings and on the "Bid Form" by more than five (5) percent (or as stipulated under the measurement article for the Item), either party to the Contract may request a Change Order, in writing, for an adjustment of the quantities by each separate bid item, except that when stated in the particular item, the adjustment will be made based upon a designated element shown in the Item.

The party to the Contract which requests the Change Order shall present, to the other, one copy of field measurements and calculations showing the revised quantities in question. These revised quantities, when approved by the Engineer, together with all other quantities tinder the same bid item, shall constitute the final quantity for which payment will be made.

When quantities are revised by a change in design, the "Plan Quantity" will be increased or decreased by the amount involved in the design change.

Payment for revised quantities will be -paid for at the unit price bid for that bid item.

1121.08 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Standard Specification Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the Unit bid price for "Work Zone Pavement Markings (Removable)", "Work Zone Pavement Markings (Non-removable)", "Work Zone Pavement Markings (Short-Term)" and "Work Zone Pavement Markings (Guidemark)" of the width, color and type shown on the Drawings. This price shall include full compensation for furnishing all materials,

labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to place, maintain and remove, when required, the markings, except as described below.

Removal of existing markings will be paid for under Specification Item 874S, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".

Final work zone pavement markings (paint and beads) which will be used within 30 calendar days after application as a sealer for Type I pavement markings will not be paid for under this Specification Item, but will be paid for under Specification Item 871 S, "Reflectorized Pavement Markings"

1122 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

1122.01 Description

This item shall consist of providing, installing, moving, replacing, maintaining, cleaning and removing temporary or permanent street closure barricades, signs or other devices required to handle the traffic in conformance with the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Street and Highways and as indicated or directed by the City Engineer.

1122.02 Construction Methods

Prior to commencing construction, suitable "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling" devices shall be installed to protect the workers and the public. The Contractor shall be responsible for installing all markers, signs and barricades conforming to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and/or as indicated. If, in the opinion of the City Engineer, additional markers, signs or barricades are needed in the interest of safety, the Contractor will install such as are required or as directed by the Engineer.

1122.03 Maintenance

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to maintain, clean, move and replace if necessary, barricades, signs and traffic handling devices during the time required for construction of the project. Permanent barricades shall be constructed as required after the completion of the street by drilling holes to place the posts and concrete foundations. Foundation concrete shall be cured before the rails are attached. When no longer needed all temporary Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling Devices shall be removed and the area restored to its original condition or as directed by the City Engineer.

1122.04 Measurement

The work performed and the materials furnished by this item as indicated, except for barricades, will not be measured for payment but will be considered subsidiary to the work.

1122.06 Payment

The work performed and material furnished as prescribed by this item will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Barricades" per each complete barricade.

1130 Traffic Signs

1130.01 Description

This item shall govern furnishing and placement of Traffic Signs including excavation and backfill, p.c. concrete, reinforcement, posts, hardware and signs. Regulatory signs within the public street will be installed and maintained by the City of Kerrville. Traffic Signs within a gated community shall conform to this section and the TxDOT - Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The placement of regulatory signs within the gated community is the responsibility of the Engineer on Record for the project. Installation and maintenance of signs within a gated community is the responsibility of the owner.

1130.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification include:

- A. Identification of the types of materials proposed for traffic sign, i.e. faces, posts, clamps, etc.,
- B. Construction details (p.c. concrete mix, reinforcing steel, etc.) for p.c. foundation,
- C. Conformance to TxDOT or ASTM Specifications.

113 0.03 Construction Methods

Any excavation required for the sign installation shall be constructed using the Standard Specifications. Sign posts, are not to be imbedded in drilled shaft foundations. The signpost shall be screwed into a NPT nipple embedded into the concrete foundation.

Electrical conduit, where required, and anchor bolts of the size, length and number as indicated on the Drawings, shall be positioned before the Portland cement concrete is placed. Anchor bolt groups shall be set and maintained in position with a template during the placement of that portion of Portland cement concrete where anchor bolts are embedded. Care shall be taken to obtain the orientation of the anchor bolts and spacing of the anchor bolt groups as indicated on the Drawings.

1140 Pavement Marking

1141 Reflectorized Paint

1141.01 Description

This item shall govern the installation of reflectorized paint pavement marking. The width of the line shall be 4 inches and the color as indicated on the Drawings.

1141.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

A. Proposed paint color(s), brand names, raw materials and products for

Traffic paint.

- B. Sampling and testing procedures and specific test results for pigment,
- calcium carbonate, acrylic resins and other materials used in the traffic paints.
- C. Proposed shipping requirements including container type(s) (drums and/or buckets), and labeling.
- D. Manufacturer's recommendations for mixing, storage and application of

the traffic glass beads and traffic paint.

E. All applicable Materials Safety data Sheets for the traffic paint.

1141.03 Construction Methods

The Contractor shall use a crew, that is experienced in the work of installing pavement markings and in the necessary traffic control for such operations on the roadway surface, and shall supply all the equipment, personnel, traffic control and materials necessary for the placement of the pavement markings as indicated on the Drawings or directed by the Engineer or designated representative. All work shall conform to the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

1141.04 Measurement

Work for Pavement Marking Paint lines will be measured by the lineal foot of the various widths. Work for pavement marking, paint letter or figures will be measured by the square foot.

1141.05 Payment

Work performed as prescribed 6y this item, measured as provided under "Measurement", shall be paid for at the unit bid price for "Pavement Marking Paint" per lineal foot or square foot of the various widths specified. This price shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary to complete the work specified.

1142 Reflectorized Pavement Markings

1142.01 Description

This item shall govern furnishing and placement of reflectorized pavement markings of the colors, types, shapes, sizes, widths and thickness indicated on the Drawings.

1142.02 Materials

(1) Type I Marking Material.

Type I markings are thermoplastic type materials that require heating to elevated temperatures for application. Type I marking materials shall conform to TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification Item DMS-8220, "Thermoplastic Pavement Markings". Each container of Type I Marking Material shall be clearly marked to indicate the color, weight (mass), type of material, manufacturer's name and lot/batch number.

(2) Type II Marking Material.

Type II markings are paint- type materials that are applied at ambient temperature or slightly elevated temperatures. Type H marking materials shall conform to Specification Item No. 860S, "Pavement Marking Paint". 1142.03 Construction Methods

1142.03 Construction Method

(1) General.

When required by the Engineer, the Contractor and the Engineer shall review the sequence of Work to be followed and the estimated progress schedule.

Markings may be placed on streets either free of traffic or open to traffic. On streets already open to traffic, the markings shall be placed under traffic conditions that exist with a minimum interference to the operation of the facility. Traffic control shall be as shown on the Drawings or as approved in writing by the Engineer or designated representative. All markings placed under open-traffic conditions shall be protected from traffic damage and disfigurement. On streets open to traffic with 3 lanes of travel in one direction, all markings shall be placed from the outside lanes only, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer or designated representative.

Guides to mark the lateral location of pavement markings shall be established as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The Contractor shall establish the pavement marking guide and the Engineer or designated representative will verify the location of the guides.

Markings shall be placed in proper alignment with the guides. The deviation rate in alignment shall not exceed I inch per 200 feet of street. The maximum deviation shall not exceed 2 inches nor shall any deviation be abrupt.

Markings shall essentially have a uniform cross-section. The density and quality of markings shall be uniform throughout their thickness. The applied markings shall

have no more than Five (5) percent, by area, of holes or voids and shall be free of blisters.

Markings, in place on the street, shall be reflectorized both internally and externally. Glass beads shall be applied to the materials at a uniform rate sufficient to achieve uniform and distinctive retroflective characteristics when observed in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-828-13.

Contractor personnel shall be sufficiently skilled in the Work of installing pavement markings.

Markings placed that are not in alignment or sequence, as shown on the drawings or as stated in the Standard Specification Item, shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense. Removal shall be in accordance with Specification Item 874S, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers", except for measurement and payment, Guides placed on the street for alignment purposes shall not establish a permanent marking on the street.

Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, pavement markings may be applied by any method that will yield markings meeting the requirements of the Specification Item.

(2) Surface Preparation

New Portland cement concrete surfaces shall be cleaned in accordance with Specification Item 875S, "Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings" to remove curing membrane, dirt, grease, loose and/or flaking existing construction markings and other forms of contamination.

Older Portland cement concrete surfaces and asphaltic surfaces that exhibit loose and/or flaking existing markings shall be cleaned in

accordance with Specification Item 875S, "Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings" to remove all loose and flaking markings.

Pavement to which material is to be applied shall be completely dry. Pavements shall be considered dry if, on a sunny day after observation for 15 minutes, no condensation occurs in the underside of a I foot square piece of clear plastic that has been placed on the pavement and weighted on the edges.

(3) Application of Type I Markings.

New Portland cement concrete surfaces shall be further prepared for Type I markings, after cleaning, by placing a Type H marking as a sealer in accordance with the Specification Item. When placing Type I markings in new locations on asphaltic surfaces 3 years old or older or any Portland cement concrete surfaces, a Type 11 marking shall be used as a sealer. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, existing Portland cement concrete and asphaltic surfaces to be restriped will not require Type 11 markings as a sealer; existing markings may be used as a sealer in lieu of Type 11 markings. Type H markings shall be placed a minimum of 2 and, a maximum of 30 calendar days in advance of placing Type I markings. Type I markings which become dirty due to inclement weather or street conditions shall be cleaned by washing, brushing, compressed air or other means approved by the Engineer, prior to application of Type I markings. If Washing is used, the surface of Type 11 markings shall become thoroughly dry before placing Type I markings. Color, location and configuration of Type 11 markings shall be the same as that of Type I markings.

Type I pavement marking material shall be applied within temperature limits recommended by the material manufacturer. Application of Type I pavement markings shall be done only on clean, dry pavement having a surface temperature above 50°F (10°C). Pavement temperature shall be measured in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-829-B.

When Type I pavement marking application is by spray, and operations cease for 5 minutes or more, the spray head shall be flushed by spraying pavement marking material into a pan or similar container until the pavement marking material being sprayed is at the proper temperature for application.

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer in writing, Type I pavement, marking materials shall not be placed on streets between

September 30 and March 1, subject to temperature and moisture limitations specified herein.

Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, the minimum thickness of Type I marking shall be 0.060 inches for edgeline markings and 0.090 inches for stop-bars, legends, symbols, gore and center-line/no-passing barrier-line markings, when measured in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-854-B. The maximum thickness of all Type I markings shall be 0.180 inches.

The thickness of Type I markings at the time of placement will, be measured above the plane formed by the pavement surface. The Engineer will supply a device to measure the thickness of the applied markings. The markings shall be of uniform thickness throughout their lengths and widths

(4) Application of Type 11 Markings

The application of Type H marking materials shall be done only on surfaces with a minimum surface temperature of 50°F (10°C).

The application rate for Type 11 marking material shall be between 15 and 20 gallons per mile of solid 4 inch line and between 30 and 40 gallons per mile of solid 8 inch line. For new surface treatment projects the application rate shall be between 25 and 30 gallons per mile of solid four (4) inch, line and between 40 and 50 gallons per mile of solid 8 inch line.

Pavement markings for new surface treatment projects shall be applied in two applications, each approximately one-half the application rate. The first application shall not contain glass beads. The interval between the first and second application shall be a minimum of 1 hour.

When, in the case of impending inclement weather, the Engineer or designated representative directs the Contractor to apply water-based traffic paint and the markings are subsequently damaged by rain, sleet, hail, etc., the Contractor will be paid for the initial placement and the replacement markings. However, if the Contractor places the markings at his option, the Contractor is responsible for all costs associated with the replacement markings.

1142.04 Measurement

This Specification Item will be measured by the lineal foot by each of the various words, shapes or symbols, or by any other unit as shown on the Drawings.

Where double stripes are placed, each stripe will be measured separately.

This is a Drawings quantity measurement Item and the quantity to be paid for will be that quantity shown on Bid Form Section of the Contract Documents, except when an adjustment of quantities is merited. If no adjustment of quantities is required, additional measurements or calculations will not be required. On the other hand if the measured quantities vary from those shown on the Drawings and on the "Bid Form", by more than five (5) percent (or as stipulated under the measurement article for the Item), either party to the Contract may request a Change Order, in writing, for an adjustment of the quantities by each separate bid item, except that when stated in the particular item, the adjustment will be made based upon a designated element shown in the Item.

The party to the Contract which requests the Change Order shall present, to the other, one copy of field measurements and calculations showing the revised quantities in question. These revised quantities, when approved by the Engineer or designated representative, together with all other quantities under the same bid item, shall constitute the final quantity for which payment will be made.

When quantities are revised by a change in design, the "Plan Quantity" will be increased or decreased by the amount involved in the design change. Payment for revised quantities will be paid for at the unit price bid for that bid item.

Type II pavement markings requiring 2 applications on new surface treatments (Specification Item No.320S) will be measured as 1 marking.

Type II pavement marking materials, when used as a sealer for Type I markings will be measured as Type H markings.

1142.05 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Standard Specification Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the Unit bid price for "Reflectorized Pavement Markings" of the various types, colors, shapes, sizes, widths and thickness (Type I markings only) specified. This price shall include full compensation for furnishing all materials; for application of pavement markings; and for all other labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the Work, except as described below.

1143 Temporary Removable Pavement Markings

1143.01 Description

This item shall govern furnishing, placement and removal of prefabricated removable pavement markings of the types, colors, shapes and sizes indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative.

1143.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

A. List of temporary, removable, pavement markings, shapes, words, etc.

with associated manufacturer.

- B. Manufacturer's recommended preparation, cleaning, placement and installation instructions.
- C. Type of adhesive and application recommendations.

1143.03 Construction Methods

A. General

Guides to mark the lateral location of pavement markings shall be established as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The Contractor shall establish the pavement marking guides and the Engineer or designated representative will verify the location of the guides prior to installation of final striping.

The pavement markings shall be placed in proper alignment with the guides. The deviation rate in alignment shall not exceed one (1) inch per 200 feet of roadway. The maximum deviation shall not exceed two (2) inches nor shall any deviation be abrupt.

B. Dimensions

Markings shall be in accordance with the color, length, width, shape and configuration indicated on the Drawings. The alignment and location shall be as indicated on the Drawings or as directed in writing by the Engineer or designated representative.

C. Methods

All material placement shall be in accordance with the material manufacturer's instructions, unless otherwise directed in writing by the Engineer or designated representative. In addition to the manufacturer's instructions, material placement shall be in accordance with surface condition, moisture and temperature requirements specified within this item.

D. Surface Preparation

Surface preparation shall be accomplished by any cleaning method, approved by the Engineer or designated representative, that effectively removes contaminants and loose materials and corrects existing conditions considered deleterious to proper adhesion. Surface preparation utilizing blast cleaning will only be required if indicated on the Drawings.

Surfaces shall be further prepared after cleaning by scaling or priming, as recommended by the manufacturer of the temporary pavement marking materials or as directed in writing, by the Engineer or designated representative.

E. Moisture

The pavement surface on which the marking material is to be placed shall be completely dry. A pavement shall be considered dry, if on a sunny day after observation for 15 minutes, condensation does not develop on the underside of a one (1) foot square piece of clear plastic, which has been placed on the pavement and weighted down on the edges.

G. Temperature

The pavement and ambient air temperature requirements, which are recommended by the material manufacturer, shall be followed. If no temperature requirements are established by the material manufacturer, the material shall not be placed if the pavement surface temperature is below 50°F or above 130°F.

1143.06 Performance Requirements

A. Adhesion

Installed pavement markings shall not lift, shift, smear, spread, flow or tear by traffic action.

B. Appearance

Pavement markings shall present a neat, uniform appearance, free of excessive adhesive, ragged edges and irregular lines or contours.

C. Visibility

Installed pavement markings shall have uniform and distinctive retroreflectance.

1143.07 Measurement

Measurement of the markings shall be made for each color by the lineal foot of the various widths; by each for word(s), shape or symbol or by any other unit as indicated on the Drawings, complete in place.

1143.08 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished as prescribed by this item and measured as provided under "Measurement," will be paid for at the unit bid price for "Temporary Removable Pavement Markings" of the various types, colors, shapes and sizes indicated on the Drawings. This price shall include full compensation for: cleaning the pavement surface by any suitable means other than blast cleaning; for furnishing, placing and removal of all materials; and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

1144 Reflectorized Pavement Markers

1144.01 Description

This item governs reflectorized pavement markers to be used to delineate traffic lanes or fire hydrants.

1144.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

- A. List of specific application(s) [i.e. type: (reflectorized Type I-A, I-C or II-A-A,
- IIB-B or II-C-R)] and applicable epoxy system and adhesive types [867S.5].
- B. Specific manufacturer with test results and technical specifications for proposed pavement markers.
- C. Manufacturer's recommendations for surface preparation, cleaning, placement temperatures and installation instructions.
- D. Adhesive components and mixing recommendations.

1144.03 Materials

A. Design and Shape

The outer surface of the marker shall be smooth and all corners and edges exposed to traffic must be rounded. The base of the marker shall have a width of 4.0 inches + 1/2 inch and shall have a minimum area exposed to traffic of 12.5 square inches. The maximum height shall be ' 3/4 inch. The

maximum slope of the reflector face or faces shall be not more than 30 degrees from the horizontal.

The bottom surface of the markers shall be of a design for adhesion with epoxy adhesives.

B. Pavement Marker Types

Pavement markers shall be of the following types:

- 1. Type I-A shall contain an approach face that reflects amber light. The body, other than the reflective face, shall be yellow.
- 2. Type I-C shall contain an approach face that reflects white light. The body, other than the reflective face, shall be white, silver white or light gray.
- 3. Type II-A-A, shall contain two reflective faces (approach and trailing), each of which shall reflect amber light. The body, other than the reflective faces, shall be yellow.
- 4. Type H-B-B shall contain two reflective faces (approach and trailing) with glass covered pneumatic reflective faces, each of which shall reflect blue light. The body, other than the reflective faces, shall be blue. Blue markers' color will conform to Fire Department requirements.
- 5. Type H-C-R shall contain two reflective faces (approach and trailing), one of which reflects white light and one of which reflects red light. The body, other than the reflective faces, shall be either white, silver white or light gray or one-half white, silver white or light gray on the side that reflects white light and one-half red on the side that reflects red light. The reflective faces of the Type II markers shall be located so that the direction from one face shall be directly opposite the direction of reflections of the other face.

1144.04 Construction Methods

The Contractor shall use a crew experienced in the work of Installing reflectorized pavement markers and in the necessary traffic control for such operations on the roadway surface and shall supply all the equipment, personnel, traffic control and materials necessary for the placement of the pavement markings as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. All work shall conform to the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

All reflectorized pavement markers shall be from the same manufacturer. Surfaces to which markers are to be attached by an adhesive shall be prepared by any method approved by the Engineer or designated representative to ensure that the surface is free of dirt, curing compound, grease, oil, moisture, loose or unsound pavement markings and any other material which would adversely affect the adhesive bond. Unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings, surface preparation for installation of raised reflectorized pavement markers will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to this specification item.

Guides to mark the lateral location of pavement markings shall be established as indicated

on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The Contractor will establish the pavement marking guides and the Engineer or designated representative will verify the location of the guides prior to final installation.

The pavement markers shall be placed in proper alignment with the Guides. The deviation rate in alignment shall not exceed 1 inch per 200 feet of roadway. The maximum deviation shall not exceed 2 inches nor shall any deviation be abrupt.

Markers placed which are not in alignment indicated on the Drawings shall be removed by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Guides placed on the roadway for alignment purposes shall not establish a permanent marking on the roadway.

The Reflectorized Pavement Markers shall be applied using an approved epoxy adhesive to the lines and spacings as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The adhesive shall be applied in sufficient quantity to ensure that 100 percent of the bonding area of the pavement markers shall be in contact with the adhesive. The adhesive shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Pavement markers shall be placed immediately after the adhesive is applied and shall be firmly bonded to the pavement. Adhesive or any other material that impairs functional reflectivity will not be acceptable.

When deemed necessary by the Engineer or designated representative, the Contractor, at his expense, shall place any additional pilot markings required to facilitate the placement of the permanent markings in the alignment specified. Any and all additional markings placed on the

roadway for alignment purposes shall be temporary in nature and shall not establish a permanent marking on the roadway. Materials used for pilot markings and equipment used to place such markings shall be approved by the Engineer or designated representative.

1144.05 - Measurement

Reflectorized Pavement Marker will be measured as per each, complete in place.

1144.06 Payment

Payment will be made at the unit bid price per each. The price shall include full compensation for all work performed and all materials furnished in constructing, transporting and placing the markers.

1145 Non-Reflectorized Traffic Buttons

1145.01 Description

This item shall govern furnishing of "Non-Reflectorized Traffic Buttons" complete in place in conformity with details indicated on, the Drawings.

1145.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

- A. Specific applications and color of traffic buttons.
- B. Specific manufacturer with test results and technical specifications for proposed traffic buttons.
- C. Manufacturer's recommendations for surface preparation, cleaning, placement temperatures and installation instructions.
- D. Applicable epoxy system and adhesive types [867S.5], adhesive components and mixing recommendations.

1145.03 Materials

The outer surface of the button shall be round and dome-shaped with a uniform curvature. The topsides of the buttons shall be smooth and free from surface irregularities, pits, cracks, checks, chipping, discoloration and any other defects, which adversely affect appearance and application.

The bottom surface of the markers shall be of a design for adhesion with epoxy adhesives and shall be rough textured, free from gloss, glaze or any

other substance that may reduce its bond to the adhesive. The buttons shall be made of a ceramic material meeting the following specifications:

1145.04 Construction Method

The Contractor shall use a crew experienced in the work of installing traffic buttons and in the necessary traffic control for such operations on the roadway surface and shall supply all the -'equipment, personnel, traffic control and materials necessary for the placement of the traffic buttons as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. All work shall conform to the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), The City of Austin Transportation Criteria Manual and Standard Detail 865S-1.

The traffic buttons shall be placed in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The portion of the highway surface to which the button is attached by the adhesive shall be prepared by any method approved by the Engineer or designated representative in order to be free of dirt, curing compound, grease, oil, moisture, loose or unsound pavement and any other material which would adversely affect the bond of the adhesive. The wet epoxy shall be applied in sufficient quantity so as to insure the following:

- A. 100 percent of the bonding area of the button shall be in contact with epoxy.
- B. The button itself shall not contact the pavement but shall sit on the epoxy "cushion".
- C. When the button is pressed onto the pavement, adhesive shall be forced out around its entire perimeter.

Unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings, the epoxy adhesive shall be machine mixed and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Any excess adhesive or other foreign material on or in front of the reflective face(s) of the button shall be removed so that reflectivity will not be impaired.

When the project is complete, the button shall be firmly bonded to the pavement, lines formed by the buttons shall be true and the entire installation shall present a neat appearance. Any individual button placed that does not conform to the requirements of this specification and/or

plans shall be removed and replaced with buttons conforming to these requirements at the Contractor's expense.

1145.05 Measurement

Non-Reflectorized Traffic Buttons will be measured per each, complete in place.

1145.06 Payment

Payment will be made at the unit bid price per each traffic button of the color and material specified. The price shall include full compensation for all work performed and all materials furnished in constructing, transporting and placing the buttons.

1146 Abbreviated Pavement Markings

1146.01 Description

This item shall govern the placement, maintenance and removal of temporary abbreviated markings, which are to be placed on all roadways, that are open to traffic and that do not have standard markings in place.

1146-02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

- A. Specific applications and color of traffic markings.
- B. Specific manufacturer with test results and technical specifications.
- C. Manufacturer's recommendations for surface preparation, cleaning, placement temperatures and installation instructions. -

1146.03 Materials

The pavement-marking material shall consist of an adhesive-backed reflective tape, which can be applied to the pavement. Markings shall be of good appearance, have straight, unbroken edges and have a color that complies with all federal regulations.

A. Color

The markings, as well as retroreflected light from the markings, shall be white or yellow as indicated on the Drawings or provided in writing by the Engineer or designated representative.

B. Visibility

The pavement markings (during daylight hours) shall be distinctively visible for a minimum of 300 feet unless sight distance is restricted by geometric roadway features.

The pavement markings (when illuminated by automobile low beam headlights at night) shall be distinctively visible for a minimum of 160 feet unless sight distance is restricted by geometric roadway features.

The day and night visibility requirements, which are specified above, shall be met when viewed from an automobile traveling on the roadway.

1146.04 Construction Methods

The Contractor shall use a crew experienced in the work of installing pavement markings and in the necessary traffic control for such operations on the roadway surface and shall supply all the equipment, personnel, traffic control and materials necessary for the placement of the pavement markings as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. All work shall conform to the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform

Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Abbreviated markings, which meet all specification requirements, shall be in place on all roadways on which traffic is allowed and where suitable standard pavement marking is not in place. The transverse location of the line(s) formed by the markings shall be as indicated on the Drawings or determined by the Engineer or designated representative.

Unless otherwise indicated, the abbreviated makings shall be placed as follows:

Condition	Spacing	Length of Stripe
Straight	20 feet approximately	24 inch
Curve greater than 2 degrees	20 feet maximum	24 inch
Curve less than or equal 2 degrees	10 feet	24 inch

Pavement markings shall be a minimum of 3 7/8 inches wide. Lengths and spacings will be in accordance with these specifications.

The spacing of stripes may be modified by the Engineer or designated representative. However, the maximum spacing specified above shall not be exceeded in any case.

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the abbreviated pavement markings until standard pavement markings are in place.

Abbreviated pavement markings shall be removed after all permanent markings have been placed.

1147 Jiggle Bar Tile

1147.01 Description

This item shall govern the materials, composition, quality, sampling and testing of jiggle bar tile of either ceramic or plastic resin body construction, reflectorized or nonreflectorized types as described herein,

1147.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

A. List of specific application(s) [i.e. designation and type: (reflectorized Type IA, I-C or R-A-A; nonreflectorized-Type W or Y)] and applicable epoxy system and adhesive types [Standard Specification, Item Section 867S.5].

- B . Specific manufacturer with test results and technical specifications for proposed jiggle bar tile
- \boldsymbol{C} . Manufacturer's recommendations for surface preparation, cleaning, placement temperture and instructions.
- D.Adhesive components and mixing recommendations.

1147.03 Materials

Jiggle bar tiles shall be either ceramic body or plastic resin body construction and shall be either reflectorized or nonreflectorized as indicated on the Drawings. Jiggle bar tiles furnished for any one project shall be of the same material and manufacturer, The Jiggle Bar Tile shall comply with TxDoT Departmental Materials Specifications DMS-41 00,

A. Types of Jiggle Bar Tile

- 1. Reflectorized jiggle bar tiles shall be of the following types:
- (a) Type I-A shall contain an approach face that reflects amber light and the body other than the reflective face shall be yellow.
- (b) Type I-C shall contain an approach face that reflects white light. The body, other than the reflective face, shall be white.
- (c) Type II-A-A shall contain 2 reflective faces (approach and trailing) each of which shall reflect amber light. The body, other than the reflective faces, shall be yellow. The direction of the reflection of the trailing face shall be directly opposite to the direction of reflection of the approach face
- 2. Nonreflectorized jiggle bar tiles shall be of the following types:
- (a) Type W shall have a white body.
- (b) Type Y shall have a yellow body.
- B. Appearance Requirement

The top and sides of the jiggle bar tile shall be smooth and free from surface irregularities, pits, cracks, checks, chipping, discoloration and any other defects, which adversely affect appearance and application.

The bottom of the jiggle bar tile may be of a rough texture, free from gloss, glaze or any other substance that may reduce its bond to the adhesive. It shall be shaped such that any air, which may be entrapped during installation, will not impair adhesion. Exclusive of any irregularities that are intentionally manufactured as functional characteristics of the tile, the bottom shall not deviate from a true plane by more than 1/16 inch.

1147.04 Construction Methods

The Contractor shall use a crew experienced in the work of installing jiggle bar tile and in the necessary traffic control for such operations on the roadway surface and shall supply all the equipment, personnel, traffic control and materials necessary for the placement of the pavement markings as indicated or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. All work shall conform to the current edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

The jiggle bar tile shall be installed to the lines and spacings where indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. Guides to mark the lateral location of jiggle bar tile shall be established as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. The Contractor will establish the pavement marking guides and the Engineer or designated representative will verify the location of the guides prior to final installation.

The pavement markers shall be placed in proper alignment with the Guides, The deviation rate in alignment shall not exceed 1 inch per 200 feet of roadway. The maximum deviation shall not exceed 2 inches nor shall any deviation be abrupt.

Markers placed which are not in alignment indicated on the Drawings shall be removed by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Removal shall be in accordance with Specification Item 874S except for measurement and payment. Guides placed on the roadway for alignment purposes shall not establish a permanent marking on the roadway.

When deemed necessary by the Engineer or designated representative, the Contractor, at his expense, shall place any additional pilot markings required to facilitate the placement of the permanent markings in the alignment specified. Any and all additional markings placed on the roadway for alignment purposes shall be temporary in nature and shall not establish a permanent marking on the roadway. Materials used for pilot markings and equipment used to place such markings shall be approved by the Engineer or designated, representative.

The surface on which tiles are to be placed shall be dry and shall be prepared by any method approved by the Engineer or designated representative to remove all forms of grease, oil, dirt and other materials deleterious to proper adhesion. Unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings, surface preparation for installation of jiggle bar tile will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to this specification item.

Epoxy adhesive shall conform to the requirements of City of Austin Specification Item 8676S. The wet epoxy shall be machine mixed and applied in sufficient quantity so as to insure the following:

100 percent of the bonding area of the tile shall be in contact with the epoxy.

The tile itself shall not contact the pavement surface but shall sit on an epoxy "cushion".

When the tile is pressed onto the pavement, adhesive shall be forced out around its entire perimeter.

Any excess adhesive or other foreign material on or in front of the reflective face(s) of the tile shall be removed so that reflectivity will not be impaired. Any individual jiggle bar tile placed that does not conform to the requirements of this specification and/or as indicated on the Drawings shall be removed and replaced with tile conforming to these requirements at the Contractor's expense.

1147.05 Measurement

Jiggle Bar Tile will be measured as each jiggle bar tile complete in place.

1147.06 Payment

The work performed under this item and measured as provided under "Measurement" shall be paid for at the unlit bid price for "Jiggle Bar Tile" of the type, color and material specified on the Drawings. The unit bid price shall include full compensation for all labor, materials, incidentals and services necessary to complete the work.

1148 Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

1148.01 Description

This item shall govern the elimination of existing raised pavement markings of various types and sizes, and raised pavement markers as shown on the Drawings or as directed, in writing, by the Engineer or designated representative.

1148.02 Materials

All surface treatment material application rates shall be as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, surface treatment materials shall conform to the requirements of Specification Item 301, "Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions", and Specification Item 302S, "Aggregates for Surface Treatment". Testing of surface treatment materials may be waived by the Engineer or designated representative.

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as shown on the Drawings or as approved by the Engineer or designated representative,

1148.03 Construction Methods

Elimination of existing pavement markings and markers shall be accomplished by one or more of the following methods as approved by the Engineer or designated representative.

- A. Markings on Asphaltic Surfaces.
- 1 Placement of a surface treatment a minimum of two (2) feet wide to cover the existing marking.
- 2. Placement of a surface treatment, thin overlay or microsurfacing a minimum of one (1) lane in width in areas where directional changes of traffic are involved or other areas as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. Construction methods for surface treatments shall conforin to Specification Item 320S, "Two Course Surface Treatment"
- B. Markings on Concrete Surfaces.

Removal by an approved burning method.

C. Markings on Asphaltic or Concrete Surfaces.

Removal by water, water-sand blasting techniques or any other method(s) proven satisfactory to the Engineer.

D. Markers on Asphaltic or Concrete Surfaces.

Removal by any mechanical method to remove marker and adhesive.

Existing pavement markings and markers on both concrete and asphaltic surfaces shall be removed in such a manner that color and/or texture contrast of the pavement surface will be held to a minimum.

Removal of pavement markings on concrete surfaces by blast cleaning shall be accomplished in accordance with Specification Item 875S, "Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings", except for measurement and payment. Blast cleaning shall be performed in such a manner that damage to the Portland cement concrete surface is held to a minimum.

When thermoplastic pavement markings or prefabricated pavement markings are encountered, the application of heat may be used to remove the bulk of the marking material prior to blast cleaning. When heat is used, care shall be taken to prevent spalling of Portland cement concrete surfaces.

A burner may be used for complete removal of pavement markings. Broom removal or light blast cleaning may be used for removal of minor residue.

Damage to asphaltic surfaces, such as spalling, shelling, etc., that is greater than V4 inch in depth and is caused by the removal of pavement markers shall be repaired by the application of a two (2) foot wide surface treatment for longitudinal markers with no directional change or a minimum of one (1) lane width surface treatment in areas where directional changes of traffic are involved.

Grinding is not an acceptable method of marker or marking removal. However, equipment utilizing special milling flails is considered acceptable in the removal of markings and markers on asphalt and Portland cement concrete surfaces.

1148.04 Measurement

This Specification Item will be measured by the square yard of surface treatment, thin overlay or microsurfacing (full lane width) placed; by each word, symbol or shape eliminated; by the lineal foot of markings eliminated; or by any other unit as shown on the Drawings, as each raised pavement marker.

This is a Drawings quantity measurement Item and the quantity to be paid for will be that quantity shown on the Drawings and on the Bid Form Section 00300U of the Contract Documents, except when an adjustment of quantities is merited. If no adjustment of quantities is required, additional measurements or calculations will not be required. On the other hand if the measured quantities vary from those shown on the Drawings and on the ,, Bid Form" by more than five (5) percent (or as stipulated under the measurement article for the Item), either party to the Contract may request a Change Order, in writing, for an adjustment of the quantities by each separate bid item, except that when stated in the particular item, the adjustment will be made based upon a designated element shown in the Item.

The party to the Contract which requests the Change Order shall present, to the other, one copy of field measurements and calculations showing the revised quantities in question. These revised quantities, when approved by the Engineer or designated representative, together with all other quantities under the same bid item, shall constitute the final quantity for which payment will be made.

C.When quantities are revised by a change in design, the "Plan Quantity" will be increased or

decreased by the amount involved in the design change. Payment for revised quantities will be

paid for at the unit price bid for that bid item.

1148.05 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Specification Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit bid price for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers" of the various types specified. This price shall include full compensation for blast cleaning, mechanical cleaning and/or other cleaning methods; for all materials, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the Work, except as specified below.

No payment will be made for the elimination of pavement markers when pavement markers are to be removed in conjunction with the elimination of longitudinal markings.

1149 Pavement Surface Preparation For Markings

1149.01 Description

This item shall govern the surface preparation of pavement surface areas prior to placement of pavement markings or raised pavement markers.

This specification is applicable for projects or work involving either inch-pound or SI units. Within the text the inch-pound units are given preference followed by SI units shown within parentheses.

1149.02 Materials

Abrasive blasting medium, when used, shall be a quality commercial product capable of producing the specified surface cleanliness without the deposition of deleterious materials on the cleaned surface. Water used in blasting operations shall be potable.

1149.03 Equipment

Equipment shall be maintained in good condition. Air compression equipment shall utilize moisture and oil traps, in working order, of sufficient capacity to remove contaminants from blasting air and prevent the deposition of moisture, oil or other contaminants on the street surface.

1149.04 Construction Methods

Widths, lengths and shapes of the prepared surfaces shall be of sufficient size to include the full area of pavement markings or raised pavement markers shown on the Drawings.

Surface preparation of Portland cement concrete surfaces shall be sufficient to remove contaminants. Damage to the street due to over-blasting shall be held to a minimum. Asphaltic surfaces shall be cleaned by brushing, washing, compressed air, high pressure water or any combination thereof to remove all forms of contamination and loose materials. All other surfaces to be cleaned by blast cleaning shall be cleaned sufficiently to remove loose and flaking materials from the street surface.

When existing markings are encountered, they shall be cleaned sufficiently to remove all loose and flaking materials. Small spots of old markings or contaminants of up to 0.5 square inch (320 MM2) in area may remain if the contaminant is not removed by the following test:

Firmly press a 10 inch long, two-inch wide strip of monofilament tape onto the surface to be tested, leaving approximately 2 inches free. Grasp the free end and remove the tape with a sharp pull.

Blasting pressure and technique shall be controlled to prevent damage to the pavement surface. Portland cement concrete surfaces shall not be cleaned by grinding..

1149-05 Measurement

This Specification Item will be measured by the lineal foot. of the various widths, by each of the various words, symbols or shapes, or by any other unit as shown on the Drawings.

This is a Drawings quantity measurement Item and the quantity to be paid for will be that quantity shown on the Drawings and on the Bid Form Section 00300U of the Contract Documents, except when an adjustment of quantities is merited. If no adjustment of quantities is required, additional measurements or calculations will not be required. On the other hand if the measured quantities vary from those shown on the Drawings and on the "Bid Form" by more than five percent (or as stipulated under the measurement article for the Item), either party to the Contract may request a Change - Order, in writing, for an adjustment of the quantities by each separate bid item, except that when stated in the particular item, the adjustment will be made based upon a designated element shown in the Item.

The party to the Contract which requests the Change Order shall present, to the other, one copy of field measurements and calculations showing the revised quantities in question. These revised quantities, when approved by the Engineer or designated representative, together with all other quantities under the same bid item, shall constitute the final quantity for which payment will be made.

When quantities are revised by a change in design, the "Plan Quantity" will be increased or decreased by the amount involved in the design change, Payment for revised quantities will be paid for at the unit price bid for that bid item.

1149.06 Payment

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Specification Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit bid price for "Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings" of the various types specified, This price shall include full compensation for all materials, tools, equipment, labor and incidentals necessary to complete the Work.

1150 Miscellaneous

1151 Pullboxes

1151.01 Description

This item shall govern the construction of pull-boxes by methods indicated on the Drawings and in conformity with this specification item.

1151.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

A. Identification of the number and types of pull boxes proposed, Construction details (mortar, reinforcing steel, etc.) for the pull box and supporting foundation.

1151.03 Materials

Non-traffic type pull-boxes, of the size specified on the Drawings, shall be precast concrete with cast iron (24 inches) Non-Traffic Type Pull Box", and shall be equal to precast concrete Traffic type pull-boxes, of the size specified on the Drawings.

1151.04 Construction Methods

Pull-boxes shall be constructed in accordance with the lines, grades, details and dimensions indicated on the Drawings or established by the Engineer or designated representative.

Pull-boxes, which are exposed to view, as in sidewalks, shall be accurately set to the finished grade and anchored.

Masonry work for the lower portion of the pull-boxes shall be accurately cut around

the conduits and a smooth accurate bed shall be provided for the precast concrete

upper portion of the pull-box. The precast section shall be set in mortar upon the

lower masonry course. The inside of pull-boxes shall be left clean and the joints shall

be wiped.

1151.05 Measurement

Pullboxes shall be measured as each item complete in place.

1151.06 Payment

Pullboxes shall be paid for at the unit bid price per each. The unit bid price shall include full compensation for furnishing and constructing the pull-box as detailed on the Drawings and Standard Details, complete with all fittings, covers', masonry work, excavation and backfill, for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

1151 Electrical Conduit Ducts

1151.01 Description

This item shall govern all materials furnished and all applicable work undertaken in construction of electrical conduit ducts for Traffic Control projects, including clearing, excavation, bedding, jointing, backfill materials and tests, prescribed under this standard specification item.

The ducts shall be of the sizes, types, class and dimensions indicated on the Drawings and shall include all joints or connections to new or existing ducts, pull-boxes or other structures that may be required to complete the work to the specified lines and grades in accordance with details indicated on the Drawings and appropriate specifications and standard published practices of the trade associations for the material specified.

1152.02 Submittals

The submittal requirements of this specification item include:

A: Identification of the number, types (i.e. I pipe, 2 pipes, etc.) and sizes of duct,

B. Construction details.

1152.03 Materials

A. Electrical Conduit Pipe

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe and fittings used for ducts shall conform to National Electrical Code (NEC).

B. Joints

Joints shall be sealed with a solvent meeting the requirements of the NEC to assure leak proof joints. The ends of ducts shall be projected into the pull-boxes and sealed as indicated on the, Drawings.

1153.04 Construction Methods

A. Construction

Shall conform to the Standard Specifications Section 600. Section 600 cover requirements shall be revised to include at least the minimum cover requirements of the NEC based upon line voltage/amp capacity.

B. Conduit Bedding

Where not otherwise provided on the Drawings, all ducts shall be placed in a continuous envelope of bedding sand. The bedding material shall extend from 6inches below to 6-inches above the outer parts of the pipe, fittings and accessories for ducts.

C. Laying Duct

The duct shall not be placed in the trench until:

- excavation has been completed,
- the bottom of the trench, compacted and
- The trench completed as indicated on the Drawings.

All duct shall be 'stringed' for ease in pulling the cable through the PVC duct pipe after construction is complete. A continuous line of string shall extend throughout the pipe and be mechanically tied at each end outside the pipe. The string shall be nylon string with a tensile strength of at least 300 pounds, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. The ends of the duct pipe shall be projected into pull-boxes and sealed as indicated on the Drawings.

1153.05 Measurement

Duct will be measured by the lineal foot along the centerline of the duct for the various sizes and classes of duct in place, conforming to these specifications, for which all work including excavation and backfill is complete and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative.

1153.06 Payment

Payment for duct, measured as prescribed above, will be made at the unit bid price per lineal foot, complete in place, for the various sizes of pipe, of the materials and class indicated on the Drawings, unless unstable material is encountered.

1160 Project Signs

1161.01 Description

This item shall govern furnishing, fabricating and erecting Project Signs on Capital Improvement Projects (C.I.P) and for project identification at other construction sites, when required on the Drawings. The C.I.P. signs shall be constructed as indicated on the Drawings.

1161.02 Materials

A. Sign Face

Sign face shall be manufactured on standard exterior waterproof plywood sheets or other suitable material approved by the Engineer. Unless indicated otherwise on the Standard Details or Drawings, the thickness of the plywood sheet shall be a minimum of 1/4inches.

B. Posts

Lumber posts, of the size indicated on the Standard Details or on the Drawings, shall be pressure treated with pentachlorophenol.

C. Paint

Exterior oil base paint, colors as indicated on the Standard Details or on the Drawings.

1161.03 Installation

The signs shall be erected at each major entrance to the project for maximum public identification and exposure. At locations where construction is confined to a specific area, the installed sign size shall be 4 x 8 foot. At locations where roadway construction is in progress, such as a street paving or construction of a sidewalk, the sign shall be 2 x 3 foot. The signs shall be posted on portable wood frames or stanchions and will be located in the proximity of the work area as construction progresses. All lumber shall be painted with 2 coats of paint as indicated herein, on the Standard Details or in the Drawings.

In special cases the size of the sign may be changed to meet special requirements, but general proportions shall be maintained.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to maintain and relocate signs, if necessary during the progression of the project. Care shall be exercised to assure that placement of the signs does not interfere with or cause sight obstruction to vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

The Contractor may install, at his own expense, company signs to identify the Contractor, architectural firm, etc. Signs are to be securely attached to the posts at locations indicated on the Drawings and shall not be larger than I8 x 36 inches.

1161.04 Measurement

The work performed and the materials furnished as prescribed by this item as indicated on the Drawings will not be measured for payment but will be considered subsidiary to the various items included in the contract unless included as a separate pay item in the contract. When included in the contract, signs shall be measured by lump sum or per each.

1161.05 Payment

The work performed and the materials furnished as prescribed by this item shall be paid for by lump sum or per each price bid only. The 'lump sum' bid or 'per each' price bid shall include full compensation for all work performed and all materials furnished in constructing, transporting and maintaining the signs as specified on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer or designated representative.

Environmental Protection Section 1200

1210 Scope

This section covers the preventive measures required for protection of the environment during construction operations, except for those measures set forth in the other sections of these specifications.

1220 General

The Contractor shall provide environmental protection as required to insure the retention of the environment in its natural state to the greatest possible extent during project construction and to enhance the natural appearance in its final condition. Environmental protection shall include consideration of air, water, and land protection and involves solid-waste management as well as other pollutants. For the purpose of this specification environmental pollution is defined as the presence of chemical, physical, or biological elements or agents which adversely affect human health or welfare; unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life; affect other species of importance to man; or degrade the landscape of the area for aesthetic and recreational purposes.

1230 Applicable Regulations

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, and regulations concerning environmental pollution control and abatement. Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining NPDES permits and complying with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 USC 1251), for sites larger than five acres. Sites larger than five (5) acres shall have an approved erosion control plan on file with the City. Sites (5) acres or smaller shall use construction methods that prevent erosion and shall conform to this section. Placement of fill or construction in a floodplain will require a separate permit from the City of Kerrville and is subject to the requirements of the Flood Prevention Ordinance.

1240 Notification

The City Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of any observed noncompliance with the foregoing provisions. If the Contractor fails or refuses to promptly take corrective action, the City Engineer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. No part of the time lost due to any such stop orders shall be reason for extension of time or for excess costs or damages unless it is determined that the Contractor was in compliance.

1250 Subcontractors

Compliance with the provisions of this section by subcontractors will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

1260 Protection of Land Resources

1260.01 General: The land resources within the right of way of the City but outside the limits of permanent work performed under this contract shall be preserved in their present condition or be restored to a condition after completion of construction that will appear to be natural and not detract from the appearance of the project. Insofar as possible, the Contractor shall confine his construction activities to areas defined by the plans or specifications. At the onset of borrow excavation, topsoil shall be saved for use in restoring the borrow area. Waste and borrow areas shall be leveled or trimmed to regular lines and shaped to provide a neat appearance. In all instances the restored area shall be well drained, so as to prevent the accumulation of stagnant water.

1260.02 Prevention of Landscape Defacement: Except in areas shown on the plans or specified to be cleared, the Contractor shall not deface, injure, or destroy trees or shrubs, nor remove or cut them without approval. Trees designated to be saved shall be protected from either excavation or filling within the root zone closer than the normal drip line of the tree. No ropes, cables, or guys shall be fastened to or attached to any existing trees for anchorages unless approved. Where such use is permitted the Contractor shall first adequately wrap the trunk with burlap or rags over which softwood cleats shall be tied before any rope, cable, or wire is placed. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage resulting from such use. Where, in the opinion of the Engineer, trees may possibly be defaced, bruised, injured, or otherwise damaged by the Contractor's equipment or by his blasting, dumping, or other operations, he may direct the Contractor to protect adequately such trees by placing boards, planks, or poles around them. When earthwork operations are liable, in the opinion of the City Engineer, to cause rock to roll or otherwise be displaced into uncleared areas, the Contractor shall construct barriers to protect the trees. Rocks that are displaced into uncleared areas shall be removed. Monuments, markers, and works of art shall be protected similarly before beginning operations near them.

1260.03 Restoration of Landscape Damage: Any trees or other landscape feature scarred or damaged by the Contractor's equipment or operations shall be restored as nearly as possible to its original condition at the Contractor's expense. The City Engineer will decide what method of restoration shall be used, and whether damaged trees shall be treated or removed and disposed of under requirements for clearing and grubbing. All scars made on trees (not designated on the plans to be removed) by equipment, construction operations, or by the removal of limbs larger than 1 inch in diameter shall be coated as soon as possible with an approved tree wound dressing. All trimming or pruning shall be performed in an approved manner by experienced workmen with saws or pruning shears. Trees that are to remain, either within or outside established clearing

limits, that are subsequently damaged by the Contractor and are beyond saving in the opinion of the City Engineer, shall be immediately removed and replaced with a nursery-grown tree of the same species and size approved by the City Engineer.

1260.04 <u>Location of Temporary Field Offices</u>, <u>Storage</u>, <u>and Other Construction Buildings</u>: The location on City property of the Contractor's temporary field office, storage, and other construction buildings, required temporarily in the performance of the work, shall require written approval of the City Engineer. The preservation of the landscape shall be maintained at all temporary building sites and in the construction of buildings.

1260.05 <u>Post-Construction Cleanup or Obliteration</u>: The Contractor shall obliterate all signs of temporary construction facilities such as haul roads, work areas, structures, foundations of temporary structures, stockpiles of excess or waste materials, or any other vestiges of construction, as directed by the City Engineer.

1260.06 Erosion Control: Surface drainage from cuts and fills within the construction limits, whether or not completed, and from borrow and waste disposal areas shall be graded to control erosion within acceptable limits. Vegetative strips (widths determined and delineated on construction plans by Engineer) shall be maintained throughout construction for erosion control. Temporary erosion and sediment control measures such as berms, dikes, drains, or sedimentation basins, shall be provided and maintained until permanent drainage and erosion control facilities are completed and operative. The area of bare soil exposed at any one time by construction operations shall be held to a minimum. Grass and vegetation areas designated as not being disturbed shall be revegetated immediately by drill seeding, sodding or other means acceptable to the City Engineer. The street right of ways must be covered with six inches (6") of top soil, reseeded (by drill seeding only) or resodded, and grass established before the City will accept the proposed subdivision. Additionally, an erosion control plan must be submitted to the City Engineer for all construction.

1260.07 <u>Janitorial Services</u>: The Contractor shall furnish daily janitorial services for the temporary field office, storage, and other construction buildings on the project site. The Contractor shall also provide daily trash collection and cleanup of the buildings and adjacent outside areas, snow removal in season, and shall dispose of all discarded debris, aggregate samples and concrete test samples in a manner approved by the City Engineer.

1260.08 <u>Burning</u>: No material shall be burned at the project site unless otherwise specified in other sections of these specifications or authorized by the Fire Marshall of the City of Kerrville.

1260.09 <u>Dust and Mud Control</u>: The Contractor will be required to maintain all excavations, embankments, stockpiles, haul roads, permanent access roads, plant sites, waste areas, borrow areas, and all other work areas within or without the project boundaries free from dust which would cause a hazard or nuisance to others. Approved

temporary methods of stabilization consisting of sprinkling, chemical treatment, light bituminous treatment or similar methods will be permitted to control dust. Dust control shall be performed as the work proceeds and whenever a dust nuisance or hazard occurs. Contractor shall provide measures to prohibit the off-site tracking of mud. Measures may include placement of rock or gravel at exits to site and provision of street sweeping equipment to remove dirt and mud which is tracked onto public streets. Streets adjacent to the working site shall remain free of mud and dust at all time during prosecution of the contract.

1260.10 <u>Maintenance of Pollution Control Facilities During Construction</u>: During the life of this contract the Contractor shall maintain all facilities constructed for pollution control under this contract as long as the operations creating the particular pollutant are being carried out or until the material concerned has become stabilized to the extent that pollution is no longer being created.

1260.11 <u>Pesticides (Insecticides, Fungicides, Herbicides, etc.)</u>: Application of all pesticides shall be accomplished by certified pest control personnel or under the supervision of a certified pest control operator. Delivery and storage of pesticides will be monitored by certified personnel to insure the adequacy of containers and the safe storage of toxic materials. Disposal of containers and chemicals will be monitored to prevent pollution of natural drainage systems.

1260.12 Seeding for Erosion Control:

A. Description

This item shall govern the preparation of a seed bed to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings, drill seeding, fertilizing, watering and other management practices along and across such areas as indicated in the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. In general, seeding or sodding must begin immediately after final grade with six inches of topsoil has been achieved

B. Submittals

The submittal requirements for this specification item shall include:

- 1) Identification of the type, source, mixture, pure live seed (PLS) and rate of application of the seeding.
- 2) Type and rate of application of fertilizer.

C. Materials

- 1) Seeds: All seed must meet the requirements of the Texas Seed Law including the labeling requirements for showing PLS, name and type of seed. The seed furnished shall be of the previous season's crop and the date of analysis shown on each bag shall be within nine months of the time of delivery to the project. Each variety of seed shall be furnished and delivered in separate bags or containers. A sample of each variety of seed shall be furnished for analysis and testing when directed by the Engineer or designated representative.
- 2) Water: Water shall be clean and free of industrial wastes and other substances harmful to the growth of grass or the area irrigated.
- 3) Top Soil. Topsoil shall be fertile soil, be easily cultivated, be free from objectionable material, have a relatively high erosion resistance and be readily able to support the growth of planting, seeding or sodding. Existing topsoil on site shall be kept separate from other excavated materials to that it can be reused when backfilling the ditch.
- 4) Fertilizer. The fertilizer shall be delivered in bags or containers clearly labeled showing the analysis. The figures in the analysis represent the percent of nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash nutrients.

D. Construction Methods

- 1) Preparing Seed Bed: After the designated areas have been completed to the lines, grades and cross sections shown on the plans and as provided for in other items of this contract, drill seeding shall be performed in accordance with the requirements hereinafter described. All areas to be seeded shall be done using a seed drill suitable for seeding into untilled soil. The seedbeds shall be cultivated sufficiently to reduce the soil to a state of good tilth when the soil particles on the surface are small enough and lie closely enough together to prevent the seed from being covered too deeply for optimum germination.
- 2) Watering: All watering shall comply with City Ordinances. Broadcast seeded areas shall immediately be watered with a minimum of 5 gallons of water per square yard or as needed and in the manner and quantity as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. Hydraulic seeded areas and native grass seeded areas shall be watered commencing after the tackifier has dried with a minimum of 5 gallons of water per square yard or as needed to keep the seedbed in a wet condition favorable for the growth of grass.

Watering applications shall constantly maintain the seedbed in a wet condition favorable for the growth of grass. Watering shall continue until the grass is uniformly 1 1/2 inches in height or accepted by the City Engineer or designated representative. Watering can be postponed immediately after a 1/2 inch (12.5 mm) or greater rainfall on the site but shall be resumed before the soil dries out.

E. Method of Drill Seeding

Seed shall be drilled at a depth of from ¼ inch to 3/8 inch utilizing a pasture or rangeland type drill. All drilling shall be along the contour of the slope.

SEEDING MIXTURES IN POUNDS OF PURE LIVE SEED PER ACRE

V	Cool Season					
F	Sept 1 – Nov 30					
Rural		Urban		Temporary		
Green Sprangletop	0.9	Green Sprangletop	1.1	Tall Fescue	4.0	
Bermudagrass	1.2	Bermudagrass	1.5	Oats	21.0	
Buffelgrass	2.0	Sideoats	3.7	Wheat (red, winter)	30.0	
K-R Bluestem	1.0					

- F. Measurement: Work and acceptable material for "Seeding for Erosion Control" will be measured by the square yard complete in place, with a minimum of 70 percent coverage.
- G. Payment: The work performed and materials furnished and measured will be paid for at the unit bid price for "Seeding for Erosion Control" of the method specified in the contract documents. The unit bid price shall include full compensation for furnishing all materials, including all topsoil, water, seed, tackifier, fertilizer or mulch and for performing all operations necessary to complete the work.

1260.13 <u>Construction Exits</u>: Rock used for construction exits shall consist of crushed stone ranging in sizes of a minimum of 3 inches to maximum of 6 inches in diameter. The aggregates shall be clean, hard, durable materials free from adherent coatings, salt, alkali, dirt, clay, loam, shale, soft or flaky materials, or organic and injurious matter.

Exits shall be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public right of way.

1260.14 <u>Sediment Control Fence</u>: The fence shall be a net-reinforced fence, using woven geotextile fabric. The silt fence shall be supplied by an approved manufacturer listed in Section 26 of the Texas Department of Transportation's Material Producer List of *Prequalified Manufacturers for Silt Fence, Filter Fabric, and Fabric Underseal*.

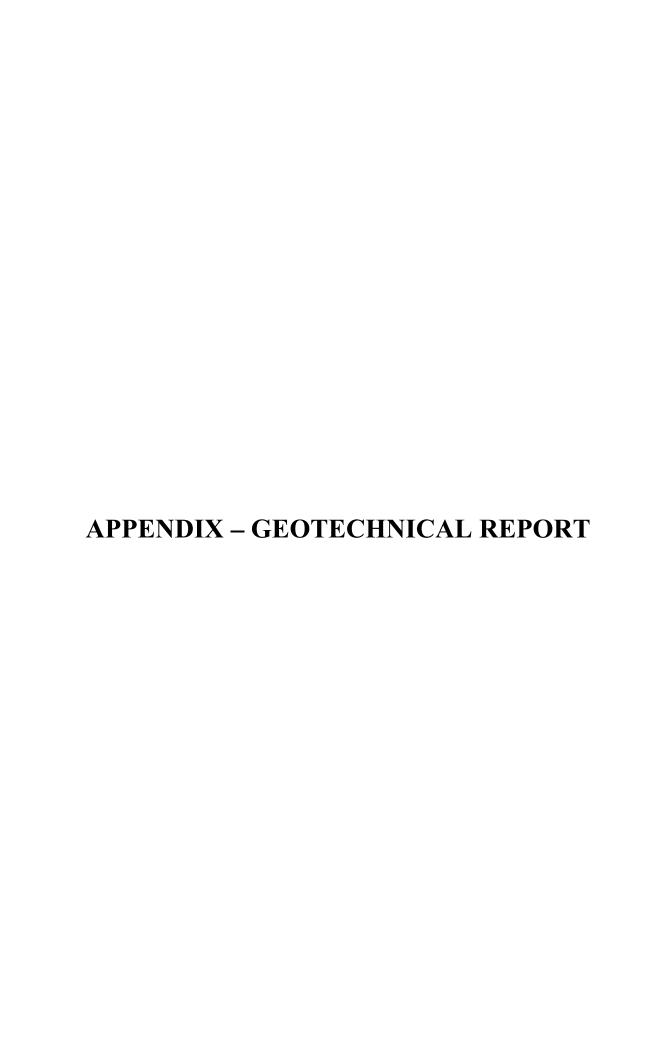
The posts shall be a minimum of 48 inches long, and shall be wood or steel. Soft wood posts shall be at least 3 inches in diameter or nominal 2 X 4 inches. Hardwood posts shall have a minimum cross section of 1.5 X 1.5 inches. Steel posts shall be "T" or "L" shaped with a minimum weight of 1.3 pounds per linear foot. The posts shall be imbedded 18 inches deep with spacing of 6 to 8 feet and installed on a slight angle toward the anticipated run-off source.

Trenches shall be dug along the uphill side of the fence to anchor 6 to 8 inches of fabric. The trench shall have a minimum cross section of 6 X 6 inches. The fabric shall be installed in the trench such that 4 to 6 inches of fabric is against the side of the trench and approximately 2 inches of fabric is across the bottom in the upstream direction. The trench shall then be backfilled and hand tamped.

The net reinforcement shall be galvanized welded wire mesh of a minimum 12.5 gauge wire or equal with a maximum opening size of 2 inches by 4 inches and shall be at least 24 inches wide. The reinforcement shall be attached to the end posts at a minimum of 4 locations and to the top strand of reinforcement at a maximum spacing of 15 inches. Splices shall occur at a fence post and shall have a minimum lap of 6 inches attached in at least 6 places.

The temporary sediment control fence shall be used during construction near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area to intercept sediment from sheet flow. The fence shall be maintained in good condition by the Contractor. When the accumulated sediment deposit reaches a depth of approximately 6 inches, it shall be removed and disposed of at approved sites in a manner that will not contribute to additional siltation.

Temporary sediment control fence will be measured by the linear foot, complete in place. The work performed and the materials furnished as prescribed by this Item will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Silt Fence", which price shall be full compensation for furnishing, placing and maintenance of the fence; for all required trenching, fence posts, fabric and backfill; and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.





Construit or Materials • Environmental • Forensia

August 29, 2003

SUBJECT

Mr. Charlie Hastings, P.E. City of Kerrville 800 Junction Highway Kerrville, Texas 78028

Geotechnical Services Sewer Line Extension - Kerrville Airport Kerrville, Texas DCE Project Nº 203G1265

Dear Mr. Hastings:

Drash Consulting Engineers, Inc. (DCE) is pleased to submit the enclosed geotechnical report prepared for the project mentioned above.

The scope of our services consisted of:

• Drilling a total of three (3) borings, 15-foot deep each, to assess subsurface soil conditions to be used for the preparation of more accurate construction bids. No laboratory tests were performed.

Boring logs are attached. The logs indicate that the materials are very competent. Field data on the logs is defined on the attached Symbol Key Sheet.

If you have any questions regarding our report, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very Truly Yours,

Drash Consulting Engineers, Inc.

Allooso A. Soto, E.I.T.

Project Manager

Geotechnical Engineering Divi

Chuck A. Gregory, P.E. Principal

Attachments: Figure 1 – Vicinity Map

Figure 2 – Boring Location Plan

Boring Logs (3) Symbol Key Sheet

AAS.CAG/jag - 203G1265

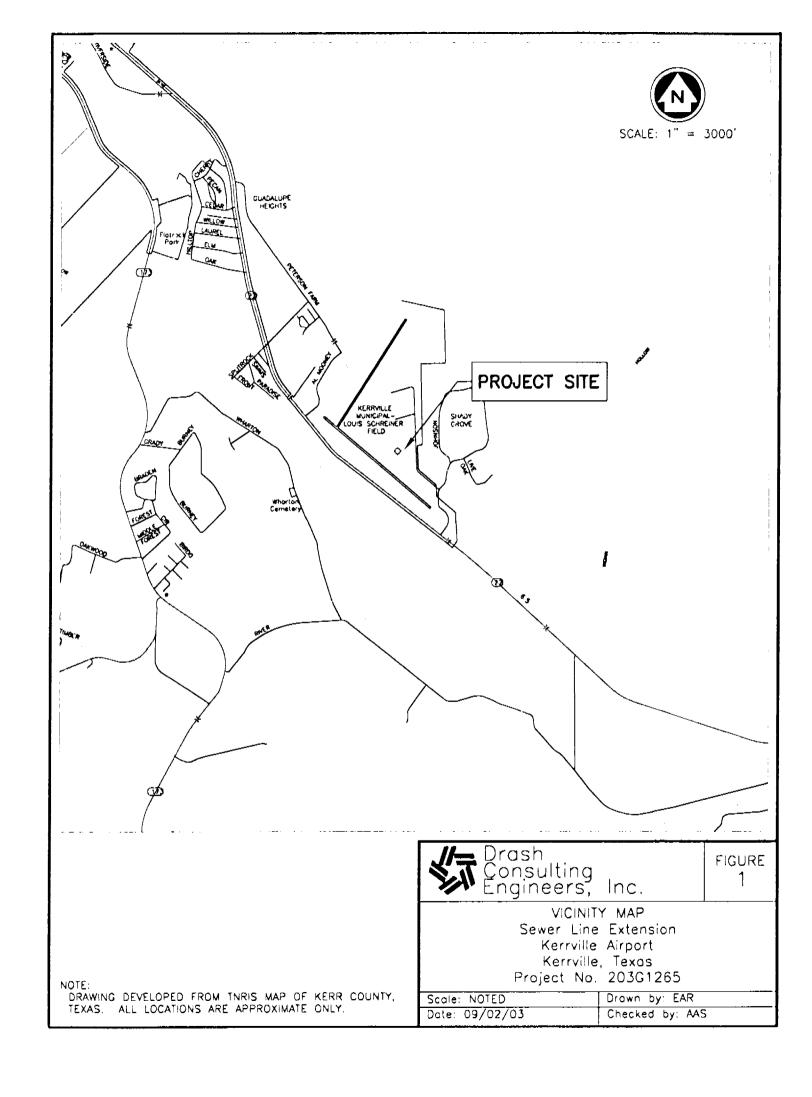
City of Kerrville; Mr. Charlie Hastings, P.E. Copies Submitted: (2)

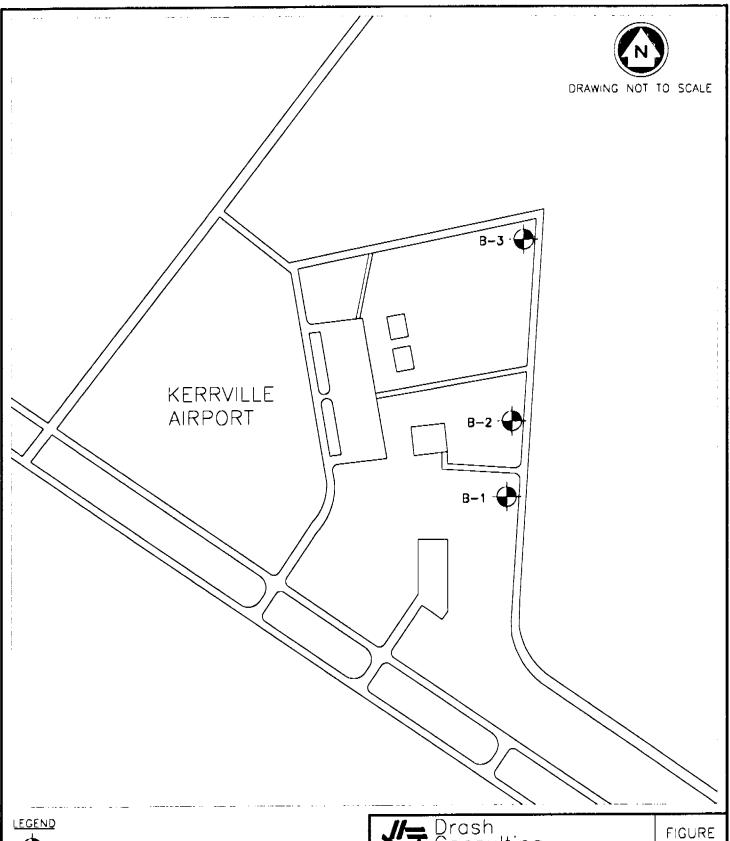
San Antonia

6911 Bigned Read + San Antonia Taxas 78216 (210) 641 2112 • (800) 332 1778 • Frix (210) 641 2124

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San Antonia • Laredo • Rin Grander Valley







APPROXIMATE BORING LOCATION

NOTE:
DRAWING DEVELOPED FROM FIELD SKETCH. ALL
LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY.



figure 2

BORING LOCATION PLAN Sewer Line Extension Kerrville Airport Kerrville, Texos Project No. 203G1265

Scale: NOTED	Drawn by: EAR
Date: 09/02/03	Checked by: AAS

LOG OF BORING

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	FI	ELC	DATA					RAT	ORY	DAT	ΓΑ			PAGE 1 OF 1 DRILLING METHOD(S): Dry augered from 0 to 8 feet. Core drilled from 8 to 15 feet.			
SYMBOL	ОЄРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	OWS/FT NS/SQ FT NS/SQ FT SENT RECOVERY/ COUALITY DESIGNATION	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		PLASTIC LIMIT STREET		DRY DENSITY (POUNDS/CU FT)	COMPRESSIVE	(TONS/SQ FT)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Subsurface water was not encountered during drilling operations.			
SOIL	DEP.	SAM	N BLO P. TON T TON PERCE ROCK	MOIS	LL	PL	ੀ Pi	DRY (POL	COM	NO F	FAIL	POC.	MIN	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM			
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	2	$\frac{1}{N}$	N=75							İ				- grades to tan, with marl and limestone fragments from 2.5 to 6 feet; very competent material below 2.5 feet			
	+ 4	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{N}}$	N=80							:			,				
Poor	6		N=50/5"						! !			<u>+ </u>		STRATUM II WEATHERED MARL TO MARL; tan; with interbedded clay seams and limestone fragments			
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N valid if seperal	- 10		Rec=57% RQD=0%														
This Log is not valid if se	12																
LOG DE BORING 203G1285 GPJ DRASH GDT 92/03	-													Boring Terminated at 15 Feet			
FOG OF BORING	汽	6 S	Prash Con 911 Blanco an Antonio, 10/641-2112	Road Texa	1		inee		C . 210/6	i41-2	124			REMARKS The boring was backfilled with cuttings after completion of the subsurface water level observations.			

LOG OF BORING

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		FI	ELC	DATA		•	L	ABO	RAT	ORY	/ DA	TA				DRILLING METHOD(S):	· <u>-</u>
	SYMBOL	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N BLOWS/FT	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	1	PLASTIC LIMIT STAND		DRY DENSITY (POUNDS/CU FT)	COMPRESSIVE	STRENGTH (TONS/SQ FT)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE	MINUS NO 200 SIEVE (%)	20 10: E00 OF VE (78)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Subsurface water was not encountered during drilling operations.	
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		2	MAIM	N=25 N=50/5"									ļ			STRATUM I SANDY CLAY (CL); brown; with roots, gravel and managements STRATUM II MARL; tan; with interbedded clay seams and limesto	
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h biso too si go i sid i		12 14		 										Ē			
DR OF BORING 203G1295 GPJ DRASH CITT 9/2/03		-														Boring Terminated at 15 Feet REMARKS	
FOG OF RORI	\\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\\ \\	だ	69 Sa	rash Con 911 Blanco an Antonio, 10/641-2112	Road Texa	1		nee			/641-2	2124				The boring was backfilled with cuttings after completion of the subsurface water level observations.	e

LOG OF BORING

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	ATTERBERG											-		Dry augered from 0 to 15 feet.			
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Symbol Key Sheet

Material Symbols Clay (CH) Silty Clay (CL) Sandy Clay (CL) Peat Organic Soil (OH or OL) Clayey Sand (SC) Sand (SP) Silt (ML) Elastic Silt (MH) Sandy Silt (ML) Gravelly Silt (ML) Clayey Gravel (GC Silty Gravel (GM) Gravel (GP or GW) Sandy Gravel (GP) Concrete Sandstone Limestone Claystone Density of Granular Soils Soil Plasticity Strength of Cohesive Soils Undrained Shear Degree of Plasticity SPT Blow Count (blows/ft) Index (Pi) Descriptive Term Strength, ksf Plasticity Consistency Very Loose less than 4 0 to 5 Very Soft less than 0.25 None 4 to 10 0.25 to 0.50 5 to 10 Loose Soft 10 to 20 Medium Dense 10 to 30 Firm 0.50 to 1.00 Moderate Plastic 20 to 40 Dense 30 to 50 1.00 to 2.00 Stiff more than 50 Very Stiff 2.00 to 4.00 Highly Plastic more than 40 Very Dense greater than 4.00 Hard Standard Penetration Test (ASTM D 1586) Driving Record Blows Per Foot Sampler was seated 6 inches, then 25 blows were required to advance the sampler 12 inches. 25 Sampler was seated 6 inches, then 50 blows were required to advance the sampler 8 inches. 50/8" Sampler could only be driven 2 inches of the 6 inch seating penetration before the 50 blow limit was reached. ref/2" Terms Characterizing Structure Soil Terms Description Contains cracks or failure planes resulting in rough cubes of material. Blocky Contains appreciable quantities of calcium carbonate. Calcareous Fissured Contains shrinkage cracks, which are frequently filled with fine sand or silt. The fissures are usually near vertical in orientation. Composed of alternating layers of different soil types. interbedded Composed of thin layers of varying color and texture. Laminated Secondary inclusions that appear as small lumps about 0.1 to 0.3 inch in diameter. Nodules inclusion of different material less than 1/8 inch thick extending through the sample Partings Inclusion of different material that is smaller than the diameter of the sample. **Pockets** Inclusion of different material between 1/8 and 3 inches thick, and extends through the sample. Seams Has inclined planes of weakness that are slick and glossy in appearance. Slickensides are commonly thought Slickensided to be randomly oriented. Stains of limited extent that appear as short stripes, spots or blotches. Streaks or Stains Rock Terms A surface parallel to the surface of deposition, generally marked by changes in color or grain size. Bedding Plane A natural break in rock along which no displacement has occurred Fracture A natural break along which no displacement has occurred, and which generally intersects primary surfaces. Joint. The ratio of total length of recovery to the total length of core run, expressed as a percentage. % Recovery RQD - Rock Quality The ratio of total recovered length of fragments longer than 4 inches to the total run length, expressed as a percentage Designation Weathering The process by which rock is broken down and decomposed. Sampler Symbols Disturbed Sample : No Recovery Piston Sampler